# B.Tech. (Textile Technology) 2022 Regulations, Curriculum & Syllabi



# **BANNARI AMMAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY**

An Autonomous Institution Affiliated to Anna University - Chennai • Approved by AICTE • Accredited by NAAC with "A+" Grade

SATHYAMANGALAM - 638401 ERODE DISTRICT TAMILNADU INDIA Ph : 04295-226000/221289 Fax : 04295-226666 E-mail : stayahead@bitsathy.ac.in Web : www.bitsathy.ac.in

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# VISION OF THE DEPARTMENT

To be a leading technology and managerial resource for the global growth of the Indian textile industry.

# **MISSION OF THE DEPARTMENT**

- To build and nurture a new generation of textile technologists with the potential to be the future leaders of the textile industry.
- To provide quality education and empower the students and staff with the technical, managerial, entrepreneurial and life-long learning competencies required to attain the vision.
- To impart ethical and value-based education by promoting activities addressing the social needs.

# PROGRAMME EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

- I. Analyse the properties of textile materials to enable the selection of materials for different kinds of textile and apparel manufacturing systems.
- II. Compare various technological systems of manufacturing the quality textile materials and apply them for the development of new processes and products.
- III. Demonstrate the management responsibilities related to issues namely social, ethical and environmental and personal aspects of textile industry.

# **PROGRAMME OUTCOMES (POs)**

- 1. Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
- 2. Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
- 3. Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
- 4. Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
- 5. Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.
- 6. Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
- 7. Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
- 8. Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
- 9. Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

- 10. Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
- 11. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
- 12. Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

# **PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)**

- 1. Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.
- Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

						Prog	gramn	ne Out	comes	s(s)				
PEO(s)	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	PSO1	PSO2
Ι	X	X		X	X		X		X	X			X	X
II	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X		X	X	X	X
III			X	X		X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	X

# **MAPPING OF PEOs AND POs**



	R2022 CURRICULUM Minimum Credits to be Earned: 163												
I SEMESTER													
~ .							Μ	laxim Morl	um	Catagomy			
Code No.	Course	L T P C Hours Marks /Week CA ES Total								Category			
22MA101	Engineering Mathematics I	3	1	0	4	4	40	60	100	BS			
22PH102	Engineering Physics	2	0	2	3	4	50	50	100	BS			
22CH103	Engineering Chemistry I	2	0	2	3	4	50	50	100	BS			
22GE001	Fundamentals of Computing	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	ES			
22HS001	Foundational English	1	0	2	2	3	100	0	100	HSS			
22GE003	Basics of Electrical Engineering	2	0	2	3	4	50	50	100	ES			
22GE005	Engineering Drawing	1	0	2	2	3	100	0	100	ES			
22TT108	Comprehensive Work	0	0	2	1	2	100	0	100	EEC			
]	Fotal	14	1	12	21	27	-	-	-	-			
	1	11 5	SEMI	ESTE	R			<b>-</b> •					
Codo						Hours	IVI	laxim Marl	ium ks	Category			
No.	Course	L	Т	Р	С	/Week	CA	ES	Total				
22MA201	Engineering Mathematics II	3	1	0	4	4	40	60	100	BS			
22PH202	Electromagnetism and Modern Physics	2	0	2	3	4	50	50	100	BS			
22CH203	Engineering Chemistry II	2	0	2	3	4	50	50	100	BS			
22GE002	Computational Problem Solving	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	ES			
22GE004	Basics of Electronics Engineering	2	0	2	3	4	50	50	100	ES			
22HS002	Start-up Management	1	0	2	2	3	100	0	100	EEC			
	Language Elective	1	0	2	2	3	100	0	100	HSS			
*22HS003	தமிழர் மரபு /Heritage of Tamils	0	0	2	1	2	100	0	100	HSS			
Т	Total 14 1 12 21 27 - - -												

**DEPARTMENT: B. TECH TEXTILE TECHNOLOGY** 

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\* The lateral entry students have to complete this course during IV semester.

		III S	EME	STER						
Code	Course	т	т	D	C	Hours	N	laxim Marl	um KS	Category
No.	Course	L	1	Г	C	/ Week	CA	ES	Total	
22TT301	Transforms, partial differential equations and numerical methods	3	1	0	4	4	40	60	100	BS
22TT302	Fibre science	3	0	2	4	5	50	50	100	PC
22TT303	Manufactured Fibre Technology	4	0	0	4	4	40	60	100	РС
22TT304	Spinning Technology-I	3	0	2	4	5	50	50	100	PC
22TT305	Weaving Technology-I	3	0	2	4	5	50	50	100	PC
22HS004	Human Values and Ethics	2	0	0	2	2	100	0	100	HSS
22HS005	Soft Skills and Effective Communication	0	0	2	1	2	100	0	100	EEC
22HS006	தமிழரும் தொழில்நுட்பமும் /Tamils and Technology	1	0	0	1	2	100	0	100	HSS
	Total	18	1	10	24	29	-	-	-	-
		IV S	EME	STER				•		
Code						Hours	N	Iaxim Mark	um xs	Category
No.	Course	L	Т	Р	С	/ Week	CA	ES	Total	
22TT401	Probability and Statistics	3	1	0	4	4	40	60	100	BS
22TT402	Structure and properties of textile fibres	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	РС
22TT403	Textile Chemical Processing I	3	0	2	4	5	50	50	100	PC
22TT404	Spinning Technology II	3	0	2	4	5	50	50	100	PC
22TT405	Weaving Technology II	3	0	2	4	5	50	50	100	PC
	Professional Elective I	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22HS007	Environmental Science	2	0	0	-	2	100	0	100	HSS
22HS008	Advanced English and Technical Expression	0	0	2	1	2	100 0 100		EEC	
	Total	20	1	8	23	29	-	-	-	-

		V	SEM	EST	ER						
							Ι	Maxin Mar	num ks	Category	
Code No.	Course	L	Т	Р	С	Hours /Week	CA	ES	Total		
22TT501	Nonwoven Technology	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PC	
22TT502	Knitting Technology	3	0	2	4	3	50	50	100	PC	
22TT503	Textile Chemical Processing II	3	0	2	4	5	50	50	100	PC	
22TT504	Fabric Structure and Design	3	0	2	4	5	50	50	100	PC	
	Professional Elective II	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE	
	Open Elective	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE	
22TT507	Mini Project I	0	0	2	1	2	100	0	100	EEC	
	Total	18	0	7	22	24	-	-	-	-	
		VI	SEN	1EST	ER						
							Ι	Maxin Mar	num ks	Category	
Code No.	Course	L	Т	Р	С	Hours /Week	CA	ES	Total	Cutegory	
22TT601	Textile Testing	3	0	2	4	5	50	50	100	PC	
22TT602	Textile Mechanics	3	1	0	4	4	40	60	100	PC	
22TT603	Garment Technology	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PC	
	Professional Elective III	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE	
	Professional Elective IV	3	0	0	3	3	40	40 60 100 H			
	Professional Elective V	3	0	0	3	3	8 40 60 100 PE				
22TT607	Mini Project II	0	0	2	1	2	100	0	100	EEC	
	Total	18	1	4	21	23	-	-	-	-	

		VII	SEN	IEST	ER					
Code	Courses	Ŧ	т	р	C	Hours	Ι	Maxin Mar	num ks	Category
No.	Course	L	I	r	C	/ Week	CA	ES	Total	
22TT701	Textile Costing	3	1	0	4	4	40	60	100	PC
22TT702	Technical Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PC
	Professional Elective VI	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
	Professional Elective VII	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
	Professional Elective VIII	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
	Professional Elective IX	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT707	Project Work I	0	0	4	2	4	50	50	100	EEC
	Total	18	1	4	21	23	-	-	-	-
		VII	I SEN	AEST	'ER					
							I	Maxin	num	~
Code			т	Р	С	Hours		Mar	ks	Category
No.	Course		1	1	Ŭ	/ Week	CA	ES	Total	
22TT801	Project Work II	0	0	20	10	20	50	50	100	EEC
	Total	0	0	20	10	20	-	-	-	-

ELECTIVES											
LANGUAG	E ELECTIVES										
Code						Hours	]	Maxiı Mai	mum rks	Category	
No.	Course	L	Т	Р	C	/ Week	CA	ES	Total		
18HS201	Communicative English II	1	0	2	2	3	100	0	100	HSS	
18HSH01	Hindi	1	0	2	2	3	100	0	100	HSS	
18HSG01	German	1	0	2	2	3	100	0	100	HSS	
18HSJ01	Japanese	1	0	2	2	3	100	0	100	HSS	
18HSF01	French	1	0	2	2	3	100	0	100	HSS	

ELECTIV	VES									
PROFES	SIONAL ELECTIVES									
Code	Course	L	т	Р	С	Hours	Ma	ximun	n Marks	Category
No.	Course	Ľ	-	•	U	/ Week	CA	ES	Total	Cutegory
VERTICA	AL -I TEXTILE & CLOTHING SCIENCE								-	
22TT001	Colour Science	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT002	Texturizing Technology	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT003	Theory Of Spinning	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT004	High Performance Fibres	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT005	Theory Of Weaving	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT006	Clothing Science	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
VERTICA	AL II – TEXTILE MACHINERY AND MAINT	FENAN	ICE							
22TT007	Costing and Financial Management	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT008	Maintenance Management	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT009	Managerial Practices in Textile Industries	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT010	Utilities Engineering	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT011	Industrial Engineering	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT012	Process Control in Spinning and Weaving	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
VERTICA	AL III- ADVANCES IN TEXTILE AND CHEN	<b>/IICAL</b>	PRO	OCES	SING	Ĵ				
22TT013	Advances In Chemical Processing Technology	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT014	Process and Quality Control in Textile Chemical Processing	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT015	Environmental Aspects of Dyeing	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT016	Textile Effluent Treatment	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT017	Advanced Knitting Technology	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT018	Quantitative Methods in Textile Industry	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE

VERTICA	AL IV – GARMENT MANUFACTURING									
22TT019	Apparel Production Planning and Control	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT020	Pattern Engineering	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT021	Garment Production Machinery and Equipment	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT022	Management of Apparel Units	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT023	Apparel Marketing and Merchandising	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT024	Sustainability in Textiles and Fashion	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
VERTICA	L V – TECHNICAL TEXTILES									
22TT025	Coated and Laminated Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT026	Nano Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT027	Textile Composites	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT028	Home Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT029	Speciality Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TT030	Medical Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
	OS DECIDEE (With Specialization)									
VERTICA	AL V- TECHNICAL TEXTILES									
22TTH01	Home Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH02	Medical Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH03	Textile Composites	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH04	Speciality Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH05	Coated and Laminated Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH06	Nano Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH07	High Performance Fibres	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH08	Industrial Engineering	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH09	Texturising Technology	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH10	Pattern Engineering	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH11	Apparel Marketing and Merchandising	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTH12	Apparel Production Planning and Control	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE

MINOR DEGREE (Other than TXT Students)										
VERTICA	AL V- TECHNICAL TEXTILES									
22TTM01	Home Textiles	3	0	3	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTM02	Medical Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTM03	Textile Composites	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTM04	Speciality Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTM05	Coated and Laminated Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE
22TTM06	Nano Textiles	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	PE

ONE CREDIT COURSES											
22TT0XA	Energy Management in Textile Industry	1	0	0	1	-	100	0	100	EEC	
22TT0XB	Recycling of Textile Materials	1	0	0	1	-	100	0	100	EEC	

	OPEN E	LECT	IVES	5						
Code No.	Course	L	Т	Р	С	Hours/ Week	]	Maxim Marl	ium ks	Category
							CA	ES	Total	
22OCE01	Energy Conservation and Management	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OCS01	Object Oriented Programming	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OCS02	JAVA Fundamentals	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OCS03	Knowledge Discovery in Databases	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OCS04	E-Learning Techniques	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OCS05	Social Text and Media Analytics	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220ME01	Digital Manufacturing	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220ME02	Industrial Process Engineering	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220ME03	Maintenance Engineering	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220ME04	Safety Engineering	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OBT01	Biofuels	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220FD01	Traditional Foods	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220FD02	Food Laws and Regulations	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220FD03	Post-Harvest Technology of Fruits and Vegetables	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE

220FD04	Cereal, Pulses, and Oil Seed Technology	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220FT01	Fashion Craftsmanship	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220FT02	Interior Design in Fashion	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220FT03	Surface Ornamentation	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OPH01	Nanomaterials Science	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OPH02	Semiconductor Physics and Devices	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OPH03	Applied Laser Science	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OPH04	Bio-photonics	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OPH05	Physics of Soft Matter	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OCH01	Corrosion Science and Engineering	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OCH02	Polymer Science	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
22OCH03	Energy Storing Devices	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220MA01	Graph Theory and Combinatorics	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220GE01	Principles of Management	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220GE02	Entrepreneurship Development I	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220GE03	Entrepreneurship Development II	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE
220GE04	Nation building: Leadership and Social Responsibility	3	0	0	3	3	40	60	100	OE

# 22MA101 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS I

# **Course Objectives**

- To impart mathematical modelling to describe and explore real-world phenomena and data.
- To provide basic understanding on Linear, quadratic, power and polynomial, exponential, and multi variable models
- Summarize and apply the methodologies involved in framing the real-world problems related • to fundamental principles of polynomial equations

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Implement the concepts of mathematical modelling based on linear functions in Engineering.
- 2. Formulate the real-world problems as a quadratic function model.
- 3. Demonstrate the real-world phenomena and data into Power and Polynomial functions.
- 4. Apply the concept of mathematical modelling of exponential functions in Engineering.
- 5. Develop the identification of multivariable functions in the physical dynamical problems.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	3												
2	2	3												
3	2	3												
4	3	3												
5	1	3												

# **Articulation Matrix**

# UNIT I

# **MATHEMATICS MODELING OF LINEAR FUNCTIONS**

The geometry of linear equations - Formation of linear equations: Method of least squares and method of regression - Vector spaces: Basic concepts with examples - Linear combination - Eigen values and vectors

# UNIT II

# MATHEMATICAL MODELING OF QUADRATIC FUNCTIONS

General form of a quadratic function - Basic relationships between the equation and graph of a quadratic function - Sum of squares error and the quadratic function of best fit - Quadratic forms: Matrix form -Orthogonality - Canonical form and its nature

9 Hours

#### UNIT III

# MATHEMATICAL MODELING OF POWER AND POLYNOMIAL FUNCTIONS

Characteristics of the graphs of power and polynomial functions - Fitting of power and polynomial functions using the method of least squares - Local maxima and local minima of power and polynomial functions - Power series of functions with real variables, Taylors series, radius and interval of convergence - Tests of convergence for series of positive terms - comparison test, ratio test

# UNIT IV

# MATHEMATICAL MODELING OF EXPONENTIAL FUNCTIONS

Concept of exponential growth - Graphs of exponential functions - Relationship between the growth factor and exponential growth or decline - Exponential equations have a variable as an exponent and take the form y = abx through least square approximation - Calculus of exponential functions - Exponential series - Characteristics

## UNIT V

# MATHEMATICAL MODELING OF MULTIVARIABLE FUNCTIONS

Graphing of functions of two variables - Partial derivatives - Total derivatives - Jacobians - Optimization of multivariable functions with constraints - Optimization of multivariable functions without constraints

## **Reference**(s)

- 1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Tenth Edition, Wiley India Private Limited, New Delhi 2016
- 2. B. S. Grewal, Numerical Methods in Engineering & Science: With Programs in C, C++ & MATLAB, Khanna, 2014
- 3. S.C. Gupta, V.K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics, Sultan Chand & Sons2020
- 4. Thomas and Finney, Calculus and analytic Geometry, Fourteenth Edition, By Pearson Paperback, 2018

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

# Total: 60 Hours

## 22PH102 ENGINEERING PHYSICS

# **Course Objectives**

- Understand the concept and principle of energy possessed by mechanical system
- Exemplify the propagation and exchange of energy
- Identify the properties of materials based on the energy possession

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Illustrate the concept and principles of energy to understand mechanical systems
- 2. Exemplify the types of mechanical oscillations based on vibrational energy
- 3. Infer the concept of propagation of energy as transverse and longitudinal waves
- 4. Analyze the exchange of energy and work between the systems using thermodynamic principles
- 5. Apply the concept of energy and entropy to understand the mechanical properties of materials

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1						2						
2	2	1						2						
3	2	1						2	2					
4	2	1						2						
5	2	1						2						

# **Articulation Matrix**

# UNIT I

## **CONSERVATION OF ENERGY**

Concept of energy - types of energy - conservation of energy Mechanical energy: - translation - rotation - vibration - Kinetic and potential energies - conservation - work and energy - laws of motion - minimization of potential energy - equilibrium - dissipative systems - friction

# UNIT II

#### **VIBRATIONAL ENERGY**

Periodic Motion - Simple Harmonic Motion - Energy of the SHM - Pendulum types - Damped oscillations - forced oscillations - natural frequency - resonance

#### 16

# 6 Hours

# notati - -

# UNIT III **PROPAGATION OF ENERGY**

Transfer of energy - material medium - Transverse wave - Longitudinal wave - standing wave interference - Doppler effect. Sound waves and its types - characteristics - human voice - reflection refraction - beats

# UNIT IV

UNIT V

1

## **EXCHANGE OF ENERGY**

Energy in transit - heat - Temperature - measurement - specific heat capacity and water - thermal expansion - Heat transfer processes. Thermodynamics: Thermodynamic systems and processes - Laws of thermodynamics - Entropy - entropy on a microscopic scale - maximization of entropy

# **ENERGY IN MATERIALS** Elastic energy - Structure and bonding - Stress-strain - Tension and compression - elastic limit - Elastic Modulus - Stress - strain diagram - ductility - brittleness - rubber elasticity and entropy

# **EXPERIMENT 1**

Determination of resultant of system of concurrent coplanar forces - Parallelogram law of forces

2	5 Hours
EXPERIMENT 2	
Determination of moment of inertia - Torsional pendulum	
2	5 Hound
J EVDEDIMENTE 2	5 nours
EXPERIMENT 3	
Determination of unckness of a time wire using interference of light - Air wedge method	
4	4 Hours
EXPERIMENT 4	1 10 01 0
Determination of AC frequency using Meldes apparatus	
5	<b>3 Hours</b>
EXPERIMENT 5	
Determination of thermal conductivity of a bad conductor using Lees disc method	
6	4 Hours
EXPERIMENT 6	
Wayslangth of ultrasonies in a liquid madium	

#### Wavelength of ultrasonics in a liquid medium (ii) velocity of ultrasonic waves in the given liquid

(iii) compressibility of the given liquid using ultrasonic interferometer

#### **6 Hours**

# 7 Hours

# **6 Hours**

# **EXPERIMENT 7**

Determination of Youngs modulus of a given material- Non uniform bending method

# **Total: 60 Hours**

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. C J Fischer, The energy of Physics Part I: Classical Mechanics and Thermodynamics, Cognella Academic Publishing, 2019.
- 2. P G Hewitt, Conceptual Physics, Pearson education, 2017.
- 3. R A Serway and J W Jewitt, Physics for Scientists and Engineers, Thomson Brooks/Cole, 2019.
- 4. J Walker, D Halliday and R Resnick, Principles of Physics, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, 2018.
- 5. H C Verma, Concepts of Physics (Vol I & II), Bharathi Bhawan Publishers & Distributors, New Delhi, 2017.

# 22CH103 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY I

# **Course Objectives**

- Understand the origin of elements from the universe
- Outline the properties of elements in the periodic table
- Analyse the different types of bonds formed during chemical reactions and its reaction thermodynamics
- Summarize different states of matter based on atomic arrangement

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Understand nuclear transmutation reactions that lead to the formation of elements in the universe
- 2. Illustrate atomic structure of elements in the periodic table and interpret the periodic trends in properties of elements with its anomaly
- 3. Apply the conditions for the formation of different types of chemical bonds and predict the minimum energy required for a reaction to occur
- 4. Analyse endothermic and exothermic processes and exchange of energy during chemical reactions
- 5. Analyse whether the given matter is a solid, liquid, gas, or plasma and interpret the arrangement of atoms

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1												
2	2	1												
3	2	1												
4	2	1												
5	2	1												

## **Articulation Matrix**

# UNIT I

# **ORIGIN OF ELEMENTS**

Hydrogen - Elements and Sun - fusion - hypernova - supernova - dying stars - man-made elements

#### UNIT II

# ATOMIC STRUCTURE AND PERIODICITY

Atomic Structure - Electronic configuration - Periodic Table - Periodic trends in properties of elements - Anomalous behaviour in periodicity

#### 19

# 5 Hours

UNIT III 6 Hou CHEMICAL BONDING Octet rule & its limitations - types of chemical bonds - bond energy - bond cleavage - activation energy of reactions	i <b>rs</b> gy
UNIT IV 6 Hou REACTION THERMODYNAMICS Conservation of energy - Endothermic reactions & exothermic reactions - Exchange of energy involve in chemical reactions	ırs 'ed
UNIT V 6 Hou STATES OF MATTER Solid - liquid - gas - plasma - quantum dots - arrangement of atoms/ions/molecules in different phase	irs es
12 HourEXPERIMENT 1Lab safety rules and guidelines for students - OSHA Guidelines	rs
2 3 Hour EXPERIMENT 2 Estimation of dissolved oxygen content in water sample(s) by Winkler's method	rs
3 4 Hour EXPERIMENT 3 Determination of Fe(II) in a sample using spectrophotometer	rs
4 3 Hour EXPERIMENT 4 Estimation of chromium content in water sample by volumetric analysis	rs
5 3 Hour EXPERIMENT 5 Estimation of chloride present in the given water sample by argentometric method	rs
6 3 Hour EXPERIMENT 6 Conductometric titration of mixture of acids	rs
7 4 Hour EXPERIMENT 7 Estimation of magnesium ions in given solution by EDTA method	rs
8 4 Hour EXPERIMENT 8 Preparation of salt of fatty acid by saponification process	rs

# **EXPERIMENT 9**

Recrystallization of aspirin from water/ethanol

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. Peter Atkins, Physical Chemistry, Oxford university press, 2019.
- 2. Rose Marie Gallagher and Author Paul Ingram, Complete Chemistry Cambridge IGCSE, Oxford university press, 2020.
- 3. P L Soni, Text book of inorganic chemistry, Chand publishers, New Delhi, 2017.
- 4. J.D. Lee, Concise inorganic chemistry, Blackman Science Ltd, France, Wiley-India, 5th edition (Reprint), 2016.
- 5. Gareth Price, Thermodynamics of chemical processes, Oxford university press, 2019.
- 6. D Tabor, Gases, liquids and solids and other states of matter, Oxford University press, 2018.

# Total: 60 Hours

# 22GE001 FUNDAMENTALS OF COMPUTING

# **Course Objectives**

- Understand the fundamental digital logics behind computations of computer systems.
- Develop simple assembly language programs with respect to arithmetic operations.
- Understand the program execution process and basics of software development methodologies.

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural

sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Infer the hidden languages and inner structures of computer hardware and software through codes and combinations.
- 2. Interpret the organizational and architectural issues of a digital computer with concepts of various data transfer techniques in digital computers and the I/O interfaces.
- 3. Analyse programming problems and apply assembly instructions to solve simple problems.
- 4. Infer the fundamentals of operating system and System programs basics.
- 5. Apply the software development methodologies to various real-life scenarios.

# **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1	1	1										
2	3	3	3	1										
3	2	2	2	1										
4	2	2	2	1										
5	2	2	2	1										

#### UNIT I

# CODES AND COMBINATIONS

Communication using Mores and Braille binary codes - Digitizing letters, numbers and objects using binary codes - Performing simple operations: addition through binary codes.

# UNIT II

# COMPUTATION USING COMPUTER

Communication to computing devices through various input sources - Computational operation - flow, functions and controls - communication to output devices - Basic communication protocol.

# 8 Hours

# UNIT III

# ASSEMBLY LANGUAGE PROGRAMMING

Little Man Computing (LMC) Model - Instruction Set - Labels - Calculation -Branching - Input - Output - Loops - Simple programs.

# UNIT IV

# **OPERATING SYSTEM AND APPLICATION GENERATION**

BIOS - Device Drivers - Resources - Scheduler - Applications Generation and Creation - Stages of Compilation - Linkers, Loaders and Libraries.

# UNIT V

# SOFTWARE DEVELOPMENT

Phases of application life cycle management - Software Development Methodologies - Web Page development.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Charles Petzold, "Code: The Hidden Language of Computer Hardware and Software", Microsoft Press books, 2009.
- 2. David D. Riley, Kennya. Hunt, "Computational thinking for the modern problem Solver", CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, 2014.
- 3. Andrew Eliaz, "Little Man Computer Programming: For the Perplexed from The Ground Up", The Internet Technical Bookshop; 1st edition, 2016.
- 4. Abraham Silberschatz, "Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, Operating System Concepts", 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, John Wiley & Sons Pvt. Ltd, 2015.
- 5. Roger S. Pressman, "Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach", McGraw Hill International edition, Seventh edition, 2010.

# 9 Hours

**11 Hours** 

# 8 Hours

**Total: 45 Hours** 

# 22HS001 FOUNDATIONAL ENGLISH

# **Course Objectives**

- Heighten awareness of grammar in oral and written expression
- Improve speaking potential in formal and informal contexts
- Improve reading fluency and increased vocabulary
- Prowess in interpreting complex texts
- Fluency and comprehensibility in self-expression
- Develop abilities as critical readers and writers
- Improve ability to summarize information from longer text, and distinguish between primary and supporting ideas

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Express themselves in a professional manner using error-free language
- 2. Express in both descriptive and narrative formats
- 3. Understand and make effective use of the English Language in Business contexts
- 4. Actively read and comprehend authentic text
- 5. Express opinions and communicate experiences.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1									2	3		2		
2									2	3		2		
3									2	3		2		
4									2	3		2		
5									2	3		2		

#### **Articulation Matrix**

# UNIT I

#### **15 Hours**

#### **SELF-EXPRESSION**

Self-Introduction-Recreating Interview Scenarios (with a focus on verbal communication)-Subject Verb Concord - Tenses - Common Errors in verbal communication Be-verbs Self-Introduction-Recreating interview scenarios-Haptics-Gestures-Proxemics-Facial expressions- Paralinguistic/ Vocalic- Body Language- Appearance-Eye Contact-Artefacts Self-Introduction-Powerful openings and closings at the interview-Effective stock phrases - Modified for spontaneity and individuality-Question tags, framing questions including WH- questions- Prepositions-Listening to Ted talks-Listening for specific information.

# **CREATIVE EXPRESSION**

Descriptive Expression-Picture Description and Blog Writing -Vocabulary-One-word substitution-Adjectives-Similes, Metaphors, Imagery & Idioms -Link words - Inclusive language Narrative Expression- Travelogue and Minutes of Meeting -Verbal Analogy-Sequence & Time order words -Jumbled paragraph, sentences, Sequencing-Text & Paragraph Completion-Past tense -Using quotation marks.

# UNIT III

**UNIT II** 

#### FORMAL EXPRESSION

Formal Letters and Emails-Writing: E-mails and Letters of apology, Requisition and Explanation, and Letters to newspapers-Speaking: Tendering verbal apologies, and explanations, persuading a listener/ audience-Hierarchy in Business correspondence- Subject of a mail, Header, Body (Salutation) and Footer of a mail- Conjunctional clause Punctuation-Formal Idioms-Phrases-Articles - Definite & Indefinite-Types of sentences-Modal verbs Precision in comprehension, Summary writing, Selective summary-Reading: Active reading- short paragraphs, excerpts, articles and editorials-Skimming and Scanning Reading comprehension & analysis- Tenses, QP/PQ approach. Identifying the central themes/ crux-Interpreting tone - formal/informal/semi-formal-Note-taking-Listening: Listening for data, for specific information, for opinion-Active and passive Listening-Transcription-Paraphrasing and summarizing information-Agreeing & disagreeing-Note-taking-Writing: Summary writing, selective summary, paraphrasing, note-making, opinion pieces-Finding synonyms in the context Paraphrasing-Sentence Transformation - simple, compound, complex. Sentence Substitution-Sentence completion-Interpreting paragraphs

# **Total: 45 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Sasikumar, V, et.al. A Course in Listening & Speaking Foundation Books, 2005.
- 2. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use: A Self-Study Reference and Practice Book for Intermediate Students: with Answers. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1985.
- 3. Prasad, Hari Mohan. A Handbook of Spotting Errors. McGraw Hill Education, 2010.
- Reynolds, John. Cambridge IGCSEÃ,® First Language English. 2018<sup>th</sup> edition., Hodder Education, 2018.
- 5. Wiggins, Grant P., and Jay McTighe. Understanding by Design. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development, 2008.

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the basic concepts of electrical charge and its properties
- To interpret the formation of electric field due to electric charges
- To illustrate the concept of magnetic fields due to revolving electron
- To illustrate the force on moving charges in electric and magnetic field
- To understand the energy transfer in electro mechanical conversion

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Interpret the behaviour of electric charges in different medium using coulombs law.
- 2. Analyse the electric field due to different charge distributions.
- 3. Analyse the magnetic field intensity due to long conductor, solenoid, toroid and magnetic dipoles.
- 4. Analyse the force on conductors due to the moving charges.
- 5. Interpret the energy conversion concepts in electromagnetic fields.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	2								2	2		
2	2	2	2	3							3	2		
3	2	2	1	3							2	2		
4	3	2	1	2							2	2		
5	2	2									2	2		

# **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### ELECTRIC CHARGE

Properties of charge, additivity of charges, quantization of charge, conservation of charge, Forces between multiple charges, Electric charge in conductors, Drift of Electrons, Charges in Clouds.

# 2023

# **UNIT II**

# **ELECTRIC FIELD**

Electric field due to system of charges, Significance of Electric field line. Electric Dipole and its significance, Continuous charge distribution, Field in infinite long uniform straight conductors, field in uniform charged uniform infinite plane sheet, field due to uniform thin spherical sheet.

# **UNIT III**

# **MAGNETIC FIELDS**

Concept of magnetic field, magnetic fields in infinitely long straight wire, straight and toroidal solenoids, Magnetic dipole moment of a revolving electron, Magnetic field intensity due to a magnetic dipole (bar magnet) along its axis and perpendicular to axis, Induced Electric field due to changing Magnetic Field.

#### **UNIT IV**

# **FORCE ON CHARGES**

Force on a moving charge in uniform magnetic and electric fields, Force on a current carrying conductor in a uniform magnetic field. Force between two parallel current carrying conductors.

## UNIT V

# **ELECTRO MECHANICAL ENERGY CONVERSION**

Energy transfer in electromagnetic fields, Energy storage in magnetic field, Electromagnetic induction, induced emf, Eddy currents. Self and mutual inductance Linear Momentum and Angular Momentum carried by Electromagnetic Fields.

1

# **EXPERIMENT 1**

Analyse and design of Electromechanical energy conversion system.

# 2

# **EXPERIMENT 2**

Develop an electrical machine and analyse its performance with supplied input of AC from 0 V to 230V.

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. Mathew N. O. Sadiku, Principles of Electromagnetics, 6th Edition, Oxford University, 2020.
- 2. William H. Hayt and John A. Buck, Engineering Electromagnetics, McGraw Hill, 2020.
- 3. Kraus and Fleisch, Electromagnetics with Applications, McGraw Hill International Editions, 2017.
- 4. S.P.Ghosh, Lipika Datta, Electromagnetic Field Theory, First Edition, McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2017.

#### 7 Hours

# 7 Hours

**6 Hours** 

**5** Hours

# **15 Hours**

# **15 Hours**

# Total: 60 Hours

## 22GE005 ENGINEERING DRAWING

# **Course Objectives**

- To provide knowledge on fundamentals of engineering drawings and conic sections.
- To impart skill on orthographic projections of points and lines.
- To familiarize on projection of planes and simple solids.
- To provide knowledge on section of solids and development of surfaces of simple solids.
- To impart skill on conversion of isometric view to orthographic projection and vice versa.

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Understand the engineering drawing concepts as per industrial standards.
- 2. Construct orthographic projections of points and lines.
- 3. Draw the projection of planes and simple solids.
- 4. Draw the section of solids and development of surfaces.
- 5. Draw the orthographic projection from isometric view and vice versa.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2							2		2			2	
2	2							2		2			2	
3	1							2		2			2	
4	1							2		2			2	
5	1							2		2			2	

# **Articulation Matrix**

# UNIT I

# FUNDAMENTALS OF ENGINEERING DRAWING

Definition - standards - drawing tools - drawing sheets - scales - line and its types. Practices on lettering - numbering - dimension of drawings. Construction of conic sections - ellipse - parabola and hyperbola using eccentricity method.

# UNIT II

# **PROJECTION OF POINTS AND LINES**

Principles of projection - projection of points in four quadrants - first angle projection of straight linesperpendicular to one plane - parallel and inclined to both planes.

# 7 Hours

# UNIT III

# **PROJECTION OF PLANES AND SOLIDS**

Projection of simple planes and projection of simple solids - parallel - perpendicular and inclined to one plane using change of position method - inclined to both the planes.

# UNIT IV

# SECTION OF SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES

Section of Solids - simple position with cutting plane parallel - perpendicular and inclined to one plane with true shape of section. Development of surfaces - simple and truncated solids.

# UNIT V

# **ORTHOGRAPHIC PROJECTIONS AND ISOMETRIC VIEW**

Orthographic projections and isometric view of components used in engineering applications.

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. N. D. Bhatt and V. M. Panchal, Engineering Drawing, Charotar Publishing House Pvt. Limited, 2019.
- 2. K.V. Natarajan, A Text Book of Engineering Graphics, Dhanalakshmi Publishers, 2013.
- 3. K Venugopal, Engineering Drawing and Graphics, Sixth edition, New Age International, 2013.
- 4. Basant Agarwal, Mechanical drawing, Tata McGraw-Hill Education, 2013.
- 5. Engineering Drawing Practice for Schools & Colleges, Bureau of Indian Standards Sp46, 2013.

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

**11 Hours** 

# Total: 45 Hours

# 22MA201 ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS II

# **Course Objectives**

- To impart and analyse the concepts of differential equations to describe in real-world phenomena
- To provide basic understanding on differential equation models and vector field models
- Summarize and apply the methodologies involved in framing the real-world problems related to fundamental principles of complex functions

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Interpret the concept of differential equations through mathematical modelling and analyse its applications in engineering
- 2. Formulate the real-world problems as second order linear differential equations and give solutions for the same
- 3. Demonstrate the real-world phenomena with magnitude and direction in the form of vector functions
- 4. Apply the concept of vector fields and line integrals through mathematical modelling in engineering
- 5. Determine complex functions and apply them to formulate problems arising in engineering

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	3												
2	2	3												
3	2	3												
4	3	3												
5	3	3												

# **Articulation Matrix**

## UNIT I

#### FIRST ORDER LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Formation of differential equations- Solutions of first order linear ODE: Leibnitz's and method of separation of variables - Cooling/Heating of an object - A falling object - Modelling of electric circuits: RL and RC circuits - Modelling of population dynamics: Exponential growth and decay - Logistic growth model.

#### UNIT II

# SECOND ORDER LINEAR DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Methods of solving second order linear ordinary differential equations - Models for linear oscillators: Simple harmonic motion - Mechanical vibrations with and without damping - Electric circuit system: RLC circuits.

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 30

## UNIT III

# VECTOR DIFFERENTIAL CALCULUS

Vector and scalar functions - Fields - Derivative of a vector function and geometrical interpretation - Velocity and acceleration - Gradient and its properties - Tangent and normal vectors - Directional derivative - Divergence of a vector field - Curl of a vector field - Projectile motion.

## UNIT IV

# **VECTOR INTEGRAL CALCULUS**

Line integrals of vector point functions - Surface integral of vector point functions - Applications of line and surface integrals - Greens theorem in a plane - Stokes theorem - Gauss divergence theorem.

# UNIT V

# **COMPLEX FUNCTIONS**

Basic concepts of Complex numbers Geometrical representation of complex number - Analytic functions and its properties - Construction of Analytic functions: Fluid flow Electric flow - Mapping of complex functions.

## **Total: 60 Hours**

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. Richard E. Williamson, Introduction to Differential Equations and Dynamical Systems, McGraw Hill Companies. Inc, 1997.
- 2. Michael Greenberg, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 2/e, Pearson, 2018.
- 3. George B. Thomas, Maurice D. Weir and Joel Hass Thomas Calculus, 13/e, Pearson Publishers, 2013.
- 4. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics Wiley, 10th editi5. J. Stewart, Essential Calculus, Cengage, 2nd edition, 2017.
- 5. J. Stewart, Essential Calculus, Cengage, 2nd edition, 2017.

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

# 22PH202 ELECTROMAGNETISM AND MODERN PHYSICS

# **Course Objectives**

- Understand the principles and mechanisms of electricity and magnetism
- Infer the classification of electromagnetic waves
- Analyse the theory of relativity and energy bands

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering being a set of the solution of the

engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Understand the principles and mechanism of electrostatics and current.
- 2. Illustrate the principles and mechanism of magneto statics.
- 3. Classify electromagnetic waves and infer the characteristics of visible light.
- 4. Outline the importance of theory of relativity and analyse the wave nature of particles.
- 5. Exemplify the electrical properties of semiconductor based on the band theory.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1							2					
2	2	1							2					
3	2	1							2					
4	2	1												
5	2	1							2					

# **Articulation Matrix**

# UNIT I

## ELECTRICITY

Electric monopoles - Electric field - Electric flux - Electric potential - Electrical energy- Capacitor-Conductors and Insulators - Electric dipole and polarization - Electric current - Voltage sources - Resistance

# UNIT II

#### MAGNETISM

Sources of magnetism - Monopoles - Magnetic field and force - magnetic field and current distribution - Magnetic dipole - Magnetic potential energy - Inductor - Electric and magnetic field comparison

#### UNIT III

### **ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES AND LIGHT**

Electromagnetism: Basic laws - Electromagnetic energy - radiation. Electromagnetic waves: Origin, nature and spectrum - Visible light. Principle of least time - Geometrical Optics-Human eye - Diffraction - Interference - Polarization - LASER

# 1501

**6 Hours** 

**6 Hours** 

**6 Hours** 

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#### 32

UNIT V ENERG	Y BANDS IN SOLIDS	6 Hours	
Band theory of solids - Classification of materials - Semiconductors - Direct and indirect semiconductor - Fermi energy - Intrinsic and extrinsic semiconductor - Carrier concentration - Electrical conductivity			
1 EXPE	RIMENT 1	5 Hours	
Determ	ination of V-I characteristics of a solar cell		
2 EXPE Determ	<b>RIMENT 2</b> nination of Hall voltage of a given specimen by Hall Effect method	5 Hours	
3		5 Hours	
EXPE	RIMENT 3	e mours	
Determ	ination of wavelength of a given laser source - Grating method		
1		1 Houng	
+ EXPE	RIMENT 4	4 Hours	
Determination of particle size using diode laser			
_			
5 EVDE	DIMENTE 5	3 Hours	
Determination of refractive index of a given solid medium and liquid medium			
6		4 Hours	
<b>EXPERIMENT 6</b> Determination of energy loss per cycle of a ferromagnetic material using hysteresis curve			
7		4 Hours	
EXPE	RIMENT 7		
Determ	ination of band gap energy of a given semiconducting material	<b>(0 11</b>	
Reference(s)			
1. C J Fischer, The Energy of Physics Part II: Electricity and Magnetism, Cognella Academic Publishing, 2019.			
2.	P G Hewitt, Conceptual Physics, Pearson Education, 2017.		
3.	R A Serway and J W Jewitt, Physics for Scientists and Engineers, Thomson Brooks/Cole, 2019.		
4.	J Walker, D Halliday and R Resnick, Principles of Physics, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, 2018.		
5.	H C Verma, Concepts of Physics (Vol I & II), Bharathi Bhawan Publishers & Distribu Delhi, 2017.	tors, New	

# UNIT IV

# **MODERN PHYSICS**

Special theory of relativity - Simultaneity and time dilation - Length contraction - Relativistic mass variation. Matter waves - De-Broglie hypothesis - Wave nature of particles

# S

PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PSO1 PSO2

- 3. Understand the mechanism of corrosion and suggest a method to control the corrosion
- 4. Illustrate reaction mechanisms and assess the role of catalyst in a chemical reaction
- 5. Analyse various types of nuclear transmutation including decay reactions

# **Articulation Matrix**

2

2

2

2

2

1

1

1

1

1

CO

No 1

2

3

4 5

**UNIT I** 

ELECTROCHEMISTRY	
Origin of potential - Electromotive force - Electrical double layer - Transport of	charge within the cell
- Cell description - Prediction of cell potentials	-

#### **UNIT II**

#### **ENERGY STORING DEVICES**

Relation between electrical energy and energy content of a cell - Reversible and irreversible cell -Charging and discharging reactions in a reversible cell - Current challenges in energy storage technologies

# 22CH203 ENGINEERING CHEMISTRY II

#### **Course Objectives**

- Understand the concept of electrochemistry for determination of electrode potential, pH and applications as energy storage devices
- Outline the chemistry of metal corrosion and analyse the methods of corrosion control •
- Understand the role of catalyst in the rate of reaction •
- Summarize the variation in properties and reactivity of isotopes. •

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Apply the electrochemical concepts to determine the electrode potential of a metal
- 2. Analyse the working of batteries for the energy storage devices

1

# **6 Hours**

## **6 Hours**

#### 2023
# UNIT V NUCLEAR REACTIONS 1 **EXPERIMENT 1** 2 **EXPERIMENT 2** 3 **EXPERIMENT 3** standard cell 4

5

# **EXPERIMENT 5**

Determination of percentage of corrosion inhibition in iron/mild steel using a natural inhibitor

# **EXPERIMENT 6**

## 7 **EXPERIMENT 7**

Determination of rate constant of acid catalysed hydrolysis of ester

Oxidation of metals: Electrochemical origin of corrosion - Electromigration - Electron transfer in the presence and absence of moisture - Galvanic series. Strategies for corrosion control: Galvanic anode

# and impressed current.

CATALYSIS Energy profile diagram for a chemical reaction - activation energy - role of catalyst - homogeneous and heterogeneous catalysis - types

**6 Hours** Radioactive and stable isotopes - Variation in properties between isotopes - Radioactive decay (alpha, beta and gamma) - Half-life period - Nuclear reactions - Radiocarbon dating

Determination of strength of hydrochloric acid in a given solution using pH meter

Application of calomel electrode to determine the redox potential of Fe (II) solution

Construct an electrochemical cell exhibiting valid output and compare its potential with the given

## **EXPERIMENT 4**

Determination of corrosion percentage of iron/steel by weight loss method

# 6

Electroplate copper on the given target object and estimate the amount of copper deposited at cathode

UNIT IV

#### **UNIT III** METAL CORROSION AND ITS PREVENTION

# **6 Hours**

4 Hours

## 4 Hours

# 4 Hours

# **5** Hours

### 4 Hours

## 4 Hours

## **5** Hours

### **Total: 60 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Jain and Jain, Engineering Chemistry, 16th Edition, Dhanpat Rai Publishing Company, New Delhi, 2013.
- 2. P.H. Rieger, Electrochemistry, Second Edition (Reprint), Springer, Netherland, 2012.
- 3. E. McCafferty, Introduction to Corrosion Science, Springer; 2010 Edition, January 2010.
- 4. S. Vairam, Engineering Chemistry, John Wiley & Sons, 2014.
- 5. H.J. Arnikar, Essentials of Nuclear Chemistry, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, (revised) New Age International Publishers, 2011.
- 6. U. Hanefeld, L. Lefferts, Catalysis: An Integrated Textbook for Students, Wiley- VCH, 2017.

# 37

## 22GE002 COMPUTATIONAL PROBLEM SOLVING

#### **Course Objectives**

- Analyse the algorithm design techniques and development principles in solving the real-life problems.
- Illustrate the different ways of organizing and storing the data in computing systems. •
- Understand the basic network configuration and setup connections among different device • systems.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Analyse a problem and formulate algorithms, pseudocodes and flowcharts.
- 2. Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems and explore algorithmic approaches to problem solving.
- 3. Design and apply appropriate data structures for solving computing problems.
- 4. Compare the various storage devices used in a computer system.
- 5. Analyse the requirements for a given organizational structure and establish the connection between two or more computers to form a network.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1	1	2										
2	3	3	3	3										
3	2	2	2	3										
4	2	2	2	2										
5	2	2	2	2										

### **Articulation Matrix**

## **UNIT I**

#### VISUAL PROCESS MODELING

Scenario decomposition - Logical sequencing - Drawing flowchart - Preparation of visual process model.

#### UNIT II

#### ALGORITHMIC DESIGN THINKING

Analysis - Verification - Brute force - Divide and conquer - Greedy - Backtracking.

# **6 Hours**

#### UNIT III

#### DATA ORGANIZATION

Elementary Data Organization - Abstract Data Types - Fundamentals of Linear and Non-Linear Data Structures.

#### UNIT IV

#### DATA STORAGE

Flat File and Relational database - Data Read & Write in Local Storage, Server Storage and Cloud Storage - Database Query Methods.

#### UNIT V

#### **NETWORKING ESSENTIALS**

Networking Components and Services - IP Addressing - Configuring and Managing the Campus Network - Network Security - Firewalls.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. David D. Riley, Kennya. Hunt, "Computational thinking for the modern problem Solver", CRC Press Taylor & Francis Group, 2014.
- 2. Anany Levitin, "Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms", Third Edition, Pearson Education Asia, 2011.
- 3. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.
- 4. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan, "Database System Concepts", McGraw Hill, 2015.
- 5. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data Communication and Networking", 5th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2014.

## 7 Hours

**12 Hours** 

# 8 Hours

**Total: 45 Hours** 

#### 22GE004 BASICS OF ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the concept of energy transmission through mechanical, electrical and • electromagnetic forms.
- To analyse the use of PN Junction Diode and BJT for signal conditioning.
- To apply the working principle of PN Junction Diode and BJT for the design of basic Digital Logic.
- To analyse the working and characteristics of Special Purpose Semiconductor Electronic Devices.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Understand the need for electrical and electromagnetic signal transmission.
- 2. Analyse the working principle and characteristics of PN junction diode.
- 3. Analyse the working principle and characteristics of Bipolar Junction Transistor.
- 4. Apply the working principle of PN Junction diode and BJT for designing basic Digital Logic functions.
- 5. Analyse the energy conversion needs and working principle of Special purpose electronic devices.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	3	3	1										
2	3	3	3	2										
3	3	3	3	2										
4	3	3	3	2										
5	3	3	3	1										

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### **6 Hours**

#### ENERGY TRANSFER AND SIGNALS

Energy Transmission through Mechanical, Electrical and Electromagnetic means, Signal as Energy Transmission, Complexity in signal transmission (Volume of Information, Distance and Time taken), Limitations of Mechanical Energy Transmission, Electrical and Electromagnetic Signal Transmission, Need for Conversion between Electrical and Mechanical Signals.

2023

#### UNIT II

#### SIGNAL CONDITIONING USING DIODE

Need for Vacuum Tubes in the Evolution of Electronics, Overview of Vacuum Tubes, Diode and Triode, Limitations of Vacuum Tubes. Semiconductor Group in Periodic Table, Overview of Semiconductor Materials, Flow of electrical energy through PN Junction Diode, Signal Clipping, Signal Clamping and Signal Multiplication using PN Junction Diode, Limitations of PN Junction Diode.

#### UNIT III

#### SIGNAL CONDITIONING USING TRANSISTOR

Need for controlling electrical signals, Principle of Bipolar Junction Transistor operation, Signal Switching and Amplification using BJT, Limitations of BJT, Principle of Field Effect Transistor operation.

#### UNIT IV

#### LOGIC SYNTHESIS USING DIODE AND TRANSISTORS

Overview of Logic Gates, PN Junction and BJT as electronic switches, Digital Logic Synthesis using Diode and Transistor: Diode Logic, Resistor Transistor Logic, Diode Transistor Logic, Transistor Logic.

#### UNIT V

#### **DEVICES FOR SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS**

Voltage Regulation using Zener Diode, Variable Capacitance using Varactor Diode, Electrical Energy to Light Energy conversion using Light Emitting Diode, Light to Energy to Electrical Energy conversion using Solar Cell.

#### 1

#### **EXPERIMENT 1**

Design and implement a simple device to communicate basic information between two different small distance points using wired and wireless methods.

#### 2

#### **EXPERIMENT 2**

Design and implement different wave shaping Circuits using PN Junction Diodes.

#### 3

#### **EXPERIMENT 3**

Design and Implement Voltage Multiplier Circuit using PN Junction Diodes and Capacitors.

### 4

#### **EXPERIMENT 4**

Design and Implement t a three Stage Circuit to convert 220V 50Hz AC mains supply to 12V DC supply.

#### 5

### **EXPERIMENT 5**

Design and Implement a BJT Amplifier Circuit to amplify audio input signal.

#### 4 Hours

#### 4 Hours

#### **6 Hours**

# 4 Hours

#### 4 Hours

#### 4 Hours

#### 8 Hours

**6 Hours** 

#### 6

#### **EXPERIMENT 6**

Design and Implement Basic Logic Gates using PN Junction Diodes.

### 7

#### **EXPERIMENT 7**

Design and Implement Basic Logic Gates using BJTs.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Thomas L. Floyd, Electronic Devices: Electron Flow Version, Ninth Edition, Prentice Hall, 2012.
- 2. J Millman, C. Halkias & Satyabrata JIT, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2007.
- 3. L Robert Boylestead, Louis Nashelsky, Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory, Pearson Education 2006.
- 4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices and Circuits, Prentice Hall of India, 2003.
- 5. Adel S. Sedra & Kenneth C. Smith, Micro Electronic Circuits Theory and Applications, Sixth Edition, Oxford University Press, 2013.
- 6. Behzad Razavi, Microelectronics, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.; 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 2018.

4 Hours

**Total: 60 Hours** 

#### 22HS002 STARTUP MANAGEMENT

#### **Course Objectives**

- Promote entrepreneurial spirit and motivate to build startups
- Provide insights on markets and the dynamics of buyer behaviour
- Train to develop prototypes and refine them to a viable market offering
- Support in developing marketing strategies and financial outlay
- Enable to scale up the porotypes to commercial market offering

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Generate valid and feasible business ideas
- 2. Create Business Model Canvas and formulate positioning statement
- 3. Invent prototypes that fulfills an unmet market need
- 4. Formulate business strategies and create pitch decks
- 5. Choose appropriate strategies for commercialization

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1							1	2	1		1			
2							2	2	1	1	2			
3							3	3	1	2	2			
4							1	3	1	2	2			
5							2	3	2	2	2			

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### **BUSINESS MODELS AND IDEATION**

Startups: Introduction, Types of Business Modes for Startups. Ideation: Sources of Ideas, Assessing Ideas, Validating Ideas, Tools for validating ideas, Role of Innovation and Design Thinking.

#### UNIT II

#### UNDERSTANDING CUSTOMERS

#### Buyer Decision Process, Buyer Behaviour, Building Buyer Personas, Segmenting, Targeting and Positioning, Value Proposition (Business Model Canvas), Information Sourcing on Markets, Customer Validation

#### UNIT III

#### **DEVELOPING PROTOTYPES**

Prototyping: Methods - Paper and Digital, Customer Involvement in Prototyping, Product Design Sprints, Refining Prototypes

#### **UNIT IV**

#### **BUSINESS STRATEGIES AND PITCHING**

Design of Marketing Strategies and Campaigns, Go-To-Market Strategy, Financial KPIs Financial Planning and Budgeting, Assessing Funding Alternatives, Pitching, Preparing Pitch Decks

#### UNIT V

#### **COMMERCIALIZATION**

Implementation: Prototype to Commercialization, Test Markets, Institutional Support, Registration Process, IP Laws and Protection, Legal Requirements, Type of Ownership, Building and Managing Teams, Defining role of investors

1	1 Hours
EXPERIMENT 1	
Analysis of various business sectors	
2	2 Hours
EXPERIMENT 2	
Developing a Design Thinking Output Chart	
3	1 Hours
EXPERIMENT 3	
Creating Ruver Personas	
creating buyer reisonas	
1	3 Hours
	5 110018
EAPERIMENT 4	
Undertake Market Study to understand market needs and assess market potential	
_	<b>A 11</b>
5	2 Hours
EXPERIMENT 5	
Preparation of Business Model Canvas	
6	15 Hours
EXPERIMENT 6	
Developing Prototypes	
7	2 Hours
EXPERIMENT 7	
Organizing Product Design Sprints	

**3 Hours** 

### **3 Hours**

# **3 Hours**

**3 Hours** 

#### 8 EXPERIMENT 8

Preparation of Business Plans

#### 9

# **EXPERIMENT 9**

Preparation of Pitch Decks

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Rashmi Bansal, Connect the Dots, Westland and Tranquebar Press, 2012.
- 2. Pavan Soni, Design Your Thinking: The Mindsets, Toolsets and Skill Sets for Creative Problem-solving, Penguin Random House India, 2020.
- 3. Ronnie Screwvala, Dream with Your Eyes Open: An Entrepreneurial Journey, Rupa Publications, 2015.
- 4. Stephen Carter, The Seed Tree: Money Management and Wealth Building Lessons for Teens, Seed Tree Group, 2021.
- 5. Kotler Philip, Marketing Management, Pearson Education India, 15th Edition, 2000.
- 6. Elizabeth Verkey and Jithin Saji Isaac, Intellectual Property, Eastern Book Company, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, 2021.

2 Hours

**Total: 45 Hours** 

#### 22HS003 HERITAGE OF TAMILS

#### **Course Objectives**

- Describe the linguistic diversity in India, highlighting Dravidian languages and their features
- Summarize the evolution of art, highlighting key transitions from rock art to modern sculptures
- Examine the role of sports and games in promoting cultural values and community bonding
- Discuss the education and literacy systems during the Sangam Age and their impact.
- Outline the importance of inscriptions, manuscripts, and the print history of Tamil books in preserving knowledge and culture

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Understand the concept of language families in India, with a focus on Dravidian languages.
- 2. Trace the evolution of art from ancient rock art to modern sculptures in Tamil heritage.
- 3. Identify and differentiate various forms of folk and martial arts in Tamil heritage.
- 4. Understand the concepts of Flora and Fauna in Tamil culture and literature.
- 5. Evaluate the contributions of Tamils to the Indian Freedom Struggle.

#### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1									2	3				
2									2	3				
3									2	3				
4									2	3				
5									2	3				

#### UNIT I

#### LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

Language Families in India - Dravidian Languages - Tamil as a Classical Language- Classical Literature in Tamil- Secular Nature of Sangam Literature- Distributive Justice in Sangam Literature - Management Principles in Thirukural - Tamil Epics and Impact of Buddhism & Jainism in Tamil Land - Bakthi Literature Azhwars and Nayanmars - Forms of minor Poetry - Development of Modern literature in Tamil - Contribution of Bharathiyar and Bharathidhasan.

#### UNIT II

#### HERITAGE - ROCK ART PAINTINGS TO MODERN ART- SCULPTURE

Hero stone to modern sculpture - Bronze icons - Tribes and their handicrafts - Art of temple car making - Massive Terracotta sculptures, Village deities, Thiruvalluvar Statue at Kanyakumari, Making of musical instruments - Mridhangam, Parai, Veenai, Yazh and Nadhaswaram - Role of Temples in Social and Economic Life of Tamils.

#### **3 Hours**

#### UNIT III

#### FOLK AND MARTIAL ARTS

Therukoothu, Karagattam, Villu Pattu, Kaniyan Koothu, Oyillattam, Leatherpuppetry, Silambattam, Valari, Tiger dance - Sports and Games of Tamils.

#### UNIT IV

#### THINAI CONCEPT OF TAMILS

Flora and Fauna of Tamils & Aham and Puram Concept from Tholkappiyam and Sangam Literature -Aram Concept of Tamils - Education and Literacy during Sangam Age - Ancient Cities and Ports of Sangam Age - Export and Import during Sangam Age - Overseas Conquest of Cholas.

#### UNIT V

#### CONTRIBUTION OF TAMILS TO INDIAN NATIONAL MOVEMENT AND INDIAN CULTURE

Contribution of Tamils to Indian Freedom Struggle - The Cultural Influence of Tamils over the other parts of India - Self-Respect Movement - Role of Siddha Medicine in Indigenous Systems of Medicine - Inscriptions & Manuscripts - Print History of Tamil Books.

#### **Total: 15 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Dr. K. K. Pillay, Social Life of Tamils, A joint publication of TNTB & ESC and RMRL.
- 2. Dr. S. Singaravelu, Social Life of the Tamils The Classical Period, International Institute of Tamil Studies.
- 3. Dr. S. V. Subramanian, Dr. K. D. Thirunavukkarasu, Historical Heritage of the Tamils, International Institute of Tamil Studies.
- 4. Dr. M. Valarmathi, The Contributions of the Tamils to Indian Culture, International Institute of Tamil Studies.
- 5. Keeladi, Sangam City Civilization on the banks of river Vaigai, Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu.
- 6. Dr. K. K. Pillay, Studies in the History of India with Special Reference to Tamil Nadu.

#### **3 Hours**

#### **3 Hours**

#### **Course Objectives**

- To Understand the concepts of Fourier series, Transforms and formation of partial differential equations, which will enable them to model and analyse the physical phenomena
- To Understand the methods to solve polynomial equations and implement the ideas of numerical interpolation
- To Apply the numerical techniques to offer an approximate solution for the differential equations in a real-world situation

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Apply Fourier series for the periodic functions to formulate as a combination of sine and cosine functions.
- 2. Infer different techniques of Fourier transforms for non- periodic functions.
- 3. Understand the formation of partial differential equations through various methods.
- 4. Interpret the solution of system of linear equations through various numerical techniques.
- 5. Execute the numerical solution of initial and boundary value problems of differential equations through different methods.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	2												
2	1	2												
3	1	2												
4	1	2												
5	1	2												

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### FOURIER SERIES

Dirichlets conditions - General Fourier series - Odd and even functions - Half range cosine and sine series - Root mean square value - Harmonic analysis.

#### UNIT II

#### FOURIER TRANSFORM

Fourier Integral Theorem- Fourier Transforms and Inverse Fourier Transform -Fourier Sine and Cosine Transforms - Properties - Transforms of Simple Functions - Convolution Theorem -Parseval's Identity.

#### 9 Hours

#### UNIT III

#### PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Formation of Partial Differential Equations by eliminating arbitrary constants and functions - Solutions of Standard types of first-order partial differential equations - LaGrange's linear equation - Linear partial differential equations of second order with constant coefficients of homogeneous type.

#### UNIT IV

#### NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF SYSTEM OF EQUATIONS, DIFFERENTIATION AND INTEGRATION

Solution of algebraic and transcendental equations: Newton- Raphson method -Solution of a system of linear equations: Gauss elimination method - Inverse of a matrix: Gauss-Jordan method- Eigenvalues of a matrix by Power method -Interpolation: LaGrange's interpolation formula - Approximation of derivatives using interpolation polynomials - Numerical integration using Simpsons rule.

#### UNIT V

#### NUMERICAL SOLUTION OF DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Solution of first-order ordinary differential equations: Eulers method - Fourth-order Runge- Kutta method -Milnes predictor and corrector method - Solution of partial differential equations: Parabolic equations by Crank Nicholson method- Hyperbolic equations by explicit finite difference method - Poisson equations.

#### Total: 60 Hours

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Tenth Edition, Wiley India Private Limited, New Delhi, 2016.
- 2. Peter V O Neil., Advanced Engineering Mathematics, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, TBH Publishers, 2013.
- 3. James Glyn, Advanced Modern Engineering Mathematics, Pearson, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition 2014.
- 4. Sankara Rao. K, Numerical Methods for Scientists and Engineers, Third Edition, Eastern Economy Edition, 2009.
- 5. Jain M.K, Iyengar S.R.K and Jain R.K Numerical Methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation New Age International (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 22TT302 FIBRE SCIENCE

#### **Course Objectives**

- To teach the fundamentals of natural and manmade fibres and their properties.
- To impart knowledge on the identification of various natural and manmade fibres.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering

and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Select the origin and production of textile fibres
- 2. Analyse the production of natural fibres and their physical and chemical properties.
- 3. Analyse the production of regenerated fibres and their properties.
- 4. Analyse the production of PA and PET fibres and their properties.
- 5. Analyse the production of special fibres and their properties and Identification of fibres.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	2	2			1		1	1	2	1	2	
2	3	2	2	2			1		1	1	2	1	2	
3	3	2	2	2			1		1	1	2	1	2	
4	3	2	2	2			1		1	1	2	1	2	
5	3	2	2	2			1		1	1	2	1	2	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### NATURAL FIBRES I

Fibre - Staple fibre - Filament - Yarn -Thread - Fabric and Clothing. Classification of Textile Fibres basic characteristics of Textile Fibre. Cotton: Evolution of cotton varieties - Genetically modified Cotton - Organic Cotton & Coloured Cotton - Cultivation and harvesting - Chemical composition -Chemical structure - Physical properties - Chemical properties and End uses

#### UNIT II

#### NATURAL FIBRES II

Bast Fibres: Varieties and uses - Flax, Ramie, Hemp, Banana. Jute: Cultivation- Retting -Fibre Extraction - Properties. Wool: Types - Rearing - Shearing - Chemical Composition and Structure -Physical and Chemical Properties - uses. Silk: Sericulture-Types - Reeling - Throwing - Chemical Composition and Structure - Physical and Chemical properties - uses. Leaf fibres: Physical properties -Chemical properties and uses. Fruit fibres: - Physical properties - Chemical properties and End uses

#### **UNIT III**

#### **REGENERATED CELLULOSIC AND PROTEIN FIBRES**

Viscose rayon: Principle of manufacture - Physical properties - Chemical properties &End uses. Modification of viscose rayon - Bamboo -Tencel - Modal. Principle of manufacture: Casein fibre-Vicara fibre - Ardil fibre - properties.

#### UNIT IV

#### SYNTHETIC FIBRES

Nylon fibre - Physical and chemical properties - End uses -Polyester - Physical and chemical properties - End uses. Acrylic - Physical and chemical properties - End uses. Polypropylene- Physical and chemical properties. - End uses.

#### UNIT V

#### SPECIALITY FIBRES AND IDENTIFICATION OF FIBRES

Classification of Speciality fibres - Aromatic polyamides - Glass Fibre, Carbon fibres, Super absorbent fibres, elastomeric fibres, ultra-fine fibres, electro spun nano fibres Properties and end uses. Feeling Test - Burning test - microscopic test - Chemical test - Density measurement.

#### FOR FURTHER READING

Details of major Cotton producing countries, Major wool and silk producing countries, Comparison of regenerated cellulose fibres with cotton and regenerated protein fibres with wool, silk, Solubility Parameters.

#### 1

### **EXPERIMENT 1**

Fibre identification techniques: Assessment of physical characteristics by feel, appearance and other subjective techniques.

## 2

#### **EXPERIMENT 2**

Fibre identification techniques: Burning test.

# 3

### **EXPERIMENT 3**

Fibre identification techniques: Microscopic assessment

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

#### 4 Hours

#### 4 Hours

4 Hours

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

4 EXPERIMENT 4 Fibre identification techniques: Solubility test.	4 Hours
5 EXPERIMENT 5 Fibre identification techniques: Measurement of fibre density	4 Hours
6 EXPERIMENT 6 Identification of the given fibres (cellulosic fibres - 2)	4 Hours
7 EXPERIMENT 7 Identification of the given fibres (Protein fibres - 2)	3 Hours
8 EXPERIMENT 8 Identification of the given fibres (manufactured fibres - 2)	3 Hours

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. S. P. Mishra, A Textbook of Fibre Science and Technology, New Age publication, 2000.
- 2. Natural Fibres Hand Book with Cultivation and Uses, NIIR board of Consultants and Engineers, 2007.

**Total: 75 Hours** 

- 3. J. Gordon Cook, Handbook of Textile Fibres: Natural Fibres: Volume 1, Woodhead Textiles Series No. 4, Woodhead Publishing Limited, UK, 2001.
- 4. J. Gordon Cook, Handbook of Textile Fibres: Manmade Fibre: Volume 2, Woodhead Textiles Series No. 4, Woodhead Publishing Limited, UK, 1999.
- 5. Natural Fibres Hand Book with Cultivation and Uses, NIIR board of Consultants and Engineers, 2007.

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the processes involved in manufacturing of manmade fibres.
- To understand the post spinning operations of manmade fibres.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

#### Course Outcomes (COs)

- 1. List the fundamental requirements of fibre forming polymers.
- 2. Illustrate the principles of synthetic fibre formation and their production techniques.
- 3. List different morphological and fine structures observed in manufactured fibres (melt and solution spun fibres).
- 4. Outline the need and importance of post spinning processes and their effects on the properties of manufactured fibres.
- 5. Demonstrate the need, importance of specialty fibres, properties and specific industry application.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	1	1								3	3	
2	3	2		1	2							3	3	
3	2	2	1	1								3	3	
4	3	2	1	1								3	3	
5	2	2	3	1	2							3	3	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### **SPINNING OF MAN-MADE FIBRES**

Selection and homogenization of polymers-mechanical and thermal properties and polymer structure-Fibre spinning techniques based on thermoset, thermoplastic polymer-Melt spinning, Solution spinning (Wet, dry, dry jet wet, liquid crystal, and gel spinning) and their features, Zones of spinning process.

#### UNIT II STRUCTURE FORMATION DURING SPINNING

Structure-property relationship in polymers-tacticity-polymer morphology-crystallinity-phase transitions (first and second order)-factors affecting first order and second order transitions. Structure formation: Melt-Solution spun fibres-crystallinity and orientation. Process variables and their influences-Structural changes during high-speed spinning process.

#### UNIT III

#### POST SPINNING OPERATIONS

Spin finishes- Need and composition of spin finish-spin finish application techniques-spin finish for filament-staple fibre production. Drawing- Need for Drawing-Drawing Unit-Spin-draw process-Draw warping. Heat Setting-Need for heat setting- Structural changes during heat setting-Evaluation methods.

#### **UNIT IV**

#### MASS COLOURATION, TEXTURING AND TOW TO TOP CONVERSION

Mass colouration in solution and melt spinning system: Methods - selection of colouring materials. Effect of additives in structure and properties of fibres. Texturing: Need -Methods - Detailed study of Draw texturing, friction texturing and air jet texturing, Textured yarn characteristics. Tow-to-top conversion methods.

#### UNIT V

#### **SPECIALITY FIBRES**

Speciality Fibres: Properties and end-uses. Differentially dyeable polyester and nylon. PLA fibre production. Alternative to viscose fibre process. Bi-component and bi-constituent fibres. Non-circular cross sections and hollow fibres.

#### **Total: 60 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. V. B. Gupta and V. K. Kothari, Manufactured Fibre Technology, Chapman & Hall, 1997.
- 2. S. P. Mishra, Science and Technology of Manmade fibres, Suraj Publications, 2007.
- 3. D. Saravanan, Natural Fibres and Man-Made Fibres, Proceedings of AICTE Staff Development Programme, New Delhi, 2006.
- 4. V. A. Usenko, Fibre chemistry, The Processing of Manmade Fibres, Springer New York Publications, 2004.
- 5. S. P. Mishra, Fibre Science and Technology, New Age International Publication, 2000.

#### **12 Hours**

# 12 Hours

**12 Hours** 

#### 22TT304 SPINNING TECHNOLOGY-I

#### **Course Objectives**

- To teach the design, constructional features and working principles of spinning preparation machines.
- To educate on the processing of different types of fibres and their blends.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Perform count calculations; select ginning machines and produce quality lint; select blow room machinery and use for the production of quality card feed material.
- 2. Assess techniques of producing quality card sliver; select process parameters in carding.
- 3. Outline the techniques of producing quality draw frame sliver; apply "friction field" theory for control of fibres.
- 4. Examine the techniques of producing quality combed sliver; choose process parameters; apply Gegauf's Noil theory for quality combed material.
- 5. Outline the techniques of producing quality roving with optimum package build.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1
2	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1
3	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1
4	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1
5	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1

#### Articulation Matrix

#### UNIT I

#### GINNING

Ginning: Objectives of ginning, Principles of ginning process and Baling. Different types of ginning machineries: on the basis of product type, technology and feeding. Pre and post ginning operations, ginning faults, Latest developments in ginning

#### UNIT II

#### BLOWROOM

Blowroom: blowroom line- sequence of machines, different types of mixing and blending, Principles of opening and cleaning, Design, constructional features and working principles of fine cleaning, blending and card feeding machines, working principles of modern blow room machines, Problems /Faults /Defects in blowroom, blowroom cleaning efficiency, Technological developments.

#### UNIT III

#### CARDING

Objectives of carding process, Conventional vs. modern carding machine; Design, Constructional Features and working principles of a modern card and card feeding systems. Processing of cotton, manmade fibres and blends. Mechanism of carding: wire point disposition - fibre configuration, blending, levelling, fibre breakage, hook formation - web formation fibre transfer efficiency and factors affecting fibre transfer. Card settings. Card clothing. Card wire grinding. Principles of auto levellers. Reasons and Remedies of Carding Faults in Spinning, cleaning efficiency, Technological developments.

#### UNIT IV

#### DRAWFRAME AND COMBER

Objectives of draw frames Roller arrangements in draw frames and fibre control devices. Top and bottom roller arrangements in drafting systems, characteristics and maintenance - Principles of doubling, roller drawing and drafting. Draft distribution, Periodic mass variation in drawn sliver; Draw frame Autoleveller; Defects of Draw Frame, Technological developments. Comber: Comber preparatory processes: Methods of lap preparation - Lap forming machines. Comber: Objectives, types of combers, Combing cycle - Design, constructional features and working principles of comber machine; Process parameters. Charles Gegauf's Noil Theory. Disposition of the hooks, waste removal, Noil percentage, influence of combing operation on quality, Technological developments.

#### UNIT V

#### SPEED FRAME

Objectives - Design, constructional features and working principles of speed frame: Creel - drafting system - top and bottom rollers - top arm drafting system - roller settings - roller weighting systems - Types of flyers - false twister- spindle - bobbin rail and spindle rail - drive to the machine - flyer lead and bobbin lead bobbin builder motion. Processing of cotton, manmade fibres and blends. Automatic doffing. Different faults in the speed frame. Technological developments.

#### 1

#### **EXPERIMENT 1**

Measurement and Calculation of Speeds of Ginning Machine, calculation of ginning out turn.

## 2

#### **EXPERIMENT 2**

Measurement of speeds of beaters and openers; adjustments in grid bar settings.

#### 9 Hours

#### 4 Hours

#### 4 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

# 3

### **EXPERIMENT 3**

Settings and Production calculations in Blowroom line. Cleaning efficiency of a beater.

#### 4

## **EXPERIMENT 4**

Card-Draft and Production calculations.

# 5

6

# **EXPERIMENT 5**

Card - Card Waste study (Zone wise) Cleaning Efficiency Calculation. Card Settings for a given cotton mix (at least 4 major settings).

# **EXPERIMENT 6**

Draw frame - Draft calculation and Production calculations. Sliver hank adjustment by changing draft change gear wheel, Effect of roller setting change on draw frame sliver unevenness.

## 7

## **EXPERIMENT 7**

Comber - Speed, Draft calculations, Estimation and alteration of Comber Noil percentage - Head-tohead variation and total Noil percentage

### 8

# **EXPERIMENT 8**

Draft, Twist and Production calculations in speed frame, Change roving hank and roving twist in speed frame, Estimation of Roving stretch percentage.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. W. Klein, Rieter Manual of Spinning Volume 1&3 Rieter, 2010.
- 2. Peter R. Lord, Handbook of Yarn Production, Technology, Science and Economics, CRC Press publication, New York, 2002.
- 3. Carl A. Lawrence, Fundamentals of Spun Yarn Technology, CRC Press publication, New York, 2002.
- 4. R. Chattopadhyay, Technology of Carding, NCUTE, IIT Delhi, 2003.
- 5. R. Chattopadhyay and R. S. Rengasamy, Spinning, Drawing, Combing & Roving, NCUTE Pilot Programme, Indian Institute of Technology, New Delhi, 2003.
- 6. R. Chattopadhyay, Advances in Technology of Yarn Production, NCUTE, IIT Delhi, 2002.

#### **3 Hours**

# 4 Hours

## 4 Hours

4 Hours

# **3 Hours**

#### Total: 75 Hours

#### 22TT305 WEAVING TECHNOLOGY-I

#### **Course Objectives**

- To teach the different preparatory processes in weaving.
- To impart thorough knowledge of the concepts involved in weaving processes.
- To educate on the features of machines required for the different processes.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Compare and contrast the different types of warp and weft winding processes in terms of working principles as well as various important settings.
- 2. Illustrate the two different types of warping processes in terms of working principles and applications.
- 3. Suggest the sizing recipes for various fabric constructions and analyse the sizing performance.
- 4. Explain the primary, secondary and auxiliary motions of weaving.
- 5. Explain the working principles of shedding (tappet, dobby, Jacquard and drop box mechanisms), picking and beat-up, let-off and take-up mechanisms.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1
2	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1
3	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1
4	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1
5	2	2	2		3					1	1	1	3	1

#### **Articulation Matrix**

# UNIT I

#### WINDING

Winding - objectives, random and precision winders, elements and functions-unwinding accelerator, tension device, yarn clearer, splicer, waxing, anti-patterning, drum type, link coner, automation. Package types, faults-causes and remedies, Calculations. Winding synthetic and blended yarns, winding for colouration. Pirn winding-objectives, elements and functions.

#### UNIT II

#### WARPING AND DRAWING-IN

Warping - objectives, direct and section warping, elements and functions - creel, stop motion, tension device, warper reed, automation. Section warping-section building and traverse, leasing. process control in warping-control of end breaks, hard waste and beam defects, Speed.

#### UNIT III

#### SIZING

UNIT IV

Sizing-objectives, size recipe, elements and functions-creel, sow box, drying zone, yarn splitting, automation. Single-end sizing, Calculations. Sizing of filament yarns, energy conservation in sizing. Beam gaiting, tyeing-in. Process Control in Sizing: Controls - temperature, level, moisture, stretch. Size pick up and end breaks. combined dyeing and sizing, dead loss in sizing

**PRIMARY MOTIONS IN SHUTTLE WEAVING** Loom types, timing diagram. Shedding-tappet, dobby and jacquard. Shed geometry, shed types, reversing motions. Picking-over pick and under pick, shuttle flight and timing, shuttle checking. Beatup-sley kinematics and eccentricity.

#### UNIT V

1

#### SECONDARY AND AUXILLARY MOTIONS

Take up, let off, warp stop, weft stop, warp protector, weft feelers and Pirn change motions, dropbox motion. Production and efficiency calculations.

<b>EXPERIMENT 1</b> Analysis of yarn faults during winding	
2	4 Hours
EXPERIMENT 2	
Determination of yarn quality after sizing	
3	4 Hours
EXPERIMENT 3	
Production and Efficiency calculation in Automatic Pirn Winder.	
4	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 4	

Analysis of Cone and Pirn characteristics and Pirn Building Mechanism.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 9 nouis

5	<b>3 Hours</b>
<b>EXPERIMENT 5</b> Alter traverse and study the effect on section warping producing two small sections.	
6 EXPERIMENT 6 Dismantling, assembling and setting of Tappet Shedding Motion.	3 Hours
7 EXPERIMENT 7 Dismantling, assembling and setting of Over Pick Mechanism.	3 Hours
8 EXPERIMENT 8 Dismantling, assembling and setting of Under Pick Mechanism.	3 Hours
9 EXPERIMENT 9 Dismantling, assembling and setting of Take-up Mechanism.	3 Hours
Reference(s)	Total: 75 Hours

# 1. D. B. Ajgaonkar, M. K Talukdar and Wedekar, Sizing: Material Methods and Machineries, Mahajan Publications Ahmedabad, 2001.

- 2. P. K. Sriramalu, D. B. Ajgaonkar and M. K. Talukdar, Weaving Machines Mechanisms, Management Mahajan publishers, Ahmedabad, 2000.
- 3. M. K. Talukdar, An Introduction to Winding and Warping Testing Trade Press, Mumbai, 2002.
- 4. Anon., Woven Fabric Production I, NCUTE Publication, IIT, New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Anon., Woven Fabric Production II, NCUTE Publication, IIT, New Delhi, 2002.
- 6. P. Marks and A. T. C. Robinson Principles of Weaving, The Textile Institute, 2000.

#### 22HS004 HUMAN VALUES AND ETHICS

#### **Course Objectives**

- Understand the concept of good values and comprehend the importance of value-based living.
- Recognize the culture of peace through education.
- Identify and apply the practices for value development and clarification.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Understand the importance of human values and ethics in life.
- 2. Execute the importance of harmonious living in a diverse society.
- 3. Analyse the sensitivity to the crying needs of society such as ungodliness, corruption, poverty, and suffering, and play a vital role in eradicating them.
- 4. Plan intellectually mature, morally upright, ethically correct, and spiritually inspired decisions.
- 5. Execute a correct balance between professional excellence and social commitment.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	2		1			2	3	2			2	2	1
2	1	2		2			2	3	2			3	3	2
3	1	2		1			2	3	2			2	2	3
4	1	2		2			2	3	2			3	2	2
5	1	2		1			2	3	2			2	3	2

#### **Articulation Matrix**

2002

#### UNIT I

#### **COURSE INTRODUCTION - NEED, BASIC GUIDELINES AND ANALYSIS**

Importance of Human Values & Ethics in the 21<sup>st</sup> Century - Understanding the theory of basic human values and ethics - Openness to change - Self enhancement - Conservation - Self-transcendence -Schwartz Value Survey: Self-Assessment

#### **UNIT II**

#### **EMBRACING THE COMMON ETIQUETTE**

Altruism- Integrity - Freedom - Justice - Honesty - Truthfulness - Responsibility - Compassion

#### UNIT III

#### CONTINUOUS HAPPINESS AND PROSPERITY

An overview on basic Human Aspirations - Understanding and living in harmony at various levels of life - Embracing self-love and wellness - Understanding harmony in the family and society

#### UNIT IV

#### UNIVERSAL HUMAN VALUES AND PROFESSIONAL ETHICS

Reflection on growing global multifold problems: poverty, pollution, hunger, disease, unemployment, caste system, child labour, gender equality, politics and violence. Understanding the challenges in cultural, personal, social, political, and economic environment

#### UNIT V

#### UNDERSTANDING HARMONY IN THE NATURE AND EXISTENCE - WHOLE EXISTENCE AS CO-**EXISTENCE**

Understanding the harmony in Nature - Holistic perception of harmony at all levels of existence -Practice Exercises and Case Studies will be taken up in Practice Sessions

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Martin, G. The Little Book of Ethics: A Human Values Approach. Australia: G.P. Martin, 2011.
- 2. Gupta, N. L. Human Values for the 21<sup>st</sup> Century. India: Anmol Publications Pvt. Limited, 2002.
- 3. Mishra, A. Happiness Is All We Want. India: Bloomsbury Publishing, 2017.
- 4. Universal Human Values. (n.p.): Books Clinic Publishing, 2023.
- 5. A Textbook on Professional Ethics and Human Values. India: New Age International (P) Limited, 2007.

#### **6 Hours**

#### **6 Hours**

#### **6 Hours**

#### **Total: 30 Hours**

6 Hours

#### 22HS005 SOFT SKILLS AND EFFECTIVE COMMUNICATION

#### **Course Objectives**

- Communicate proficiently in formal discussions at the workplace.
- Describe experiences and events, and briefly give reasons and explanations for opinions and plans.
- Interact with a degree of fluency and spontaneity that results in efficacious communication
- Convey agreement and disagreement in a polite but firm manner
- Communicate with coherence and imagination in both written and spoken formats

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Enhance confidence in expressing thoughts in grammatically proper language and etiquette in waiting for the opportunity to provide input.
- 2. Effectively communicate in English on formal occasions and proficiency in the use of link words and other discourse markers.
- 3. Provide constructive feedback and file logical complaints.
- 4. Analyse the understanding of oral and written communication in real-world situations.
- 5. Apply the improved spelling and punctuation in writing and heightened understanding of tone, pitch and stress in oral formats.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1									2	3				
2									2	3				
3									2	3				
4									2	3				
5									2	3				

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT – I

#### **10 Hours**

0021

#### SELF-EXPRESSION

Group discussion/ Peer discussion - Communicating decisions and opinions - Tone, Pitch, Stress - Agreeing, Disagreeing, Suggesting, Speculating - Comparing and Contrasting - Comparatives and Superlatives - Discourse markers – Interjections - Decision making - Synthesis - Higher order thinking Group discussion/Peer discussion - Effective Communication Types of communication - Written vs Spoken - Contractions Intonation Stress Active voice - Question tags - Confidence and body language Guided writing- Outlining Main Points - Group discussion/Peer discussion - Avoiding common errors Reduction of MTI - Common errors - Barriers to communication Accent

Spotting errors Collocation - Commonly mispronounced

- 5. Personality Development & Soft Skills, Barun K. Mitra, Oxford University Press, 2012.
- 6. Business English by Ken Taylor, Orient Blackswan, 2011.

Writing: Giving written feedback, Review writing, and Letter of complaint. Speaking: Giving constructive feedback and offering suggestions, asking for inputs, commenting politely on appropriate phrases - Giving written feedback, Review writing, and Letter of complaint. Critical reasoning - Modal verbs - Polite ways to express negatives

JAM, Debate, Review writing, Social media posts Synonyms - Antonyms Cloze test Phrasal verbs

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Word Power Made Easy by Norman Lewis, W. R. Goyal Pub. & Distributors, 2009.
- 2. Sasikumar, V, et al., A Course in Listening & Speaking Foundation Books, 2005.
- 3. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use: A Self-Study Reference and Practice Book for Intermediate Students: with Answers. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1985.
- 4. Prasad, Hari Mohan. A Handbook of Spotting Errors, McGraw Hill Education, 2010.

# UNIT – III FORMAL EXPRESSION

**CREATIVE EXPRESSION** 

UNIT – II

#### **10 Hours**

**10 Hours** 

#### Total: 30 Hours

#### 22HS006 TAMILS AND TECHNOLOGY

#### **Course Objectives**

- Analyse graffiti on potteries as a form of historical and cultural documentation during the Sangam Age.
- Investigate the building materials and the historical context of Hero stones during the Sangam Age by Analysing the details of stage constructions in Silappathikaram and their cultural significance.
- Examine ancient knowledge of oceans and its impact on Tamil society.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Understand the significance of the weaving industry during the Sangam Age and its cultural importance.
- 2. Understand the significance of dams, tanks, ponds, and sluices in the agricultural and irrigation practices of the Chola Period.
- 3. Explore the architectural designs and structural construction methods used in household materials during the Sangam Age.
- 4. Explore the art of shipbuilding in ancient Tamil culture and its role in maritime trade and transportation.
- 5. Trace the development of scientific terminology and vocabulary in Tamil language.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1									2	3				
2									2	3				
3									2	3				
4									2	3				
5									2	3				

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### WEAVING AND CERAMIC TECHNOLOGY

Weaving Industry during Sangam Age - Ceramic technology - Black and Red Ware Potteries (BRW) - Graffiti on Potteries.

#### UNIT II

#### DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION TECHNOLOGY

Designing and Structural construction House and designs in household materials during Sangam Age -Building materials and Hero stones of Sangam age - Details of Stage Constructions in Silappathikaram - Sculptures and Temples of Mamallapuram - Great Temples of Cholas and other worship places -Temples of Nayaka Period - Type study (Madurai Meenakshi Temple) - Thirumalai Nayakar Mahal -Chetti Nadu Houses, Indo - Saracenic architecture at Madras during British Period

**3 Hours** 

**3 Hours** 

64

## UNIT III

#### MANUFACTURING TECHNOLOGY

Art of Ship Building-Metallurgical Studies-Iron Industry-Iron smelting, steel-Copper and gold-Coins as source of history-Minting of Coins-Beads making-industries Stone beads -Glass Beads-Terracotta beads-Shell beads-bone beats-Archaeological evidences-Gem stone types described in Silappathikaram.

#### UNIT IV

#### AGRICULTURE AND IRRIGATION TECHNOLOGY

Dam, Tank, ponds, Sluice, Significance of Kumizhi Thoompu of Chola Period, Animal Husbandry-Wells designed for cattle use- Agriculture and Agro Processing-Knowledge of Sea-Fisheries-Pearl-Conche Diving-Ancient Knowledge of Ocean-Knowledge Specific Society.

#### UNIT V

#### SCIENTIFIC TAMIL

**Reference**(s)

Development of Scientific Tamil-Tamil Computing-Digitalization of Tamil Books-Development of Tamil Software-Tamil Virtual Academy-Tamil Digital Library-Online Tamil Dictionaries-Sorkuvai Project.

# Total: 18 Hours

- 1. Dr. K. K. Pillay, Social Life of Tamils, A joint publication of TNTB & ESC and RMRL.
- 2. Dr. S. Singaravelu, Social Life of the Tamils The Classical Period, International Institute of Tamil Studies.
- 3. Dr.S.V. Subramanian, Dr.K.D. Thirunavukkarasu, Historical Heritage of the Tamils, International Institute of Tamil Studies.
- 4. Dr. M. Valarmathi, The Contributions of the Tamils to Indian Culture, International Institute of Tamil Studies.
- 5. Keeladi Sangam City Civilization on the banks of river Vaigai, Department of Archaeology & Tamil Nadu Text Book and Educational Services Corporation, Tamil Nadu.
- 6. Dr. K. K. Pillay, Studies in the History of India with Special Reference to Tamil Nadu.

#### **3 Hours**

# 3 Hours

#### 22TT401 PROBABILITY AND STATISTICS

#### **Course Objectives**

- Understand the basic concepts of probability and the distributions with characteristics and also two-dimensional random variables
- Apply different statistical inference techniques in testing of hypothesis in a real time fashion industry.
- Analyse the design in identifying the suitable product by comparing the characteristics of the material in industries

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Demonstrate the basic probability axioms and concepts, Probability distributions of the random variables in designing process.
- 2. Identify the relationship and properties of two-dimensional random variables using Correlation techniques in textile manufacturing.
- 3. Implement the basic statistical inference techniques, including confidence intervals and hypothesis testing to science/engineering problems.
- 4. Design an experiment for an appropriate situation using ANOVA technique.
- 5. Compare statistical data in quality control by various control chart techniques.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	2												
2	1	2												
3	1	2												
4	1	2												
5	1	2												

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### **PROBABILITY THEORY**

Axioms of probability - Conditional probability - Bayes theorem - Random variable: Probability mass function - Probability density function: Moment Generating Function-Binomial, Poisson and Normal distributions.

#### UNIT II

#### TWO DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES

Joint distributions - Marginal and Conditional distributions -Covariance - Correlation and Regression analysis in textile manufacturing.

#### 66

9 Hours

#### UNIT III

#### **TESTING OF HYPOTHESIS**

Sampling distributions - Estimation of parameters -Statistical hypothesis - Large sample test based on Normal distribution for single mean and difference of means -Small sample tests: t-test for mean-F- test - Chi-square test for Goodness of fit and Independence of attributes.

#### UNIT IV

#### **DESIGN OF EXPERIMENTS**

One way and Two-way classifications -Completely randomized design- Randomized block design - Latin square design.

#### UNIT V

#### STATISTICAL QUALITY CONTROL

Control charts for measurements (X and R charts) -Control charts for attributes (p, c and np charts)-Tolerance limits- Acceptance sampling.

#### Total: 60 Hours

#### **Reference**(s)

- Milton J. S. and Arnold Jesse C., Introduction to Probability and Statistics: Principles and Applications for Engineering and The Computing Sciences, McGraw Hill Inc, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, 1995.
- 2. S.C. Gupta, V. K. Kapoor, Fundamentals of Statistics, Sultan Chand & sons, 1R, 2010.
- 3. Johnson Richard A, Probability and Statistics for Engineers, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Prentice Hall of India, 2002.
- 4. S. Bhasker, S. Narayana Moorthy, Statistical Quality Control and Reliability Engineering, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Anuradha Agencies, 2000.

#### 9 Hours

## 9 Hours

#### 22TT402 STRUCTURE AND PROPERTIES OF TEXTILE FIBRES

- To understand the fundamentals of fibre structure and physical characterization methods.
- To relate the fibre properties such as moisture, mechanical, optical, frictional, electrical and thermal properties in terms of structure of the fibres.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

#### 1. Suggest a suitable technique for characterization of a given polymer.

- 2. Describe a fibre in terms of physical and chemical structure in relation to their properties.
- 3. Analyse the fibres in terms of physical properties (moisture, mechanical, electrical and thermal properties).
- 4. Compare different fibres in terms of physical properties.
- 5. Suggest suitable fibre(s) for a given end use / requirement.

CO	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
INO													<u> </u>	
1	2	2				3					2	3	3	
2	2	2				3					2	3	3	
3	2	2				3					1	3	3	
4	2	2				1					2	3	3	
5	2	2				3					2	3	3	

#### Articulation Matrix

#### UNIT I

#### PHYSICAL STRUCTURE OF FIBRES

Requirements for fibre forming polymers. Fine and morphological structure of Cotton-Flax-Jute-Silk-Wool-Viscose -Polyester-Polyamide-Polyacrylonitrile-Polyolefins. Structural models and their limitations. Investigation methods of fibre structure- Microscopic methods: SEM, TEM, AFM. X-ray diffraction methods, Spectroscopic methods: FTIR. Density measurements.

## UNIT II

#### **MOISTURE ABSORPTION PROPERTIES OF FIBRES**

Moisture content and regain - hysteresis - Regain curves. Theories of moisture sorption. Measurement methods of regain and their limitations. Equilibrium absorption of moisture by fibres. Factors influencing moisture regain. Differential and integral heat of sorption - Diffusion equations and their limitations - Diffusion coefficient - Conditioning of fibres - Mechanism of conditioning - Swelling of fibres.

#### UNIT III

#### **MECHANICAL PROPERTIES OF FIBRES**

Definitions: breaking strength, breaking extension, tensile stress, tensile strain, mass specific stress, yield point, initial modulus, secant modulus, work of rupture and work factor. Stress-strain curves for textile fibres and their explanation. Factors influencing tensile properties of fibres. Elastic properties. Mechanical conditioning of fibres. Visco-elastic properties: Time effects - Dynamic mechanical analysis of fibres. Torsional and flexural rigidity - Measurement techniques.

#### UNIT IV

#### **OPTICAL AND FRICTIONAL PROPERTIES**

Refractive index of fibres - Measurement and factors influencing the results. Birefringence and optical orientation factor. Reflection of light, Lustre index, factors influencing lustre. Absorption of light - dichroism, dichroic ratio. Structural colour. Fibre friction. Measurement of friction and factors influencing fibre friction. Friction in wool - theory of directional frictional effect.

#### UNIT V

#### ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL PROPERTIES

Conduction, dissociation of ion pairs. Measurement of electrical resistance of fibres. Dielectric properties. Static electricity - Thermal properties - Structural changes in fibres on heating. Thermal transitions. Heat setting. Thermal decomposition of fibres.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. W. E. Morton, and J. W. S. Hearle, Physical Properties of Textile Fibres, Woodhead Publishing Limited, Cambridge, UK, 2008.
- 2. V. B. Gupta and V. K. Kothari, Textile Fibres: Developments and Innovations, Vol. 2, Progress in Textiles: Science & Technology, IAFL Publications, 2000.
- 3. Woodings, Regenerated Cellulose Fibres, Woodhead publishing Limited, Cambridge, UK, 2001.
- 4. B. P. Saville, Physical Testing of Textiles, Woodhead Publishing Limited, Cambridge, England, 2000.
- 5. James F. Shackelford and William Alexander, Materials Science and Engineering, CRC Press LLC, New York, 2001.

9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

**Total: 45 Hours** 

#### 9 Hours

#### 22TT403 TEXTILE CHEMICAL PROCESSING-I

- To understand the preparation of fibre, yarn and fabrics dyeing with machinery required.
- To understand the concept of colour measurement and processes involved in the colouration of textile materials.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Suggest process parameters for singeing, desizing and scouring.
- 2. Suggest suitable bleaching and mercerizing method.
- 3. Appraise the concepts of colour science and methods of measurement of colour parameters
- 4. Explain the principles of dyeing and dyeing machines.
- 5. Develop dye recipe, choose dyeing parameters and evaluate fastness properties.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO 2
1	3	2	1	1	1	1	1		1			2		3
2	3	2	1	1	1	1	1		1			2		2
3	3	2	1	1	1	1	1		1			2		3
4	2	1	1	1	1	1	1		1			2		3
5	3	2	1	1	1	1	1		1			2		3

#### Articulation Matrix
#### UNIT I

#### SINGEING, DESIZING AND SCOURING

Singeing: methods and application-Desizing: methods and application-Scouring: Saponificationemulsification, detergency-Scouring of cotton-Wool: scouring, Crabbing, Milling and carbonization-Silk: Degumming-Scouring of synthetic materials and blends-working principles of kier-Physical and chemical methods of assessing desized & scoured fabrics-Measurement of residual impurities.

#### UNIT II

#### **BLEACHING AND MERCERIZING**

Bleaching: hypochlorite - hydrogen peroxide - sodium chlorite - Continuous scouring and bleaching process - Combined scouring and Bleaching - Bleaching of Wool, Silk, and blends - Physical and chemical evaluation of bleached materials. Mercerization: Principles and methods - Liquid ammonia treatment - process conditions - Mercerization of cotton / viscose blends - Mercerizing machines -Assessment of mercerized samples.

#### **UNIT III**

#### **COLOUR AND MEASUREMENT**

Colour theory, Concepts and communication of colour-Beer-Lambert Law-Colour Primaries and Colour mixing-Eye and Brain system on colour perception-colour vision tests-C.I.E Method of determining the Tristimulus values-Colour difference equation and measurement-Metamerism-Dichroism- Application of C.C.M. in textile industry-Shade sorting Technique-Whiteness and Yellowness Index. Dyes-properties-Auxochrome, chromophore and common dye structure-dye-fibre interactions- Substantivity-Affinity-Adsorption isotherms. Rate of dyeing and half dyeing time.

#### UNIT IV

#### DYEING

#### Classification-Properties, Mechanism and Application of Direct, Reactive, Acid, Basic, Vat, Disperse, Sulphur, Azoic and Metal complex dyes. Dyeing of PET, Nylon, Acrylic, Triacetate and protein fibres-Dyeing of blends. Sustainable method of dyeing.

#### UNIT V

#### DYEING MACHINES AND DYE FASTNESS

Construction and working of loose stock, hank and package processing machines, J-box-jigger-winchjet and soft-over-flow machines-continuous dveing ranges. Drying cylinders, drying range, IR dryers and relax dryer. Assessment of dyed materials: colour fastness to washing-rubbing (wet and dry)- lightperspiration-sublimation.

#### 1

#### **EXPERIMENT 1**

Estimate the efficiency of Desizing and Scouring of cotton material after desizing and scouring.

#### 2

#### **EXPERIMENT 2**

Estimate the barium activity number (BAN) for Mercerized Cotton Yarn.

#### 3

# **EXPERIMENT 3**

Calculate the whiteness index of hydrogen peroxide and sodium hypochlorite bleached samples.

#### 9 Hours

# **5** Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

#### **5** Hours

# 4

# **EXPERIMENT 4**

Assessment of rubbing and perspiration fastness of fabric dyed with direct dyes, reactive dyes.

### 5

# **EXPERIMENT 5**

Assessment of light fastness of fabric dyed with vat and sulphur dyes.

# 6

# **EXPERIMENT 6**

# Assessment of colour fastness to washing of wool/silk fabric dyed with acid and basic dyes.

#### 7

# **EXPERIMENT 7**

Assessments of sublimation fastness of polyester fabric dyed with disperse dyes.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. S. R. Karmakar, Chemical Technology in the Pre-Treatment Processes of Textiles, Elsevier, 2000.
- 2. E.R. Trotman., Dyeing and Chemical Technology of Textile Fibers, B.I. Publishing Pvt ltd, New Delhi 2002.
- 3. C. V. Kaushik, Chemical Processing of Textiles, NCUTE, 2004.
- 4. V. A. Shenai, Technology of Bleaching and Mercerisation, Sevak Publication, Bombay, 2002.
- 5. A. D. Sule., Computer Colour Analysis, New age international publishers, 2000.
- 6. V. A. Shenai, Evaluation of Textile Chemicals, Sevak publications, Mumbai, 2005.

#### 4 Hours

#### 4 Hours

# 4 Hours

#### 4 Hours

# Total: 75 Hours

#### 22TT404 SPINNING TECHNOLOGY-II

#### **Course Objectives**

- To teach the design, constructional details and working principles of spinning machines (ring frames, alternative spinning systems and post spinning machinery.
- To educate the inter-relationship of the process of conversion of fibres to yarns and the related machinery features.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Explain construction and working principles of ring, rotor and jet spinning machines.
- 2. Compare and contrast ring spinning with open-end spinning processes.
- 3. Compare the structural features of yarns produced in ring, rotor and jet spinning processes.
- 4. Compare SIRO, SOLO and Core and wrap spinning technologies and applications.
- 5. Analyse design and working of different types of friction spinning systems and post spinning.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	1	1		1				2			1	2	
2	3	1	1		1				2			1	2	
3	3	1	1		1				2			1	2	
4	3	1	1		1				2			1	2	
5	3	1	1		1				2			1	2	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### 9 Hours

#### **RING SPINNING**

Objectives-Design constructional features and working principles of ring frame. Processing of cotton, manmade fibres and blends. Compact spinning-Principle of compacting drafted fibre strand-spinning geometry-different methods of compact yarn manufacture-compact yarn properties. Automation: Bobbin transport systems, Automatic doffing, Link coner-Causes of end breakages, Ring Data systems, Modern developments in ring spinning machine.

#### UNIT II ROTOR SPINNING

Principles of twist insertion- real and false twist-principle of break/open spinning. Design and constructional features of rotor spinning machine-Rotor Drive-Fibre flux density-back doubling-wrapper fibre formation-rotor yarn structure and properties-rotor yarn properties. New developments in rotor spinning.

#### UNIT III

#### TOW TO TOP, BULK YARN PRODUCTION AND AIR-JET SPINNING

Tow to sliver stretch breaking-Tow to sliver cutting methods- machines. Acrylic Bulk yarn production machines and methods. Basic principle-Methods of fascinated yarn manufacture (MJS system)-Developments-Raw material requirements Classification of fascinated yarn structure-Yarn properties-Yarn Quality-Process parameters: Air pressure-draft-delivery rate-ribbon width-feed ratio. Advancements in air-jet spinning: Plyfil Spinning-Vortex spinning, Yarn quality, process parameters and applications.

#### UNIT IV

### CORE YARN SPINNING, SIRO AND SOLO SPINNING, WRAP SPINNING

Principle - Requirements for core yarn spinning -Methods of core yarn production: Core yarn: Ring - rotor - friction -air-jet spinning. Raw materials. Principle - Yarn manufacture - Yarn characteristics - End uses. Principle - Raw materials - Yarn structure -Properties - Spinning limits and applications. Self-Twisting Principle, Repco Spinning.

#### UNIT V

#### FRICTION SPINNING, ADHESIVE SPINNING AND POST SPINNING PROCESS

Types - Principles of yarn formation - Fibre feed - Fibre assembly - Twist insertion - Yarn withdrawal. Yarn structure - Raw material requirements - Influence of process parameters. Adhesive spinning systems: Twilo and Bobtex processes. Yarn conditioning - Doubling - ring doubling - Two for one twister. Process parameters. Reeling: plain reeling and cross reeling. Bundling and Baling. Structureproperty relationship in ring, compact, rotor, air-jet and friction spun yarns.

1 EXPERIMENT 1 Speeds, draft, twist and production calculations in Ring frame.	4 Hours
2 EXPERIMENT 2 Effect of Ring frame builder motion parameters on package characteristics.	4 Hours
<b>3</b> <b>EXPERIMENT 3</b> Effect of Roller Pressure on Yarn Quality.	4 Hours
4 EXPERIMENT 4	4 Hours

Setting modifications and end breakage studies in ring frame.

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

#### 5

#### **EXPERIMENT 5**

Effect of Process Parameters in Rotor Spinning.

# 6

# **EXPERIMENT 6**

Production and twist calculation of Two-For-One twister (TFO).

# 7

### **3 Hours EXPERIMENT 7** Effect of process variables of TFO on two-fold yarn quality.

**4 Hours** 

4 Hours

**3 Hours** 

**Total: 75 Hours** 

8

# **EXPERIMENT 8**

Producing 3 different counts in rotor spinning after changing process parameters.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. W. Klein, Rieter Manual of Spinning Volume 4-6, Rieter, 2010.
- 2. Carl A. Lawrence, Fundamentals of Spun Yarn Technology, CRC Press publication, New York, 2002.
- 3. W. Klein, New Spinning Systems, The Textile Institute, Manchester, U.K., 2001.
- 4. W. Klein, New Spinning Systems, The Textile Institute, Manchester, U.K., 2003.
- 5. R. V. M. Gowda, New Spinning Systems, NCUTE Publication, New Delhi, 2005.
- 6. Peter R. Lord, Handbook of Yarn Production, Technology, Science and Economics, CRC Press publication, New York, 2002.

# 75

#### 22TT405 WEAVING TECHNOLOGY-II

#### **Course Objectives**

- To import knowledge and advantages of using the shuttleless loom.
- To study the various shuttleless machine operations and its working principles.
- To give input on selvedge and storage device functions.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Select loom parameters of shuttle looms and projectile looms for the fabric production.
- 2. Choose type of rapier looms and loom parameters for fabric production.
- 3. Analyse air quality and quantity requirements in air jet weaving; choose air-jet loom parameters for fabric production.
- 4. Analyse water quality and quantity requirements for water jet weaving; choose water jet loom and multi-phase loom parameters for fabric production.
- 5. Select the appropriate storage and selvedge devices for shuttleless weaving machines.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3		2	3	2				2			2	3	2
2	3		2	3	2				2			2	3	2
3	3		2	3	2				2			2	3	2
4	3		2	3	2				2			2	3	2
5	2		2	3	2				2			2	3	2

#### Articulation Matrix

#### UNIT I AUTOMATIC LOOMS

Automatic Loom - Different types - Pirn changing mechanism - Temple and eye cutters - Loom Drives. Types of sheds - Tappet shedding - Dobby shedding: Climax - Cam paper - Rotary -Electronic. Jacquard shedding - Single lift - Double lift - Cross-border - Vincenzi Verdol - electronic jacquard.

#### UNIT II

#### **PROJECTILE AND RAPIER WEAVING**

Projectile Weaving Machine: Yarn quality requirements for shuttleless looms - Gripper projectile machines - Working elements and weft insertion cycle in projectile machine - Torsion bar picking mechanism. Rapier Weaving Machines: Types: Rigid and flexible, Single and double rapiers. Principle of tip and loop transfer, Weft insertion cycles. Rapier drives - salient features. Timing diagrams.

#### UNIT III

#### AIR JET WEAVING

#### Requirements for sley drive in shuttle less weaving - Air-jet machines - Principle of weft insertion, Nozzle types, Weft Insertion cycle, Profile reed, Yarn and Air quality requirements, Air consumption. Weft selection, measuring and storage devices and working principles.

#### UNIT IV

#### WATER JET AND MULTI PHASE WEAVING

Water-jet machines: Yarn quality requirements - Principle of weft insertion - Weft insertion cycle - Water quality and quantity requirements. Working principle - Shedding and beat-up mechanisms. Multiphase weaving principle and types - Circular and flat multiphase weaving machine. Shed formation, filling insertion, beat-up.

#### UNIT V

#### **SPECIAL WEAVING TECHNIQUES**

Carpet weaving mechanism, 3D weaving mechanism and its types, Narrow width weaving. Braiding: Types and mechanisms. Leno weaving mechanism. Selvedges: Half cross leno - Full cross leno - Twisted - Tuck-in - Bonded and fused.

#### 1

## **EXPERIMENT 1**

Dismantling, assembling and setting of let-off motions (Positive and Negative).

## 2

# **EXPERIMENT 2**

Dismantling, assembling and setting of weft fork motions (side and centre) and fast reed motion.

### 3

## **EXPERIMENT 3**

Dismantling, assembling and setting of negative dobbies.

#### 4

## **EXPERIMENT 4**

Dismantling, assembling and setting of loom brakes motion and altering back rest attachments.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

# 4 Hours

#### 4 Hours

#### 4 Hours

### 5 EXPERIMENT 5

Study of Jacquard mechanism and 4 x 1 drop box mechanism.

# 6

# **EXPERIMENT 6**

Study of automatic Pirn changing mechanism and warp stop motions.

# 7

# **EXPERIMENT 7**

Study of passage of warp sheet, air connections, design of main and relay nozzles in air jet loom.

#### 8

# **EXPERIMENT 8**

Weft accumulator settings and adjustment.

- Reference(s)
  - 1. P. K. Sriramulu, D. B. Ajgaonkar and M. K. Talukdar, Weaving Machines, Mechanisms and Management, Mahajan Publishers, Ahmedabad 2002.
  - 2. Sabit Adanur, Handbook of Weaving, CRC press, Washington, 2001.
  - 3. R. Marks and A. T. C. Robinson, Principles of Weaving, The Textile Institute, Manchester 2001.
  - 4. J. J. Vincent, Shuttleless Loom, The Textile Institute 2000.

# 4 Hours

**4 Hours** 

### **3 Hours**

# 3 Hours

# Total: 75 Hours

#### 22HS007 ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE

#### **Course Objectives**

- Understand the interdisciplinary and holistic nature of the environment.
- Identify the significance of natural resources and environment on the quality of life and stimulate the quest for sustainable development.
- Assess the socio-economic, political and ethical issues in environmental science.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Show the importance of interdisciplinary nature of environment studies, uses and exploitation of natural resources.
- 2. Demonstrate the different types of ecosystems and biodiversity, its values and also role of professionals in protecting the environment from degradation.
- 3. Assess the existing environmental challenges related to pollution and its management.
- 4. Select suitable strategies for sustainable management of components of environmental science.
- 5. Compare the impacts of population and human activities on environment.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	2												
2	1	1												
3	2	2					1							
4	1													
5	2													

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### NATURAL RESOURCES

Forest resources: Use - over exploitation - deforestation - case studies. Water resources: Use - over utilization of surface and ground water - conflicts over water. Mineral resources: Use - exploitation - environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources - case studies. Food resources: Effects of modern agriculture - fertilizer - pesticide problems (eutrophication, blue baby syndrome, biomagnification). Energy resources - renewable (solar, wind, and hydro).

#### UNIT II

#### **ECOSYSTEMS AND BIODIVERSITY**

Concept of an ecosystem: Structure and function of an ecosystem - producers - consumers - decomposers - food chains - food webs and ecological pyramids - Types of ecosystems: Introduction - characteristic features: desert ecosystem. Biodiversity - value of biodiversity - threats to biodiversity - endangered and endemic species - Conservation of biodiversity: In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

#### UNIT III

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION**

Pollution: Definition - causes - effects - control measures of air pollution - Water pollution - Sewage water treatment by activated sludge and trickling filter process - Noise pollution - Thermal pollution. Disaster management - causes - effects - control measures of floods – Earthquake.

#### UNIT IV

#### SOCIAL ISSUES AND ENVIRONMENT

Sustainable development - Definition - Unsustainable to sustainable development - solid waste management - causes - effects - 5R Principles - landfills, incineration, composting. Water conservation - rain water harvesting - watershed management. Climate change - Global warming - acid rain - Ozone layer depletion. E-waste.

#### UNIT V

#### HUMAN POPULATION AND ENVIRONMENT

Human population: Population growth - characteristics - variation among nations - population explosion - value education - HIV / AIDS. Role of information technology in environment and human health - occupational safety and health administration (OSHA).

#### **Total: 30 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Anubha Kaushik, C.P. Kaushik, Environmental Science and Engineering, 4<sup>th</sup> Multi Colour Edition, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2014.
- 2. Raven, P. H. Hassenzahl, D.M. & Berg, L.R. 2012. Environment, 8<sup>th</sup> edition. John Wiley & Sons.
- 3. T. G. Jr. Miller, S. Spoolman, New Environmental Science, 14<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wadsworth Publishing Co, New Delhi, 2014.
- 4. Pepper, I. L, Gerba, C. P. & Brusseau, M. L. 2011, Environmental and Pollution Science, Academic Press.
- 5. A. K. De, Environmental Chemistry, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, New age international publishers, New Delhi, 2014.

# 6 Hours

# 7 Hours

#### 22HS008 ADVANCED ENGLISH AND TECHNICAL EXPRESSION

#### **Course Objectives**

- To enable students to achieve proficiency in academic writing.
- effectively use the language to persuade others.
- appreciate the nuances of the language and engage an audience.
- use advanced tools of language to improve communicative competence.
- prepare for professional demands at the workplace.
- give concrete expression to the plans and goals.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Understand the clarity in articulating the objectives and aims and improved proficiency in using the English language.
- 2. Communicate effectively and with good interpersonal skills; speak in public, engage the audience, and lead a group discussion.
- 3. Critically evaluate the ethics of persuasive appeals and confidence to influence opinion.
- 4. Analyse a specific piece of information; take in what is read, and use good writing techniques with proper grammar and syntax in all formal situations.
- 5. Create awareness and empathy to emotional signals in communication.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1									2	3				
2									2	3				
3									2	3				
4									2	3				
5									2	3				

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT 1

#### **5 Hours**

#### CREATIVE EXPRESSION

Proposals & Grant applications, Argumentative essays & editorials, Sales Pitches, Campaigning, Commercials/advertisements, effectively answering the famous interview question: 'Why should we hire you?' Sentence and paragraph formation - Rhetorical questions - Emphasis & effective repetition - Empathetic expression, knowing the audience, capturing attention - Creating Memes, Comic Strips, Stand-up comedy, Caption writing, and Limericks, Vocabulary and slang words for comedy - Similes & Metaphors - Homophones, homonyms, alliteration, word play.

0021

#### UNIT 2

#### FORMAL EXPRESSION

Writing: Action plans, Cover letters, Mind-Mapping, Paragraph writing Logical reasoning - SVA -Advanced level - Style: Clarity, Concision, Coherence, Evocativeness, Efficacious Vocabulary -Conditional Clause - Be verbs- Tenses- advanced - Opening and closing sentences - Action plans, Anecdotal references, order of communication/ narration, complete communication- Wh-questions -Effective beginning and closing - Rhetorical questions - Appraising target audience - Pronunciation, Enunciation, Tone, Pace and Volume. - Writing: SOPs, Research Objectives, Thesis Statement, Indexing, Scholarly Articles, Academic Writing, Executive Summary, Survey Questionnaires, Citations and Bibliography - Reading: Quantitative & qualitative analysis, Analysis and paraphrasing of reference materials Speaking: Commentate live events, give instructions to operate machines/ conduct experiments Listening: Informational listening, Reflective listening, - Discriminative listening - Connective words - Prefixes and Suffixes - Quoting and paraphrasing Proofreading - Directed writing and writing formats - Note taking - Active verbs.

#### **Total: 30 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Sangeeta Sharma et.al. Communication Skills for Engineers and Scientists, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2011.
- 2. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use: A Self-Study Reference and Practice Book for Intermediate Students: with Answers. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1985.
- 3. Business Correspondence and Report Writing by Prof. R.C. Sharma & Krishna Mohan, Tata McGraw Hill & Co. Ltd., 2001.
- 4. Personality Development, Harold R. Wallace & L. Ann Masters, Cengage Learning, New Delhi
- 5. Developing Communication Skills by Krishna Mohan, Meera Bannerji-Macmillan India Ltd. 1990, Delhi.
- 6. English Grammar, Composition and Usage by N. K. Agrawal & F. T. Wood, Macmillan India Ltd., New Delhi.

#### 22TT501 NONWOVEN TECHNOLOGY

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the fundamentals of various production processes in the manufacture of nonwovens.
- To acquire knowledge on the different methods of finishing nonwoven products.
- To understand the various applications of nonwovens.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Explain the nonwoven manufacturing processes using natural and chemical fibres.
- 2. Differentiate different bonding methods used in nonwoven manufacturing process.
- 3. Suggest suitable finishing methods of nonwoven meant for different applications.
- 4. Evaluate the nonwovens in terms of physical properties.
- 5. Outline the applications of nonwovens for hygiene and household products.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	3				3						3	3	
2	2	3				3						3	3	
3	2	3				3						3	3	
4	2	3				3						3	3	
5	2	3				3						3	3	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I WEB FORMATION

# 9 Hours

Definition of Nonwoven - nonwoven manufacturing processes - nonwoven properties and applications including environmental considerations. Raw materials for the production of nonwoven: natural fibres -animal fibres -chemical fibres. Web forming - Lay process - spun laying. Spun bonding web formation.

### **UNIT II**

#### BONDING

Needling: principle - needle characteristics - process variables- fabric properties. Loop formation processes: types - Process variables -fabric properties. Hydro-entanglement process: principle - process variables -Fabric properties. Bonding: Hot air - Heat setting - Thermal calendar -Ultrasound -Chemical - saturation - print. Foam and spray bonding.

#### UNIT III

#### FINISHING

Mechanical finishing: splitting and winding - perforating -drying - compressive finishes, Surface finishes: singeing - shearing - flocking - raising - polishing -softening, Wet finishes: washing colouration -printing - Application of chemical finishes: types - antistatic agents - antimicrobial or biocidal finishes -flameproof finishes - waterproof finishes - softeners- stiffeners. UV stabilizers.

#### UNIT IV

#### TESTING

Sampling and statistics - Testing conditions -Standards and specifications. Testing of raw materials finished fabrics. Testing process related to end use: hygiene and medical products - household textiles. Protective clothing and filter fabrics.

#### UNIT V

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Hygiene - medical-safety -cleaning - household products - home textiles - apparels - technical. Reutilization of nonwovens - recycling of nonwovens. Techno economic in nonwovens.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Wilhelm Albrecht, Nonwoven Fabrics, WILEY-VCH Verlag GMBH & Company, Germany, 2003.
- 2. S. Russell, Handbook of Nonwovens, The Textile Institute Publication, 2007.
- 3. O. Irsak, Nonwoven Textiles, Textile Institute, Manchester, 2001.
- 4. R. Krcma, Manual of Nonwovens, Textile Trade Press, Manchester, 2003.
- 5. Patel, B. M., & Bhrambhatt, D. Nonwoven technology. 2008.

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### 22TT502 KNITTING TECHNOLOGY

#### **Course Objectives**

- To educate the students on the basics of knit structures and machines.
- To educate the students on single jersey and double jersey knit structure and its derivatives.
- To educate the students on warp knit structure and its derivatives

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

# Course Outcomes (COs)

- 1. Outline the basic operations of knitting machines.
- 2. Prioritize and suggest knitting machinery for a given end use.
- 3. Elaborate pattern mechanisms in flat knitting.
- 4. Differentiate between warp and weft knitting processes.
- 5. Characterize warp knitting structural models.

#### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	2			1						2	3	
2	3	2	2			1						2	3	
3	3	2	2			1						2	3	
4	3	2	2			1						2	3	
5	3	2	2			1						2	3	

#### UNIT I

#### **KNITTING FUNDAMENTALS**

Introduction to Knitting, classifications. Weft knitting - Circular-flat-V-bed. Mechanical elements of knitting: Needles types - Sinkers - Cams - Cylinder - Feeder - Take-up. Knitting cycle and yarn path-Structural Elements of Weft Knitting. Single knit and double knit structures.

### UNIT II

#### WEFT KNITTING

Basic weft knitting machines, needle operation, fabrics and their characteristics: Plain - Rib - Purl - Interlock and derivatives. Notations and needle gaiting. Intelligent yarn delivery systems - open width fabric production - computerized knitting machines. Quality control-Faults in knitted fabrics and their causes and remedies - dimensional parameters such as stitch length, WPI, CPI, stitch density, GSM, Tightness factor-spirality-Production calculations of weft knitting.

#### UNIT III

FLAT KNITTING

Basic principles- Elements- Manual - Mechanical - Derivatives structures. Jacquard knitting- Pattern wheel, Pattern drum, Tape patterning devices, Jacquard knitting- concept, working and structures-Electronic jacquard knitting- sock knitting.

#### UNIT IV

#### WARP KNITTING

Comparison of Warp knitting and weft knitting. Basic structural elements of warp knitting. Overlap, under lap closed and open lap stitches. Machine classification - Knitting elements: Tricot - Raschel - Simplex - Multibar machines - Pattern Control Mechanisms - Pattern wheels - Chain links.

#### UNIT V

1

#### WARP KNITTED STRUCTURES

Basics - Two bar structures - Full tricot - Locknit - Reverse Locknit - Satin - Raised loop - Queen's cord - Shark skin - Double atlas. Fabric geometry: Dimensional parameters. An energy model of plain knitted fabrics - Dynamics of yarn tension on knitting machines. Application of weft and warp knit fabric in Technical Textiles. Seamless knitting; working and advantages. Knitting speciality yarns

<b>EXPERIMENT 1</b> Single Jersey fabric structure analysis.	
2	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 2	
Derivatives of Single Jersey fabric structure analysis.	
3	4 Hours
EXPERIMENT 3	
Rib fabric structure analysis.	
4	4 Hours
EXPERIMENT 4	
Derivatives of Rib fabric structure analysis.	
5	4 Hours
EXPERIMENT 5	
Interlock fabric structure analysis.	
6	4 Hours

#### **EXPERIMENT 6**

Derivatives of Interlock fabric structure analysis

#### 9 Hours

# 3 Hours

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 9 Hou

# 7 EXPERIMENT 7

Warp knit Tricot structure analysis.

#### 8

### **EXPERIMENT 8**

Warp knit Raschel structure analysis.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. David J Spencer, Knitting Technology, 3rd Edition, Wood head Publishing, 2001.
- 2. N. Anbumani, Knitting Fundamentals, Machines, Structures and Development, New Age International Pvt. Ltd., 2007.
- 3. Henry Johnson, Introduction to Knitting Technology, Abhishek Publications, Chandigarh, 2006.
- 4. Samuel Raz, Flat Knitting Technology, C. F. Rees GmbH, Druck-Repro-Verlag, Heidenheim, Germany, 1993.
- 5. Chandrasekhar Iyer, Bernd Mammal and Wolfgang Schach., Circular Knitting, Meisenbach GmbH, Bamberg, 1995.
- 6. D. B. Ajgaonkar, Knitting Technology, Universal Publication Corporation, Mumbai, 1998.

# 4 Hours

#### Total: 75 Hours

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand printing and finishing of textile materials.
- To analyse the design, constructional and operational features of textile Printing and Finishing machinery.
- To acquire the skills related to printing and finishing of textile materials.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyse complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Select methods, styles of printing and printing ingredients to carry out printing of textile materials.
- 2. Choose class of dyes according to the type of textile materials.
- 3. Evaluate finishing operations on textiles.
- 4. Assess functional finishes on textiles.
- 5. Appraise an effluent treatment plant.

### Articulation Matrix

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	3	1	1	1	1		1			2		3
2	3	2	3	1	1	1	1		1			2		3
3	3	2	3	1	1	1	1		1			2		3
4	2	2	3	1	1	1	1		1			2		3
5	3	2	3	1	1	1	1		1			2		3

#### UNIT I

#### **BASICS OF PRINTING OF TEXTILE MATERIALS**

Objectives, styles, methods, auxiliary and specialty chemicals-Ingredients of printing paste-their properties and needs. Synthetic binders, Catalyst, Cross-Linking agents. Selection criteria for binders Printing with Direct-Discharge- Resist. Printing-quality control, Printing with Direct- Reactive-Acid-Disperse-Vat dyes and Pigments. Methods, styles, fixation, and after-treatment processes. Transfer Printing- Principles and methods.

#### UNIT II

#### PRINTING MACHINES AND TECHNIQUES

Roller printing machinery. Screen printing: Automatic flat bet screen-Rotary screen. Thermo transfer printing machinery. Garment printing machines. Steamers-Agers-Curing process. Extraction of water: Hydroextractors-Cylinder drying-Stenters-High frequency stenter. Float dryers-Hot flue dryers-Perforated drum dryers-Heating Systems-Steam- Thermic Fluids-Heat requirement Printing with Pigments, Classification of pigments. Pigment printing of PET and blends. Other advanced printing techniques.

#### UNIT III

#### FINISHING

Mechanical and Chemical Finishing-Durable and non-durable finishes-Softening treatment: mechanism-anionic, cationic, non-ionic, amphoteric, reactive softeners, silicone softeners, PE emulsions-Evaluation, and testing methods. Heat setting (stenter)-Calendaring-Sanforising. Application of chemical finishes: padding-low wet pick-up methods (foaming, spraying)- coating and laminating. Drying (cylinder, loop, tumble).

#### UNIT IV

#### **FUNCTIONAL FINISHES**

Flame retardant finish: Mechanism-Assessment methods of FR finish. Water repellent and waterproof finishes-Wetting- Contact Angle-Assessment methods. Soil release finish: mechanism-Evaluation of soil release. Wash and wear finish: mechanism-cross-linking agents (formaldehyde and non-formaldehyde)-Assessment methods. Mechanism and chemistry: Antistatic finish-UV Protection Finish-Antimicrobial finish- Anti odour finish-Enzymatic treatment (biopolishing).

#### UNIT V

#### EFFLUENT TREATMENT

Textile Effluent: Characteristics, BOD, COD, TDS, and pH. Textile Effluent Treatment: Primary, Secondary and Tertiary methods. Membrane technology, Zero Discharge Method.

# 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

1		5 Hours
<b>EXPE</b> Printing	<b>RIMENT 1</b> g of direct and reactive dyes on cotton fabric in direct style.	
2 EXPE Printing	<b>RIMENT 2</b> g of pigment dyes / khadi on textile materials.	5 Hours
3 EXPE Produc	<b>RIMENT 3</b> e the Tie and Dye effect on cotton fabrics.	4 Hours
4 EXPE White a	<b>RIMENT 4</b> and vat colour discharge print on reactive dyed cotton fabric.	4 Hours
5 EXPE Assessi	<b>RIMENT 5</b> ment of bending rigidity of fabric finished with softener and stiffener.	4 Hours
6 EXPE Assess	<b>RIMENT 6</b> ment of flame retardancy of fabric finished with flame retardant.	4 Hours
7		4 Hours
EXPE Assess	<b>RIMENT 7</b> ment of weight loss, abrasion resistance and pilling performance of biopolished fabric	2
Refere	nce(s)	75 Hours
1.	W. D. Schindler and P. J. Hauser, Chemical Finishing of Textiles, Woodhead Limited, 2004.	Publishing
2.	V. A. Shenai, Technology of Printing, Vol. IV, Sevak Publication, Bombay, 2001.	
3.	P. Vankar, Textile Effluent, NCUTE Publication, New Delhi, 2002.	

- 4. W. C. Leslie Miles, Textile Printing, Society of Dyers and Colourists, 2003.
- 5. R. S. Bhagwat, Hand book of Textile Processing Machinery, 2003.

#### **Course Objectives**

- To import knowledge on different types of fabric structure.
- To give an input on fabric structure analysing skill.
- To understand the design concepts of fabric structures.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Construct the Design, Draft and Lifting Plans of basic weaves of woven fabrics.
- 2. Explain construction, properties and applications of different types of specialty weaves.
- 3. Apply different types of Jacquards and weaving mechanisms to produce ornamental structures.
- 4. Suggest the design of different types of pile fabrics and stitching methods of double cloth.
- 5. Relate the colour and pigment theories to create different colour and weave effects in fabrics.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2			1				2			2	3	
2	3	2			1				2			2	3	
3	3	2			1				2			2	3	
4	3	2			1				2			2	3	
5	3	2			1				2			2	3	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

# UNIT I

#### **BASIC WEAVES**

9 Hours

Introduction-methods of representing weave-Elements of fabric design: Design, draft, peg plan, repeat. Plain Weave and its Derivatives-Warp rib, Weft rib, and Matt Weave-Regular and Irregular. Twill weave and its derivatives. Satin and Sateen.

### UNIT II

#### **SPECIAL WEAVES**

Ordinary and Brighton honeycomb, Huck-a-back, Mock leno, perforated and distorted mock leno, Crepe weaves. Gauze and Leno weaves: Russian Cord-Net Leno, Madras Muslin structures. Bedford cords-Plain and twill faced, Welts and Piques-Wadded Welts and Pique.

#### UNIT III

#### PILE AND EXTRA THREAD FIGURING

Pile fabrics: Warp pile, Loose wire pile, Fast wire pile, Terry weaves, Terry stripes, and checks, Weft Pile, Plain back and Twill back velveteen, Lashed Pile, Corduroy, Weft plush. Extra warp and Extra weft figuring.

#### UNIT IV

#### **DOUBLE CLOTH**

Classification, types of stitches, self-stitched double cloth, wadded double cloth, centre warp, and weft double cloth. Backed fabrics: Warp and weft backed, Reversible and Non-reversible backed fabrics.

#### UNIT V

#### **COLOUR THEORY AND DROP DESIGNS**

Colour theory: Light and Pigment theory, Modification of colour, Applications of colour, Colour and weave effects, Spot figuring, Arrangement of figures, Drop design, Half drop bases, Rectangular design, Diamond design, Sateen system of distribution.

1	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 1	
Design, Draft and Peg plan of Plain Weave.	
2	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 2	
Design, Draft and Peg plan of Twill Weaves.	
3	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 3	
Design, Draft and Peg plan of Satin or Sateen Weave.	
4	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 4	
Design, Draft and Peg plan of Honey comb weave.	
5	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 5	
Design, Draft and Peg plan of Huck-a-Back weave.	
6	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 6	
Design, Draft and Peg plan of Extra Warp or Extra Weft.	

9 Hours

9 Hours

7 EXPERIMENT 7 Design, Draft and Peg plan of Pile Fabrics.	3 Hours
8 EXPERIMENT 8 Design, Draft and Peg plan of Analysis of Backed Fabric.	3 Hours
9 EXPERIMENT 9 Design, Draft and Peg plan of Bedford cords.	3 Hours
10 EXPERIMENT 10 Design, Draft and Peg plan of Analysis of Double Cloth.	3 Hours
Reference(s)	Total: 75 Hours

- 1. Z. J. Grosicki, Watson, Textile Design and Colour: Elementary Weaves and Figured Fabrics, Butterworths, London, 2004.
- 2. Z. J. Grosicki, Watson, Advanced Textile Design: Compound Woven Structures, Butterworths London, 2004.
- 3. J. Hayavadana, Woven fabric Structure design and Product Planning, Woodhead Publishing India private limited, 2015.
- 4. B K Behera, P K Hari, Woven Textile Structure: Theory and Applications, Woodhead Publishing India private limited, 2011.

#### 22TT601 TEXTILE TESTING

#### **Course Objectives**

- Select suitable sampling technique for fibres, yarns and fabrics; choose instruments and testing methods for fibres and interpret the results.
- Choose instruments and testing methods for yarns, fabrics and interpret the results.
- Demonstrate knowledge of primary and total hand values; interpret the results of KES modules.
- Choose instruments and testing methods for tensile testing of textile materials and interpret the results.

#### Programme Outcomes (POs)

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Suggest suitable sampling techniques for fibres, yarn and fabrics.
- 2. Select appropriate method and test the given fibre, yarn and fabric samples for physical parameters / characteristics.
- 3. Select appropriate method and test the given fibre, yarn and fabric samples for physical properties.
- 4. Analyse the given test results and infer the conclusions suitable for implementation.
- 5. Illustrate the principles involved in testing instruments / equipment used in textile industry and factors influencing the test results.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2			3	1		2				1	3	
2	2	2			3	1		2				1	3	
3	2	2			3	1		2				1	3	
4	2	2			3	1		2				1	3	
5	2	2			3	1		2				1	3	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

**UNIT II** 

**YARN TESTING** 

#### SAMPLING AND FIBRE TESTING

# FABRIC TESTING

UNIT III

Fabric thickness, Areal density, Crimp, Cover factor, and fabric sett. Fabric Tensile Strength, Principles: CRE, CRL, CRT. Breaking load, breaking extension, Influencing Factors, Tear and Bursting Strength: Dynamic tensile testing. Measurement, Applications. Constant tension transport testing. General Calibration of instruments and equipment. Hand: Stiffness, Flexural rigidity, Drape, Crease recovery and resistance, Abrasion, Pilling, Flex, Permeability: Air, Water vapour, Breathability, Thermal Insulation.

mass (variation)diagrams, spectrogram, VL curve. Seldom occurring faults: Classification,

Sampling: Sampling techniques. Precautions in sampling; Sampling of fibres, yarns and fabrics. Sampling errors. Standard test atmosphere, measurement of relative humidity. Moisture content and regain of textile materials: Measurement methods, Drying methods, Limitations. Fibre Length Measurement; Fibre Fineness Measurement. Strength measurement, Measurement of cotton fibre

maturity, trash and micro dust. High Volume instruments, Advanced fibre information system.

Measurement, Analysis. Hairiness: Measurement principles, Interpretation.

#### UNIT IV

#### **GARMENT TESTING**

Button Strength, Seam puckering, Seam strength, Seam Slippage, size fit, spirality, Appearance, dimensional stability, zip fasters, Garment Inspection-Accepted Quality Level-4-point, 10-point, 2.5-point system. Organic standards and certification-GOTS, Organic clothing Certification, Oeko Tex, Global Recycle standard. Sustainability-EKO standard.

#### UNIT V

#### ADVANCED TESTING AND STANDARDS

Primary and total hand value. KES and FAST modules. Fabric scanning systems. Friction: Measurement methods for fibre, yarn, and fabrics. Example Standard testing procedures (from AATCC, ASTM, BIS, BS, DIN, ISO). Labelling standards and methods.

#### 1

#### **EXPERIMENT 1**

Determination of fibre length using baer sorter method.

### 2

# **EXPERIMENT 2**

Determination of count of yarn.

#### 3

# **EXPERIMENT 3**

Fibre fineness by Cut-Weight Method.

9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

4 Hours

4 Hours

4 Hours

#### 9 Hours

#### Yarn count systems, measuring instruments; Yarn Twist: Single, Ply, Cord, Measurement, Contraction, Crimp rigidity, tensile strength- single yarn strength, CSP, Unevenness: U%, CV%- Imperfections,

9 Hours

4	<b>3 Hours</b>
EXPERIMENT 4	
Determination of twist in double and single yarn.	
5	3 Hours
EXDEDIMENT 5	e nouis
To measure Yarn Appearance, Hairiness/yarn imperfections.	
6	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 6	
To measure Yarn twist/Count.	
7	3 Hours
EXPERIMENT 7	
To measure Fabric weight (GSM).	
8	3 Hours
Ο ΕΥΔΕΡΙΜΕΝΤ Ο	5 110015
To measure Fabric Count (Ends/pick, Wales/course).	
0	3 Hours
2 Ενδεσινίενα ο	5 110018
EXPERIMENT 9	
Determination of the single yarn strength and elongation at break of the yarns.	
Т	otal: 75 Hours
<b>Reference</b> (s)	
1. J. E. Booth, Principles of Textile Testing, CBS Publishers & Distributors, New	Delhi, 2001.

- 2. B. P. Saville, Physical Testing of Textiles, Woodhead Publishing Ltd., England, 2002.
- 3. Ahmad, S., Rasheed, A., Afzal, A., & Ahmad, F. (Eds.). Advanced textile testing techniques. CRC Press, 2017.
- 4. V. K. Kothari, Testing and Quality Management, Vol.1, IAFL Publications, New Delhi, 2000.
- 5. P. J. Morris, J. H. Merkin and R. W. Renal, Modelling of Yarn Properties from Fibre Properties, Journal of Textile Institute, 2001.

#### 22TT602 TEXTILE MECHANICS

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the principles of Mechanics as applied to Textile Machinery.
- To apply mechanics for design of Textile Mechanisms.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Select power transmission systems for textile machinery.
- 2. Suggest the types and use of epicyclical gear trains in textile machinery.
- 3. Design cone-drum based speed control systems and cams/tappets used in textile machinery.
- 4. Analyze energy and power requirements of textile machine sub-systems.
- 5. Analyze stress levels in power transmission elements and control systems in textile machinery.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2											3	
2	3	2											3	
3	3	2											3	
4	3	2											3	
5	3	2											3	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### POWER TRANSMISSION

Selection of drives, Flexible drives: Belts-Types, analysis of belt tension, optimum belt velocity for maximum power transmission, contact angles, and belt length. Rigid Drives: Gear Trains-Types, nomenclature, velocity ratio of normal gear trains, force analysis in gear drives. Bearing-Types.

#### UNIT II

#### **DIFFERENTIAL GEARING**

Types, nomenclature, velocity ratio of epicyclic gear trains, force analysis in gear drives. Differential Gearing in Speed Frame and Comber.

#### UNIT III

#### DESIGN OF CONE DRUMS AND CAMS

Design perspectives. Construction of cone drums - Feed regulation in scutcher and builder motion in Speed Frame. Construction of cams-Ring frame builder motion, tappet shedding motion-Design of winder drums.

**12 Hours** 

**12 Hours** 

#### UNIT IV

#### **MOMENTS, KINETIC / POTENTIAL ENERGY, POWER CONSUMPTION**

Calendar roller loading, top arm loading, Heald shaft lifting-shuttle movement, Bale handling and lifting, power consumption by ring frame traveller, and picking process.

#### UNIT V

**Reference**(s)

#### STRESSES IN TRANSMISSION SHAFTS AND DRAFTING ROLLERS

Material properties, safety factor, tensile, compressive, shear, bending, and torsional stress. Laws of friction, Application of friction -Tension devices, negative let-off motions, brakes, and clutches. Brakes -Band, block, pivoted double block, internal expanding brake. Clutches - Jaw / Toothed, Friction Clutches - Single Plane, Multi-Plane, Cone Clutches. Centrifugal clutch.

# Total: 60 Hours

- 1. Rengasamy R S, Mechanics of Spinning Machines, NCUTE, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. N. Gokarneshan, B. Varadarajan, C. B. Senthil Kumar, Mechanics and Calculations of Textile Machinery, Woodhead Publishing, India, 2013.
- 3. J. Hayavadana, Textile Mechanics and Calculations, Woodhead Publishing, India, 2018.
- 4. Taggart Scott, Textile Mechanics Primary Source Edition, Creative Media Partners, LLC, England, 2014.
- 5. Ganapathy Nagarajan, Textile Mechanisms in Spinning and Weaving Machines, Woodhead Publishing, India, 2014.

#### **12 Hours**

#### 22TT603 GARMENT TECHNOLOGY

#### **Course Objectives**

- To teach principles and practice of apparel manufacturing.
- To impart knowledge on the effect of equipment on product quality and performance.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Select the appropriate fabrics and trims for a garment.
- 2. Demonstrate the concepts of pattern making and grading to cut the fabrics as per the specifications.
- 3. Evaluate sewing machines and sewing threads and give suitable suggestion for making a given garment.
- 4. Suggest appropriate the apparel production systems for making various garments.
- 5. Appraise pressing and packing techniques in the production of apparels.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2	2										2	2
2	2	2	3										2	2
3	2	2	2										2	2
4	2	2	3										2	2
5	2	2	3										2	2

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### 9 Hours

#### INTRODUCTION TO APPAREL MANUFACTURING

Functional divisions of the apparel industry, Material Evaluation of Fabric, Trims, and Accessories: Receiving and inspecting materials. Fabric inspection-4 points, 10 points. AQL, Types of defects. Common fabric problems for apparel manufacturers.

### **UNIT II**

#### **CUTTING**

Basics of Pattern making and grading, Introduction to cutting -Marker planning: requirements -Efficiency Marker making- Cut order planning. Spreading: Requirements-Methods-Nature of fabric package-Machines. Cutting: requirements-Hand shears- Straight knife- Round knife-Band Knife-Computer Control-Die - Laser-Plasma Torch-Water jet-Quality control in cutting- defects and trouble shooting.

#### UNIT III

#### SEWING

Stitches-properties-Classes, Seams-Properties-Classes. Sewing machine fundamentals-Classification-Stitch forming mechanism-Sewing machine- feed mechanisms-Industrial sewing machine working principle. Sewing threads-Types-Characteristics- Thread Size-Ticket number. Types of needles-Sewing problems- Quality control in sewing- Defects and troubleshooting.

#### UNIT IV

#### **APPAREL PRODUCTION SYSTEMS**

Plant layout Planning, Apparel production systems-Progressing bundle System (PBS)-Unit Production System (UPS)-Modular Production System (MPS)-Flexible Manufacturing-work flow-Line Balancing Techniques.

#### UNIT V

#### PRESSING AND PACKING

Pressing-purpose of pressing-categories of pressing- pressing equipment and methods- pleatingpermanent press- the state of pressing. Packing-types of packing-styles of packing. Final inspection. Support materials: Linings-interlinings-waddings - other materials. Closures: Buttons- zippers- hookand-loop tapes. Trims: labels-threads-laces-embroidery-tapes.

#### FOR FURTHER READING

Industrial Engineering in apparel production - production planning and control - fabric selection criteria.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. David J. Tyler, Carr and Latham, Technology of Clothing Manufacture, Blackwell Publishing, 2008.
- 2. Grace I. Kunz and Ruth E. Glock, Apparel Manufacturing: Sewn Product Analysis, Prentice Hall. 2004.
- 3. Gerry Cooklin, Introduction to Clothing Manufacture, Blackwell Science Ltd., 2007.
- 4. H. Peggal, Introduction to Dress Making, Marshal Caver dish, London, 2001.
- 5. Solinger Jacob, Apparel Manufacturing Analysis, Columbia Boblin Media, 2000.

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 22TT701 TEXTILE COSTING

- To offer the students a broad overview of costing of textile products.
- To teach method of costing in textile industries.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Analyse the concept of preparation of cost sheet, budget and breakeven analysis.
- 2. Preparation of cost sheet and cost control in yarn production.
- 3. Preparation of cost sheet and cost control in fabric production.
- 4. Analyse Cost control in wet processing and calculate the cost of capital in dyeing industry.
- 5. Calculate the garment cost and shipment cost for the exports of goods.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	3	2	1	3			2	2	2			2	
2	2	3	2	1	3			2	2	2			2	
3	2	3	2	1	3			2	2	2			2	
4	2	3	2	1	3			2	2	2			2	
5	2	3	2	1	3			2	2	2			2	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### **UNIT I**

#### **PRINCIPLES OF COSTING**

#### Costing- objectives- elements- different costs. Methods: Job- process -absorption- marginal- standard. Cost control and reduction- cost sheet- calculation of cost. Budget- budgetary control- Break even analysis. Profit and Loss account and Balance sheet analysis.

#### **UNIT II**

#### **YARN COST**

Material- labour - direct expenses. Over heads: factory- office- selling and distribution. Budgetbudgetary controls. Variances: material- labour- Over heads. Cost control in yarn production. Preparation of cost sheet in yarn production.

#### UNIT III

#### **FABRIC COST**

Material- labour- direct expenses. Over heads: factory-office-selling and distribution. Variances: material- labour- over heads. Preparation of cost sheet in fabric production. Cost control measures in fabric production.

#### **UNIT IV**

#### **DYEING COST**

Material- labour- direct expenses. Overheads: factory- office- selling and distribution. Variance: material-labour -over heads. Cost control in wet processing- preparation of cost sheet. Cost of capital, IRR, DRC, DSCR, ERR, payback period.

#### UNIT V

#### GARMENT COST

Material- labour - direct expenses (trimmings) over heads factory: office- selling and distribution. Variance: material- labour - overheads. Effects of width, designs and lot size on cost - shipment cost preparation of cost sheet in garment production, Duty drawback.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Richard D. Irwin Principles of Cost Accounting: Managerial Applications 2002.
- 2. P. V. Bhave and V. Srinivasan, Cost Accounting in Textile Mills- ATIRA Publication, 2005.
- 3. G. Shanmugam and T. Sivasankaran, Costing in Textile and Garment Industry-NCUTE Publication, 2002.

#### **12 Hours**

### **12 Hours**

**12 Hours** 

**12 Hours** 

### **12 Hours**

#### Total: 75 Hours

#### 22TT702 TECHNICAL TEXTILES

#### **Course Objectives**

- To provide an overview on the application of technical textiles.
- To teach the manufacturing processes of a few important technical textiles.
- To educate on the physical and chemical properties of technical textiles.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Characterize the different sectors of textile industry and their role in the economy.
- 2. Assess contribution of various sectors of textile industry to nation's economy.
- 3. Critique the efforts taken by the Government of India for the growth of Indian Textile Industry.
- 4. Plan for the utilities in the various sectors of textile Industry.
- 5. Use personnel management principles in textile industry.

3003

# Articulation Matrix

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	3	1	1		1		2	1		3	2	1
2	3	2	3	1	1		2		1	2		3	2	1
3	3	2	3	1	1		1		2	1		3	2	1
4	3	2	3	1	1		2		2	1		3	2	1
5	2	2	3	1	1		2		2	1		3	2	3

#### UNIT I

#### **TECHNICAL FIBRES AND COMPOSITES**

Classification and major applications of technical textiles, Introduction to high performance fibres (organic/inorganic) used for high modulus, thermal and chemical resistance. Market potential of Indian technical textiles in different sectors. Brief idea about technical fibres, role of yarn and fabric construction, composite material, Reinforcement fibres, matrix materials, Classification of textile reinforcement structure.

#### UNIT II

#### MEDICAL AND HEALTHCARE TEXTILES

Classification of medical textiles, Fibres used and Basic requirements for medical textiles. Detailed study and application of textiles in: implantable, non-implantable and extracorporeal devices. Healthcare and hygienic products: face masks, PPE kits, incontinence products etc.

#### UNIT III

#### **PROTECTIVE TEXTILES**

Brief idea about different types of protective clothing: Waterproof fabrics, breathable fabrics, Chemical protection, Fire protection, Heat and cold protection, Ballistic protective clothing and parachute cloth, Shear Thickening Fluids, Camouflage textiles, NBC protection, Nuclear protective fabrics. Sports and recreation textiles: Functional requirement of different types of products and their construction.

#### UNIT IV

#### FILTRATION AND GEOTEXTILES

Filtration textiles: Definition of filtration parameters, theory of dust collection and solid liquid separation, filtration requirements, concept of pore size and particle size, role of fibre, fabric construction and finishing treatments. Geotextiles: Brief idea about geosynthetics and their uses, essential properties of geotextiles, geotextile testing and evaluation, application examples of geotextiles.

#### UNIT V

#### **INDUSTRIAL TEXTILES**

Automotive Textiles: Application of textiles in automobiles, requirement and design for different tyres, airbags and belts, Seat belts and liner fabrics. Textiles for aircrafts methods of production and properties of textiles used in these applications. Functional requirements and types of textiles used for paper making, agricultural, electronics, power transmission belting, hoses, canvas covers and tarpaulins. Sewing threads, cords and ropes: Types, method of production and applications, functional requirements, structure and properties.

**Total: 45 Hours** 

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Sabit Adanur and Wellington Sears, Handbook of Industrial Textiles, Technomic Publishing company Inc., USA, 2005.
- 2. R. Horrocks and S. C. Anand, Handbook of Technical Textiles, Woodhead Publishing Limited and The Textile Institute, 2000.
- 3. Alagirusamy and A. Das, Technical Textile Yarns, CRC press, 2010.
- 4. P. W. Harrison, The Design of Textiles for Industrial Applications, Textile Institute, Manchester, 2002.
- 5. Pushpa Bajaj and A. K. Sengupta, Industrial Applications of Textiles for Filtration and Coated Fabrics, Textile Progress Vol.14, 2000.
- 6. Jarmila Svedova, Industrial Textiles, Elsevier Science Publishing Co Inc. New York, 2001.

#### 22TT707 PROJECT WORK-I

#### **Course Objectives**

- Identify a problem in the field of textiles or related discipline.
- Survey or carry out activities leading to generation of new knowledge.
- Prepare a report and make a presentation.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Apply and formulate a real-world problem related to textiles
- 2. Attribute the requirement and develop the design solutions.
- 3. Analyse the technical ideas, strategies and methodologies.
**Articulation Matrix** 

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	3
2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	3
3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	1	2	3

**Total: 0 Hours** 

### 22TT801 PROJECT WORK-II

### **Course Objectives**

- Identify a problem in the field of textiles or related discipline.
- Survey or carry out activities leading to generation of new knowledge.
- Prepare a report and make a presentation.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Identify, formulate a real-world problem and break-down the complex problems into various concepts and principles based on the literature search.
- 2. Identify the activities required and methods to fulfills them and prepare a work-plan to execute the activities.
- 3. Create and / or select appropriate processes / tools for modelling or preparation of work plan (materials and methods).

- 4. Develop a product or process with systematic approach involving problem analysis, designing solutions (considering health, safety, legal and cultural issues).
- 5. Prepare the reports and presentations in the specified format.
- 6. Demonstrate the ability to work in a team by contributing towards achieving the team (project) goal.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
2	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
3	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
4	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
5	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	3
6	3	3	2	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2

### **Articulation Matrix**

### **Total: 0 Hours**

### **Course Objectives**

- Command over the English language for day-to-day transactions.
- Improve listening and reading skills.
- Increase ability to comprehend complex content.
- Enhance confidence in expressing with clarity and elegance.
- Enthusiastic and reflective use of the language through sufficient and focused practice.
- Articulate fluently and confidently in challenging situations.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Engage with the English language in functional contexts.
- 2. Express in both descriptive and narrative formats.
- 3. Understand and make effective use of the English Language in Business contexts.
- 4. Actively read and comprehend authentic text.
- 5. Express opinions and communicate experiences.

## Articulation Matrix

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1									3	3		3		
2									3	3		3		
3									3	3		3		
4									3	3		3		
5									3	3		3		

### UNIT I

### **SELF-EXPRESSION**

Personal Goals and Values - Being a Team Player-Expressing strengths and weaknesses-Abstract nouns

- Adjectives-Active Listening Skills-Note making -Pronunciation and Accent. Personal goals and values - Reading for Gist and Details-Professional Ethics-Reported Speech-Conjunctions. Reading skills phonemics, word/phrase recognition, sight words. Personal Goals and Values-Conditional clauses-Hypothetical questions and answers-Sentence Structure-Simple Present Tense-Perfect tense.

### UNIT II

### **CREATIVE EXPRESSION**

Instructive and Expository Expression - Creating brochures, catalogues, and manuals for products/ services, Giving directions, Process writing, Sequencing experiments, Concept Explanation-Reported speech-Voice Sentence Equivalence-Proof reading.

### **UNIT III**

### FORMAL EXPRESSION

Notices and Announcements-Writing: Creating notices and circulars for events, announcing college tours and lost and found-Varied Vocabulary - Gender Sensitive Vocabulary, Non-discriminatory Vocabulary, Concise Vocabulary-Paragraph writing - Effective titles, topics and supporting sentences, calling in registrations and queries. Effective communication- Understanding purpose, reach and target audience, achieving complete communication. Punctuation - Capitalization, Numeration, Use of proper nouns and articles-Spelling-Reading: Analysing and interpreting notices and circulars-Understanding the gist of short real-world notices, and messages. Culling out keywords. Information words vs Supporting Words-Interpreting Abbreviations, Acronyms and Short-forms-Listening: Analysing and interpreting announcements. Decoding - Screening for salient points-Note Making-Raising queries for clarification-Speaking: Announcements-Giving complete information-Pronunciation and Enunciation. Pace, Intonation, and Pitch-Conducting Events-Speaking: Master of ceremonies, short speeches - welcome speech, the vote of thanks/ valedictory speech, award-acceptance speech. Writing: Invitations, Preparation of script/draft after interviewing someone. Adjectives-Pronunciation/ Punctuation, Precision and Concision-Politeness markers.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Sasikumar, V, et.al. A Course in Listening & Speaking Foundation Books, 2005.
- 2. Murphy, Raymond. English Grammar in Use: A Self-Study Reference and Practice Book for Intermediate Students: with Answers. Cambridge: Cambridge University Press, 1985.
- 3. Prasad, Hari Mohan. A Handbook of Spotting Errors. McGraw Hill Education, 2010.
- 4. Reynolds, John. Cambridge First Language English. 2018th ed., Hodder Education, 2018.
- 5. Wiggins, Grant P., and Jay McTighe. Understanding by Design. Association for Supervision and Curriculum Development, 2008.

### 22HSH01 HINDI

### **Course Objectives**

- To help students acquire the basics of Hindi.
- To teach them how to converse in Hindi on simple day- to -day situations.
- To help students understand a simple technical text in Hindi.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Construct simple sentences and use vocabulary required for day- to -day conversation.
- 2. Distinguish and understand the basic sounds of Hindi language.
- 3. Apply appropriate grammar to write and speak in Hindi language.
- 4. Comprehend the conversation and give correct meaning.
- 5. Take up Hindi examinations conducted by Dakshin Bharat Hindi Prachar Sabha.

### **Articulation Matrix** CO PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PSO1 PSO2 No 1 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 4 3 3 3 3 5

### UNIT I

### **VOWELS AND CONSONANTS**

Hindi Alphabet: Introduction (Self-introduction) - Vowels - Consonants - Plosives - Fricatives - Nasal sounds - Vowel Signs - Chandra Bindu & Visarg - Table of Alphabet - Vocabulary.

### UNIT II

### NOUNS

Nouns: Genders - Masculine & Feminine - Reading Exercises.

### UNIT III

### **PRONOUNS AND TENSES**

Pronouns and Tenses - Categories of Pronouns - Personal Pronouns - Second person (you & honorific) - Definite & Indefinite pronouns - Relative pronouns - Present tense - Past tense - Future tense -Assertive & Negative Sentences - Interrogative Sentences.

### UNIT IV

### CLASSIFIED VOCABULARY

Classified Vocabulary: Parts of body -Relatives Spices Eatables -Fruit & Vegetables -Clothes - Directions -Seasons Professions.

### 112

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### NT---1

9 Hours

1022

### 9 Hours

# UNIT V

### CONVERSATIONS

Speaking -Telling the times -Saying the Numbers from 1 to 50. Speaking practice for various occasions.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. B.R. Kishore, Self-Hindi Teacher for Non-Hindi Speaking People, Vee Kumar Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
- 2. Hindi Prachar Vahini 1.
- 3. Videos, Stories, Rhymes and Songs.

### 22HSG01 GERMAN

### **Course Objectives**

- To help students appear for the A1 level Examination.
- To teach them how to converse fluently in German in day-to-day scenarios.

### Programme Outcomes (POs)

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Listen and identify individual sounds of German.
- 2. Use basic phonemes and words while speaking.
- 3. Read and understand short passages on familiar topics.
- 4. Use basic sentence structures while writing.
- 5. Understand basic grammar and appropriate vocabulary in completing language tasks.

# Articulation Matrix

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1									3	3				
2									3	3				
3									3	3				
4									3	3				
5									3	3				

### UNIT I

### INTRODUCTION

Introduction to the German Language-Alphabets-Numbers Greetings -Days and Seasons-Working with Dictionary.

### UNIT II

### LANGUAGE AND ITS COMMON USE

Nouns -articles-Speaking about oneself-Listening to CD supplied with books-paying special attention to pronunciation.

### UNIT III

### **TECHNICAL DEUTSCHE**

Regular & Irregular verbs -Personal pronouns-family-Introduction to types of sentences.

### UNIT IV

### INTERROGATION

Question words -Types of Questions -Nominative Case-Verb Conjugation -country -nationalities.

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

### UNIT V IMPLEMENTATION

Verbs to be & to have -conjugation -Hobbies -Framing basic Questions and answers.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Kursbuch and Arbeitsbuch, NETZWERK A1 DEUTSCH ALS FREMDSPRACHE, Goyal Publishers & Distributers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2015.
- 2. Langenscheidt Eurodictionary, German English / English German, Goyal Publishers & Distributers Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.
- 3. Grundkurs, DEUTSCH Lehrbuch Hueber Munichen, 2007.

### **22HSJ01 JAPANESE**

### **Course Objectives**

- To train students for N5 Level Examination.
- To teach them use basic Japanese sentences in day-to-day conversation.
- To make students familiar with the Japanese cultural facets and social etiquette.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Recognize and write Japanese alphabet.
- 2. Speak using basic sounds of the Japanese language.
- 3. Apply appropriate vocabulary needed for simple conversation in Japanese language.
- 4. Apply appropriate grammar to write and speak in Japanese language.
- 5. Comprehend the conversation and give correct meaning.

### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1									3	3				
2									3	3				
3									3	3				
4									3	3				
5									3	3				

### **UNIT I**

### **SELF INTRODUCTION / DEMONSTRATIVES / NOUN MODIFIERS**

Introduction to Japanese- Japanese script - Pronunciation of Japanese (Hiragana (Katakana) Long vowels - Pronunciation of in, tsu, ga -Letters combined with ya, yu, yo - Daily Greetings and Expressions -Numerals. Speaking: Self-Introduction - Listening: Listening to Greetings, Listening to specific information: Numbers, Time.

### UNIT II

### **TIME EXPRESSION / VERBS - PAST**

Introduction to time -Introduction of verbs -Listening to specific information.

### UNIT III

### **ADIECTIVES**

Word Sentence -Introduction to Adjectives -Technical Japanese Vocabulary -Pair Activity Day to day situational conversation.

Listening to Japanese Alphabet Pronunciation -Simple Conversation.

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

### UNIT IV

### **CONJUGATION OF II ADJECTIVE**

Past tense of Noun sentences and Na adjective sentences -Past tense of ii adjective sentences -houga adjective desu -Technical Japanese Vocabulary -Individual Activity - Listening to conversation with related particles.

### UNIT V

### CONJUGATION OF VERBS - TE FORM / TA FORM / NAI FORM / PLAIN FORM

N gahoshidesu - V masu form tai desu - Verb te form - Technical Japanese Vocabulary -Listening to different Counters, simple conversations with verbs and adjectives.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Minna no Nihongo Japanese for Everyone Elementary Main Textbook1-1, Goyal Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 2007.
- 2. Minna no Nihongo Japanese for Everyone Elementary Main Textbook 1-2 Goyal Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., Delhi, 2007.

### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

Total: 45 Hours

### 22HSF01 FRENCH

### **Course Objectives**

- To prepare the students for DELF A1 Examination.
- To teach them to converse fluently in French in day-to-day scenarios.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Help students acquire familiarity in the French alphabet & basic vocabulary.
- 2. Listen and identify individual sounds of French.
- 3. Use basic sounds and words while speaking.
- 4. Read and understand short passages on familiar topics.
- 5. Understand and use basic grammar and appropriate vocabulary in completing language tasks.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1									3	3				
2									3	3				
3									3	3				
4									3	3				
5									3	3				

### **Articulation Matrix**

### **UNIT I**

### **ENTRER EN CONTACT**

La langue fran $\tilde{A}f\hat{A}$ saise, alphabets, les num $\tilde{A}f\hat{A}$ ©ros, les jours, les mois. Grammaire Les verbes s appeler, etre, avoir, les articles definis, indefinis Communication Saluer, s informer sur quelqu un, demander de se presenter Lexique L alphabet, les nationalites, l age, les pays, les couleurs, les jours de la semaine, les mois de l annee, les professions.

### UNIT II

### PARTAGER SON LIEU DE VIE

Les francais et leur habitat, des habitations insolites -Grammaire Verbes Conjugaison Present (Avoir / Etre / ER, IR, RE Regulier et Irregulier) Adjectifs les propositions de lieu. Communication Chercher un logement, decrire son voisin, s informer sur un logement - Lexique L habitat, les pieces, l equipement, la description physique.

9 Hours

### **UNIT III**

### VIVRE AU OUOTIDIEN LES LOISIRS DES FRANCAIS, LES GOUTS DES AUTRES, LES ACTIVITES **OUOTIDIENNES**

Grammaire Articles contractes, verbes vouloir, pouvoir, devoir, adjectifs interrogatifs, future proche Communication Exprimer ses gouts, parler de ses loisirs, justifier un choix, exprimer une envie -Lexique le temps libre et les loisirs, les saisons, les activites quotidiennes, le temps (le matin, le soir, la nuit)

### UNIT IV

### **COMPRENDRE SON ENVIRONNEMENT SOUVRIR A LA CULTURE**

Grammaire Verbes Finir, Sortir, les adjectifs demonstratifs, le passe compose, 1 imparfait Communication Propose a quelqu un de faire quelque chose, raconter une sortie au passe, parler d un film Lexique Les sorties, la famille, l art, les vetements et les accessoires.

### UNIT V

### **GOUTER A LA CAMPAGNE**

Grammaire La forme negative, les verbes acheter, manger, payer, articles partitifs, le pronom en de quantite Communication Accepter et refuser une invitation, donner des instructions, commander au restaurant Lexique Les services et les commerces, les aliments, les ustensiles, l argent.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Grammaire Progressive du Francais, CLE International, 2010.
- 2. Saison1, Marie Noelle Cocton et al, Didier, 2014.
- 3. Preparation a l examen du DELF A1 Hachette.
- 4. Reussir le DELF A1 Bruno Girardeau.
- 5. Website: Francais Linguaphone Linguaphone Institute Ltd., London, 2000.
- 6. Francais Harrisonburg: The Rosetta Stone: Fairfield Language Technologies, 2001.

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

### 22TT001 COLOUR SCIENCE

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the fundamental knowledge of colour science and colour measurement.
- To understand the basics of kinetics and thermodynamics related to dyeing.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Use the principles of colour and colour vision for textile applications.
- 2. Apply colour order systems in textile finishing operations.
- 3. Use colour measurement systems.
- 4. Apply principles of kinetics and thermodynamics in the dyeing of textiles.
- 5. Select software tools for quality control in colouration.

### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2		2	2	2									2
2	2		2	2	2									2
3	2		2	2	2									2
4	2		2	1	1									2
5	2		2	1	2									2

### **UNIT I**

### COLOUR AND COLOUR VISION

Fundamentals of colour science: Eye and colour perception - Colour blindness - colour theory - Tests for defective colour vision. Metamerism, Dichroism, warm and cool colours

### UNIT II

### **COLOUR ORDER SYSTEM**

Munsell system - Ostwald system - CIE matching functions - Determination of Tri-stimulus value - Linear and non-linear transformation - industrial colour tolerance limit and calculations - Concept of K-M theory for colour matching - Derivation of KM equation and its application.

### 9 Hours

### UNIT III

### **COMPUTER COLOUR MATCHING**

Sample preparation for colour matching: Determination of optical data of dyes - Recipe formulation and correction - Detailed study about colour measuring instruments - Spectro photometer - limitations of CCM technique - Sequence of colour matching in industry - invariant and conditional matching. 555 Shade sorting technique.

### UNIT IV

### KINETICS AND THERMODYNAMICS OF DYEING

Dyeing properties related to the inherent physical structure of the fibre - Interaction between dyes and fibre forming polymers - Study about types of adsorption isotherms - Absorption and desorption technique to determine the dyeing equilibrium - Derivation of affinity equation - determination of dyeing rate - theory of dyeing for different fibres.

### UNIT V

**Reference**(s)

### **QUALITY CONTROL OF COLOUR**

Colour difference equation - factors responsible for colour difference - yellowness and whiteness measurement with AATCC and ASTM standards - online colour measurement for textiles - database preparation for colour matching - colour control system and development of colour software.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

- 1. H.S. Shah and R.S. Gandhi, Instrumental Colour Measurements and Computer aided Colour Matching for Textiles, Mahajan Book Distributors, Ahmedabad, 1990.
- 2. A.T. Peters and H.S. Freeman, Physico-chemical Principles of Colour Chemistry, Blackie,1995.
- 3. Ashim Kumar Chaudry, Colour Science, Mahajan Book Distributors, Ahmedabad, 1990.
- 4. D. Sule, Computer Colour Analysis, New Age Internationals (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2002.
- 5. Narendra S. Gangakhedkar, Science and Technology of Colour, Rutu Prakashan, 2003.
- 6. Westland, S., Ripamonti, C., & Cheung, V. Computational colour science using MATLAB. John Wiley & Sons, 2012.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand texturing technology and textured yarn.
- To prepare technological solutions for the challenges in the area of texturing.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Select texturing technique based on the raw materials and end-uses.
- 2. Outline process parameters and the structure of false-twist textured yarn.
- 3. Outline process parameters and the structure of air jet textured yarn.
- 4. Outline process parameters and the structure of BCF textured yarn.
- 5. Appraise chemo-mechanical and thermo-mechanical method of texturing yarns.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1	2	2	1					2			3	
2	2	1	2	2	1					2			3	
3	2	2	2	2	2					3			3	
4	2	2	2	1	2					2			3	
5	2	1	2	2	1					1			3	

### **Articulation Matrix**

### UNIT I

### **CONCEPTS OF TEXTURING**

Purpose, Types of textured yarns, Classification of process, Comparison of textured with other types of yarns and fabrics, suitability of POY, LOY and UDY for texturing, Role of spin finish on textured yarns.

### UNIT II

### FALSE TWIST TEXTURING

Basics of false-twist texturing, machine variables, process variables, Draw texturing, simultaneous and sequential draw texturing - Twisting devices. Structure and properties of FT textured yarns. Applications of false-twist textured yarns.

### UNIT III

### AIR JET TEXTURING

Basics of air jet texturing, types of yarns produced, machine variables, process variables, Air texturing jet, structure and properties of Air jet textured yarns. Applications of air-jet textured yarns.

### UNIT IV

### **BCF PROCESS**

Basics of BCF Process, BCF Draw texturing machine, machine parameters, process variables, structure and properties of BCF textured yarns. Applications of BCF textured yarns.

### UNIT V

### **OTHER METHODS OF TEXTURING**

Stuffer box and edge crimping methods: Principles, limitations and applications. Knit-de-knit and gear crimping methods, texturing of polypropylene, Chemo-mechanical and thermo-mechanical texturing. Testing of Textured Yarns: Measurement of shrinkage force, Crimp contraction - dye uniformity.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. J.W.S. Hearle, L. Hollick and D.K. Wilson, Yarn Texturing Technology, Woodhead Publishing, UK, 1998.
- 2. L. Hes and P. Ursing, Yarn Texturing Technology, Eurotex, Universidade do Minho, 1994.
- 3. Hassan Mohamed Behery Ali Demir, Synthetic Filament Yarn: Texturing Technology, Prentice Hall, 1997.
- 4. R. S. Gandhi, Textured yarns, MANTRA, 1998.
- 5. D. K. Wilson and T. Kollu, The Production of Textured Yarns by the False Twist Technique, Textile Progress, Vol. 21, No.3, Textile Institute, Manchester, U.K., 1991.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

### Total: 45 Hours

### 22TT003 THEORY OF SPINNING

### **Course Objectives**

- To teach the underlying theoretical principles of various processes that takes place during spinning.
- To impart knowledge on the mechanisms of yarn formation.
- To instill an attitude for fundamental research in spinning technology.

### Programme Outcomes (POs)

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Analyse requirements of blending to optimize spun yarn quality.
- 2. Outline opening, cleaning and carding actions used in spinning line.
- 3. Justify the need of doubling and drafting to improve yarn quality.
- 4. Evaluate fibre properties and process parameters for control of yarn quality.
- 5. Analyse fibre properties and material flow to control evenness and hairiness of yarns.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1	1		1								2	
2	2	1	1		1								2	
3	2	1	1		1								2	
4	2	1	1		1								2	
5	2	1	1		1								2	

### **Articulation Matrix**

# UNIT I

### BLENDING

### 9 Hours

Blending requirements, Principles, Blending delay time, Blend proportion, Perfect blend, Blending deficiencies, Optimum blending. Mixing: Optimization, linear programming, goal programming, Index of blend irregularity. Waste recycling.

### UNIT II

### **OPENING, CLEANING AND CARDING**

# Intensity of opening. Opening and cleaning principles: tearing, picking, plucking, beating, combing, tossing. Processing of cotton, manmade fibres and blends. Degree of cleaning, carding and doffing disposition, Centrifugal forces. Action between feed roller and Licker-in, three licker-in theory, main cylinder and flats wide-width theory, autoleveller, periodic mass variation Fibre transfer, mechanism of elimination of neps. Effect of stationary flats on the opening and cleaning.

### UNIT III

### **DOUBLING AND DRAFTING**

Principle, Perfect draft, Actual draft, Law of Doubling, Addition of irregularity, Roller Drafting, Apron drafting, Double apron system, Drafting by opening roller. Periodic variations, Roller nip movements, Roller speed variation, stick-slip curve. Drafting force, Piecing irregularity in combing, influence of combing on overall quality.

### UNIT IV

### YARN FORMATION

Mechanism of twist, Fibre migration phenomena: Obliquity, coherence curve. Twist insertion techniques: False, Flyer, Ring and traveller twisting, up twisting - down twisting - Cabling. two-for-one twister. Open-end, Self-twisting, balancing of twist. Roving bobbin and cop build Tension variation. Traveller lag. end breakages. Balloon Theory.

### UNIT V

### **EVENNESS**

Random fibre distribution. Feed and regulation: blow room, carding, Chute feed system, draw frame, comber, roving, yarn regularity. Hairiness.

### Total: 45 Hours

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. R. Chattopadhyay, Advances in Technology of Yarn Production, NCUTE Publication, New Delhi, 2002.
- 2. Carl Lawrence, Fundamentals of Spun Yarn Technology, CRC Press limited, U.K., 2003.
- 3. K. Slater, Yarn Evenness, Textile Progress, The Textile Institute, Manchester, U.K., 1986.
- 4. W. Klein, The Technology of Short Staple Spinning, Vol. I, V, The Textile Institute, 2010.
- 5. Anindhaya Ghosh and R. S. Rengasamy, Predictive Model for Strength of Spun Yarns: An over view, AUTEX Research Journal, March 2005.

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

### 22TT004/22TTH07 HIGH PERFORMANCE FIBRES

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the structure and manufacturing methods for high performance fibres.
- To understand the physical and chemical properties of high-performance fibres.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Compare and contrast HP fibres with apparel grade fibres in terms of structure and properties.
- 2. Outline the structure, properties and manufacturing methods of non-polymeric fibres.
- 3. Outline the structure, properties and manufacturing methods of inorganic fibres.
- 4. Compare manufacturing methods of polymeric high technology fibres.
- 5. Evaluate the properties of chemical and thermal resistance fibres.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	3	1	2					2		3	2	2
2	3	2	2	1	2					1		3	3	3
3	3	2	3	1	1					2		3	2	2
4	3	2	3	1	1					2		3	1	3
5	3	2	3	2	2					1		3	2	3

### **Articulation Matrix**

### **UNIT I**

### STRUCTURE AND PROPERTIES

Limitations of conventional fibres. Classifications of high-performance fibres and its applications. Structure and properties of high-performance fibres: Micro and fine structural features. Physical properties: tensile, compression and bending properties, fracture morphology.

### UNIT II

### NON-POLYMERIC FIBRES

Carbon fibres: Classification, conversion of precursors to carbon fibres: PAN, rayon and pitch-based carbon fibres. Structural aspects of PAN based and pitch-based carbon fibres. Glass fibres: Types and compositions, Manufacturing processes, fibre structure, properties, applications and limitations.

### UNIT III

### **INORGANIC FIBRES**

Ceramic fibres, Classification of silicon carbide fibres. Aluminium Oxide fibres, Compositions of Aluminium Oxide fibres. Manufacturing process, Fibre structure, properties, applications. Lead fibres, preparation of Lead fibre, Structure and properties of lead fibres, applications, Radiation Shielding Materials

### UNIT IV

### **POLYMERIC HIGH-PERFORMANCE FIBRES**

Aramids: spinning, structure and properties, liquid crystal structure, applications. Comparison of para and meta-aramids. Gel spun high performance PE fibres: difference between HMPE, UHMWPE and other polyethylene fibres, manufacturing and applications.

### UNIT V

### CHEMICAL AND THERMAL RESISTANT FIBRES

Need for chemically and thermally resistant fibres. Chlorinated and fluorinated fibres: manufacturing and properties. Thermally resistant fibres: additives, types of additives and concentration. PEK, PEEK, PPS, PEI, PBI fibres, structure and properties, fibre formation and applications.

### Total: 45 Hours

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. J. W. S. Hearle, High Performance Fibres, Woodhead Publishing Ltd., 2001.
- 2. S. K. Mukhopadhyay, High Performance Fibres, Textile Progress Vol. 25, The Textile Institute, Manchester, 1993.
- 3. Menachem Lewin, Jack Preston, High Technology Fibres, Part A, B, C, Mercel Dekkar Inc, 1993.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

### 22TT005 THEORY OF WEAVING

### **Course Objectives**

- To acquire the fundamental understanding of weaving motion.
- To develop an attitude to carry out fundamental research in weaving technology.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Analyse principles of shedding motions and shedding operations in a loom.
- 2. Appraise picking motions from the perspectives of design and operations.
- 3. Discuss the critical components involved in beat-up mechanism.
- 4. Appraise projectile and rapier looms from design and operation perspectives.
- 5. Evaluate air-jet, water jet and multi-phase looms for design and operations.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	1	3	2	2					2	1		3	2
2	3	2	3	2	2					1	1		3	2
3	3	2	3	1	2					2	1		3	2
4	3	3	3	1	2					1	1		3	2
5	3	1	3	2	2					1	1		3	2

### Articulation Matrix

### UNIT I

### **THEORY OF SHEDDING**

Geometry of warp shed -Types of shed, Characteristics of different sheds, Design of cams, Design of Heald reversing motion. Matched cam shedding, Factors that limits the size of repeat, Mechanics of dobby shedding, Lever, Cam dobby. Electronic dobby - Geometry of Jacquard shedding. Fine Pitch Jacquard.

### UNIT II

### **THEORY OF PICKING**

Dynamics of shuttle movement in the shuttle box, Elastic properties of the picking mechanism, Retardation of shuttle, Rest position of shuttle, Shuttle flight.

### UNIT III

### **MECHANICS OF BEAT UP**

Types of Beat-up mechanisms - 4 link and 6 link beat up - Cam beat up - Sley speed and acceleration -Beat up theory - Beat up time. Sley eccentricity and its effects - Dwell period - Warp and cloth control: Bumping conditions - disturbed weaving conditions - causes for variation in pick spacing Weft Measurement; Weft accumulation systems - Pick length measurement - Weft tensioning - Weft unwinding for individual pick.

### **UNIT IV**

### WEFT INSERTION IN PROJECTILE AND RAPIER

Weft velocity in shuttleless looms, Rate of weft insertion, Weft insertion cycle, Projectile flight through the warp. Types of Rapier weaving machines, Weft insertion in loop form, Tip transfer system, Rapier guide control in the warp sheet, Rapier speeds.

### UNIT V

### WEFT INSERTION - AIR JET, WATER JET, MULTI PHASE

Air jet loom -Jet guides - Design concepts of air jet picking - Theory of air jet picking - Timing diagram - Weft motion through the shed - relay nozzles - Textile dust remover. Water jet loom - Tractive force in the weft thread - Jet and weft thread velocity - Braking of the weft thread - Timing diagram for weft insertion. Multiphase weaving: Technological problems in multiphase weaving.

### FOR FURTHER READING

**Reference**(s)

Motion of the sley, healds and shuttle. Velocity and acceleration curve for torsion bar picking. Characteristics of weft supply packages. Weft tension before the beat up.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

- 1. R. Marks, T. C. Robinson, Principles of Weaving, Textile Institute, Manchester, 1989.
- 2. Sabit Adanur, Handbook of Weaving, Technomic publishing company Inc., USA, 2001.
- 3. M. K. Talukdar, P. K. Sriramulu and D. B. Ajgaonkar, Weaving Machines, Mechanisms, Management, Mahajan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., 2004.
- 4. P. R. Lord and M. H. Mohamed, Conversion of Yarn to Fabric, Woodhead Publishing Limited, 1992.

### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

### 22TT006 CLOTHING SCIENCE

### **Course Objectives**

- To acquire knowledge of textiles from the perspective of human-clothing interface.
- To acquire knowledge on the effects of fibre, yarn, fabrics on garment appearance, comfort, durability, protection and care.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Select the transmission characteristics for the development of end-use specific garments.
- 2. Apply transformation characteristics of textiles to produce functional and aesthetic textiles.
- 3. Determine fabric hand, fit and size parameters for clothing comfort.
- 4. Choose component and materials for apparels based on the principles of clothing science.
- 5. Develop apparels for specific end uses.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2	2	1	1	2				2				2
2	2	1	2	2	1	1				1				2
3	2	2	2	1	2	2				2				2
4	2	2	1	2	2	1				1				2
5	2	3	2	1	2	2				2				2

### Articulation Matrix

### UNIT I

### HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY ON CLOTHING

Need and selection of clothing. Definition of comfort. Human physiological aspect of comfort. Various aspects of clothing comfort. Comfort variables. Comfort properties of fibres, yarns and fabric structures. Psychological comfort of fabrics and garments.

### UNIT II

### FIBRE AND FABRIC PROPERTIES ON CLOTHING

Effect of fibre properties, yarn structure, fabric design, fabric construction and treatments on the fabric properties such as air permeability, breathability, moisture transport -wetting and wicking. Study of factors that affect Hygral expansion, relaxation shrinkage, swelling shrinkage, felting shrinkage.

### UNIT III

### FABRIC HANDLE AND COMFORT

Bending - Compression- Tensile - Shear - surface friction - Bias extension - Formability - Tailorability - Objective evaluation of fabric handle by KES and FAST Fabric parameters and its influence on fabric comfort. Garment fit and size on comfort.

### UNIT IV

### TACTILE COMFORT AND FIT COMFORT

Tactile Comfort-Tactile comfort sensations, Fabric characteristics and tactile attributes, Fabric parameters influencing tactile sensation. Clothing Fit and Comfort. Body dimensions and pattern. Garment fit and comfort relationship. Factors related to clothing fit.

### UNIT V

### DEVELOPMENTS AND IMPROVEMENTS IN CLOTHING

Fit analysis for various end uses: Winter - summer wear - innerwear - Sports - Casual - Swim wear. Functional and quality requirements. Different approaches for improving thermal comfort in apparel and Improving moisture management in apparel- Sensing and responding textiles, Fabric with pore size gradient, Fibres with nano-structured surface, Mixture of hydrophilic and hydrophobic fibres.

### Total: 45 Hours

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. D. R. Buchanan, The Science of Clothing Comfort, Textile Progress, Vol.31, No.1/2, 1999.
- 2. K. Slater, Comfort Properties of Textiles, The Textile Institute, Manchester, Vol. 9, No.4, 1997.
- 3. Pradip V. Metha, An Introduction to Quality Control for the Apparel Industry, ASQC Quality Press, Marcel Dekker Inc New York, 1992.
- 4. R. Ed Postle, S. Kawabata and M. Niwa, Objective Evaluation of Fabrics, Textile Machinery Society, Japan, Osaka, 1983.
- 5. Miller, Textiles: Properties and Behaviours in Clothing Use, The Textile Institute, 1998.

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### 22TT007 COSTING AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

### **Course Objectives**

To offer the students a broad overview of costing of textile products and teach principles of • financial management.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Understand the cost accounting, and financial management.
- 2. Explain the concept of process costing, marginal costing and cost accounting.
- 3. Apply the principles and evaluation of capital budgeting techniques.
- 4. Analyse the cost of capital, capital structure and financial leverage in capital budgeting.
- 5. Apply the principles and determinants involved in working capital management.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	3			3			2	2	2	1		2	
2	2	3			3			2	1	2	2		2	
3	2	3			3			2	2	2	2		2	
4	2	3			3			2	1	2	1		2	
5	2	3			3			2	2	2	2		2	

### **Articulation Matrix**

### UNIT I

### **BASICS OF COSTING AND FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT**

Introduction to cost accounting-Cost ledgers: Reconciliation between cost and financial accounting -Costing methods -Product Costing, Job, order, Batch and Contract costing- Cost Sheet. Introduction Financial Management: Functions, Goals, Organization of Finance Function, Time Value of Money, Future Value and Present Value of Money. Real and Nominal Interest Rate.

### UNIT II

### PROCESS COSTING AND ACCOUNTING

Process costing-operation costing -unit costing, multiple costing -Marginal costing -Throughput accounting -ABC -integration of standard costing with marginal cost -Transfer Pricing-Treatment of special expenses -Accounting and control of waste, scrap, spoilage, defective etc.

### UNIT III

### PRINCIPLES OF CAPITAL BUDGETING

Principles and Nature of Capital Budgeting, Evaluation Techniques: Payback Period, Accounting Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Internal Rate of Return, Profitability Index. Project selection under Capital Rationing.

### UNIT IV

### **CAPITAL BUDGETING**

Cost of Capital and Capital Structure Concept of Cost of Capital, Measurement of Specific Costs and Overall Cost of Capital, Factors Determining Capital Structure, Operating and Financial Leverage.

### UNIT V

### WORKING CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

Principles of Working Capital, Principles and Determinants of Working Capital, Operating Cycle, Estimation of Working Capital, Policies for Financing Current Assets, GWC vs. NWC.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. M.N. Arora, Cost Accounting: Principles and practice, New Delhi: Vikas publishing Pvt. Ltd., 2011.
- 2. Horngreen, Foster & Datar, Cost Accounting-A Managerial Emphasis, New Delhi: Prentice Hall India, 2010.
- 3. Dr. Ashish K. Bhattacharyya, Principles and Practice of Cost Accounting, New Delhi: Prentice Hall (PHI), 2012.
- 4. I.M. Pandey, Financial Management, New Delhi: Vikas Publishing House Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
- 5. Brigham and Houston, Fundamentals of Financial Management, New Delhi: Thomson Learning, 2011.
- 6. Prasanna Chandra, Financial Management-Theory and Practice, New Delhi: Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, 2012.

### 8 Hours

# 8 Hours

10 Hours

### 9 Hours

**Total: 45 Hours** 

### 22TT008 MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT

### **Course Objectives**

- To impart the knowledge in settings and maintenance schedule for various machinery in textile mills.
- To teach the activities in the machinery audit.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics. **Course Outcomes (COs)** 

- 1. Prepare maintenance schedules for various textile machines.
- 2. Develop procedures involved in maintaining textile machines.
- 3. Analyse the performance of machines in terms of efficiency.
- 4. Select appropriate lubricants for various machine parts.
- 5. Appraise the activities involved in maintenance records.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1	2		2				2				3	
2	2	1	2		2				2				2	
3	1	1	3		2				2				2	
4	2	1	2		2				2				1	
5	2	2	1		2				2				2	

### **Articulation Matrix**

### UNIT I

### CONCEPTS

Maintenance: Objectives - Types - Organizational structure - Duties - personnel. Systems and procedures: Planning - Scheduling - Controlling - Implementation of planned maintenance - Backlogs - Rescheduling. Housekeeping - Cleanliness - Machinery Audit. Maintenance Records: Maintenance Ledger - Machine cards - Maintenance cost control. Safety Accidents - Causes and prevention - safety in material handling, maintenance.

### **UNIT II**

### SPINNING PREPARATION

Maintenance schedules - Frequency - manpower - Time required - Special tools - Gauges. Maintenance of Card Clothing: Wire inspection - Grinding procedure - Burnishing - Flat end milling - Aprons - Flyer - Bottom roller - Top roller - Cots: selection - mounting - Buffing frequency - Grinding - Berkolising -Acid treatment - Cot life - Top roller greasing- machine setting.

### UNIT III

### SPINNING AND POST SPINNING

Maintenance schedules - Frequency - manpower - Time required - Special tools - Gauges. Roller Eccentricity and its control - Tolerances for drafting rollers. Maintenance schedules: Cone winding -Reeling - Bundling Baling Lubrication: Spindle oil topping - Replenishing.

### UNIT IV

### WEAVING

Maintenance schedules for cone winding - pirn winding -warping -sizing- auto and non-auto weaving machines. Weaving machinery layout - material handling and equipment. Weaving machinery audit. Dobby, jacquard maintenance, allocations of machines.

### UNIT V

### WEAVING ACCESSORIES MAINTENANCE

Shuttle care - selection - seasoning - life of shuttle. Maintenance of reed. Drop wires maintenance. Maintenance of picker - picking bands - Healds - Heald frames - pirns - shuttleless loom accessories. Maintenance of Utilities: Maintenance of Powerhouse: Electrical powerhouse - equipment - motors starters - lighting. Humidification plant - compressors - air lines - generators.

### Total: 45 Hours

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. T. V. Ratnam, Maintenance Management in Spinning, SITRA, Coimbatore, 2009.
- 2. K. Balasubramanian, J. S. Manoharan, Maintenance Management in Weaving, SITRA, Coimbatore, 2008.
- 3. Neeraj Nijhawan, Comprehensive Handbook of Spinning Maintenance, Part 1: Maintenance Management, The Textile Association, Mumbai, India, 2006.
- 4. Neeraj Nijhawan, Comprehensive Handbook of Spinning Maintenance, Part 2: Spinning Accessories, The Textile Association, Mumbai, India, 2006.
- 5. Neeraj Nijhawan, Comprehensive Handbook of Spinning Maintenance, Part 3: General Engineering, The Textile Association, Mumbai, India, 2006.
- 6. T. R. Banga, N. K. Agarwal and S. C. Sharma, Industrial Engineering and Management, Khanna Publishers, Chennai, 1995.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

### 22TT009 MANAGERIAL PRACTICES IN TEXTILE INDUSTRIES

### **Course Objectives**

- To impart knowledge on the fundamental principles of management as applied to the textile industry.
- To educate the students on the interaction of government and society with the textile industry and its effect and their management.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Characterize the different sectors of textile industry and their role in the economy.
- 2. Assess contribution of various sectors of textile industry to nations economy.
- 3. Critique the efforts taken by the Government of India for the growth of Indian Textile Industry.
- 4. Plan for the utilities in the various sectors of textile Industry.
- 5. Use personnel management principles in textile industry

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2	1			1	2	2					3	
2	1	1	2			2	2	1					2	
3	2	1	3			2	3	1					2	
4	1	2	2			1	1	2					3	
5	2	2	1			2	2	2					2	

### **Articulation Matrix**

### UNIT I

### **TEXTILE INDUSTRY**

Global scenario, Indian textile Industry, Indian Textile Policy, Trade policy, Fiscal policy, NTC, STC, Textile committee, National Hand loom Development Corporation, Mills association, Research Institutions, Technical Textile Units, Current five-year Plan: Targets and achievements; statistics on global and national fibre, yarn and fabric production, consumption, exports and imports.

### UNIT II

### **CENTRAL AND STATE GOVERNMENT SCHEMES**

Production Linked Incentive (PLI), PM Mega Integrated Textile Region & Apparel (PM MITRA), Comprehensive Handicrafts Cluster Development Scheme (CHCDS), Technology Up- gradation Fund Scheme (TUFS), Textile Workers Rehabilitation Fund Scheme, Group Work Shed Scheme, Comprehensive Power loom Cluster Development Scheme, Group Insurance scheme, Scheme for Integrated Textile Parks, Hank Yarn Obligation (HYO); Yarn Bank Scheme. Technology Missions for Technical textiles. Centre of Excellence.

### UNIT III

### MILL ORGANIZATION AND PLANNING

Organizational Structure and Functioning of Centralized and Decentralized Sectors: Spinning, Weaving, Composite mill, Chemical processing Units. ERP, MIS, Cotton Purchase Practices, Inventory control, Spin plan, Weave plan, Product costing, Managerial responsibilities. Selection of site for textile mills, Various types of buildings. Upgradation of plant and production equipment, Capital investment proposals and feasibility.

### UNIT IV

### UTILITIES

Power requirements for spinning, weaving, Knitting and Garment machinery, Amenities required, Ventilation, Humidification systems, RH and temperature of various departments. Lighting types, Intensity requirements.

### UNIT V

### PERSONNEL AND MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Planning, Selection, Training, Welfare safety, Factory act, Industrial dispute act, Trade union act, Bonus act, ESI, wage structure in textiles and apparel industry, Categories of operatives in textile mills, HOK, OHS. Labour handling techniques. Marketing channel, Physical distribution, Roles and responsibility of personal department in a textile industry.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. V. D. Dudeja, Management of Textile Industry, Textile Trade Press, Ahmedabad 1990.
- 2. A. Ormerod, Textile Product Management, The Textile Institute, Manchester 1992.
- 3. Handbook of Import and Export Procedures, Textile Commissioner, Office Reports, Government of India, Ministry of Textiles, Government of India Publications (2005, 2010).

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### **Total: 45 Hours**

### 22TT010 UTILITIES ENGINEERING

### **Course Objectives**

- To familiarize with fundamentals of utilities engineering.
- To understand the operational aspects of utilities in textile mills.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Appraise elements and operations of Air Engineering in a Textile Industry context.
- 2. Analyse electrical layout design, selection of cables, power billing and power management.
- 3. Assess the requirements of back-up power, size DG Sets and prepare maintenance schedules.
- 4. Assess water quality needs of industries; understand the methods of Primary, Secondary and Tertiary effluent treatment.
- 5. Select boilers, air compressors and safety equipment for a factory environment.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	2	2	1		2					2	3	1	2
2	1	1	2	1		1					2	3	1	2
3	1	1	2	2		2					2	2	1	2
4	1	1	2	2		1					1	2	1	2
5	1	1	2	2		1					2	3	2	2

### Articulation Matrix

3003

### UNIT I

### AIR ENGINEERING

Humidification: Need for Humidification - Supply air - measurement of required Air changes - Motor Power - CFM output. Air washer plants: Nozzles system- Fog system- Eliminators and Louvers-Exhaust Air- measurement of required air changes - Water quality - Diffuser material - Duct material -Air filters. Sizing of Humidification plant and heat load. Operational aspects of Humidification plants in a textile mill.

### UNIT II

### **ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS**

Design of electrical distribution system for textile plants, powerhouse, transformer capacity, distribution network, cable size calculations, capacitor calculations, power factor maintenance, power quality, sourcing electrical power, issues in power billing, lighting installations, economic aspects of power management.

### UNIT III

### **CAPTIVE POWER GENERATION**

Generator set selection, load calculations, fuel efficiency, power factor effects, Generator set location, exhaust system, and Maintenance practices. Unconventional energy sources like wind power, solar power.

### UNIT IV

### STEAM MANAGEMENT

Boilers, Types, stream distribution systems, fuel and air preheating, boiler blow down, pressure drop and pipe design, pipe fittings and lagging, Thermic fluid heating devices.

### UNIT V

### COMPRESSORS AND PNEUMATIC SYSTEMS, SAFETY

Compressors, types, calculation of capacities, operational features, maintenance, safety, pneumatic lines, hoses, pneumatic pistons. Fire Fighting and Safety -Firefighting equipment, safety devices, accident prevention.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Reference(s) G. Shanmugham, T. Sivasankaran and D. Saravanan, Engineering Aspects of Textile Mills, Module No 5, BIT, NCUTE Publications, 2002.
- 2. Steam Consumption Norms for Textile Processes Houses, BTRA, Mumbai, 2007.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

### Total: 45 Hours

### 22TT011/22TTH08 INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING

### **Course Objectives**

- To impart the fundamental principles of Industrial Engineering as applied to textile field.
- To make the students familiar with the techniques of work study with practical textile examples.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### Course Outcomes (COs)

- 1. Suggest remedial actions for low productivity.
- 2. Analyze work assignments by work and method study.
- 3. Deduce measures to improve labour productivity by conducting motion study and time study.
- 4. Develop alternative layouts by studying existing layout and constraints.
- 5. Analyze difficulties in existing material handling methods and ambience; suggest modifications to improve labour productivity.

### Articulation Matrix

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1		1	2	2		2	2	1		2	2	3	3	1
2		1	2	3		2	1	1		2	2	3	3	2
3		1	2	3		2	2	1		2	2	2	3	2
4		2	2	2		1	1	2		1	1	3	3	2
5		2	2	1		3	1	2		1	1	3	3	1

### UNIT I

### PRODUCTIVITY

Scope of Industrial Engineering. Industrial engineering concepts. Productivity indices. Workloads: work assignments - Work content - added work content - reduction of work content - ineffective time - improving productivity - causes for low productivity in Spinning, Weaving, Wet Processing and Garment industries.

### UNIT II

### WORK AND METHOD STUDY

Work Study: Definition - Purpose - Techniques of work study - Procedure for work study Method Study: Definition - Procedure. Process charts: Symbols - Process Sequence chart - Outline process chart - Flow process charts (man type, material type, equipment type) - Charts using time scale - multiple activity charts. Diagrams: string diagram - cycle graph - chrono-cycle graph - travel chart. Textile and Garment industry examples.

### UNIT III

### **MOTION AND TIME STUDY**

Motion Study: Operation analysis - motion analysis - motion economy - two handed process chart - micro motion study - Therbligs - SIMO chart. Textile and Garment industry examples. Time Study: Procedure - Equipment. Techniques of time study - Stop watch method. Predetermined Motion Time Standards (PMTS) - Rating. Allowances: Standard Time - Standard data. Textile and Garment industry case studies.

### UNIT IV

### **FACTORY LAYOUTS**

Layout: Layout planning. Types of layouts: Process, Product, Combination and Fixed. Line Balancing: Line Balancing Objectives - Procedure - Techniques. Applications in Textile and Garment units.

### UNIT V

### MATERIAL HANDLING AND WORK ENVIRONMENT

Material Handling: Objectives - principles of material handling - relationship of material handling to plant layout -material handling equipment - Descriptions and characteristics - Specialized material handling equipment for Textile and garment units. Work Environment and Services: Lighting - Ventilation - Temperature Control and Humidity Control - Noise Control - Safety - Ergonomics.

### FOR FURTHER READING

Remedial measures for low productivity, Flow diagram for Textile and Garment Industry, Calculation of Standard Minutes Value (SMV), Layout for Textile and garment units, Hygiene, Feeding and Convenience related services.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

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### 9 Hours

9 Hours

### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. O. P. Khanna, Industrial Engineering and Management, Dhanpat Rai Publications (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2004.
- 2. Johnson Maurice, Introduction to Work Study, International Labour Organization, Geneva, 1995.
- 3. Jacob Solinger, Apparel Manufacturing Hand Book-Analysis, Principles and Practice, Boblin Media Corp, Columbia, 1991.
- 4. James M. Apple, Plant Layout and Materials Handling, John Wiley & Sons, 1997.
- 5. Ralph M. Barnes, Motion and Time Study Design and Measurement of Work, John Wiley & Sons, New York, 1992.
- 6. A. J. Chuter, Introduction to Clothing Production Management, Blackwell Publishing, Oxford, 2004.
### 22TT012 PROCESS CONTROL IN SPINNING AND WEAVING

### **Course Objectives**

- Select suitable raw material and machinery set-up for the manufacturing of the yarn and fabrics with required quality.
- Outline the parameters for the satisfactory performance of various intermediate processes involved in spinning and weaving.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Select suitable raw materials for the manufacturing of the yarn with required quality.
- 2. Choose the machinery and process parameters for manufacturing of yarn with required quality and propose measures for trouble shooting in spinning process.
- 3. Select the machinery and process parameters for the manufacturing of fabrics with required quality.
- 4. Choose the parameters for manufacturing of fabric with required quality and remedial measures for trouble shooting in weaving process.
- 5. Identify parameters for satisfactory performance of intermediate processes in spinning and weaving.

### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2	1	2	2	1	2						2	
2	2	1	2	2	2	1	2						2	
3	2	2	2	1	1	2	3						3	
4	1	2	1	2	2	2	2						2	
5	2	2	2	2	2	2	1						2	

### UNIT I

### **RAW MATERIALS AND SPINNING PREPARATORY PROCESSES**

Cotton Mixing quality-Fibre Quality Index (FQI) and its applications -prediction of spinnability and yarn quality- Selection of manufactured fibres (polyester, viscose rayon, acrylic and nylon): Fibre parameters according to end use requirements including blended yarn production. Bale Management Techniques- blending irregularity. Causes of nep generation - nep removal in carding and combing machines. Cleaning efficiency of blowroom and cards, Trash % in card sliver, waste extraction in blowroom and cards. Deviation rate in yarns. On line nep monitoring, hooks & hooks removal. Contamination & its control-Online monitoring of contamination-Stickiness: causes, effect & control strategies. Process control strategies for organic cotton processing.

### **UNIT II**

### YARN OUALITY CONTROL

Cleaning and control of wastes - yarn realisation. Within and between bobbin count variations, control of count variations in preparatory machines and ring frame, yarn unevenness and imperfections, causes for unevenness and imperfections, Analysis and interpretation spectrograms. Yarn faults, causes and methods to reduce faults. Causes and remedial measures for variability in strength. Measures for control of hairiness. Control end breaks in spinning. Norms for spinning yarn quality.

### UNIT III

### PROCESS CONTROL IN WEAVING PREPARATION

Yarn quality requirements for shuttle and shuttleless looms, Quality and performance in winding, warping, pirn winding, sizing and beam gaiting, Quality of package and package density, weaving package defects, causes and remedies, choice of size recipe, control of size pick up, size encapsulation, selection of weaving accessories.

### UNIT IV

### **PROCESS CONTROL IN WEAVING**

Fabric defects, causes, control measures. Inspection standards, cloth realization, value loss. Snap study in loom shed, Process performance studies and norms (including preparatory sections).

### UNIT V

### PRODUCTIVITY IN SPINNING AND WEAVING

Factors affecting productivity in spinning and weaving, productivity indices, Loom efficiency: factors influencing loom efficiency, maximizing production and productivity in spinning and weaving.

**Total: 45 Hours** 

## 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. T. V. Ratnam and K. P. Chellamani, Quality Control in Spinning, SITRA, Coimbatore, 1999.
- 2. A. R. Garde and T. A. Subramaniam, Process Control in Spinning, ATIRA, Ahmedabad, 1989.
- 3. A System of Process Control in Weaving, ATIRA, Ahmedabad, 1983.
- 4. A. J. Chuter, Quality Management in the Clothing and Textile Industry, Woodhead Publishing, UK, 2011.
- 5. M. C. Paliwal and P. D. Kimothi, Process Control in Weaving, ATIRA Publication, Ahmedabad, 1983.
- 6. W. Klein, Manmade Fiber and their Processing, The Textile Institute, Manchester, U.K.1994.

### 22TT013 ADVANCES IN CHEMICAL PROCESSING TECHNOLOGY

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the advancements in the chemical processing of textile materials.
- To evaluate the alternative processes using enzymes in preparation and finishing.
- To acquire knowledge on energy conservation and pollution control measures.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Analyse process parameters involved in fabric preparatory processes.
- 2. Suggest dye recipes for textile materials for different depths employing latest developments.
- 3. Evaluate the concepts involved in textile finishes.
- 4. Appraise the issues involved in the operation and maintenance of effluent treatment plants.
- 5. Select suitable printing machines and techniques.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	1	2	2	2								3
2	3	2	2	1	2	1								3
3	3	1	3	2	1	2								3
4	3	1	3	3	2	2								3
5	3	2	2	2	2	2								3

### **ADVANCES IN PREPARATORY PROCESSES**

Combined preparatory processes - Single bath desizing, scouring and bleaching - Bio-scouring and its limitations - Bio-bleaching and combined enzyme assisted processes - Solvent scouring Process -Preparatory process for blends, application of enzymes in textile processing.

### **UNIT II**

### DYEING

Developments in the application of direct, reactive, disperse dyes to textile materials using batch wise and continuous methods - Salt free dyeing of reactive dyes - Dyeing of wool blends - Concept of Right First- Time dyeing - Developments in E-control dyeing machines - Low liquor and Low wet pickup techniques, super critical carbon dioxide dyeing.

### **UNIT III**

### FINISHING

Micro and Nano encapsulation and its application in finishing of textile materials - Finishing of technical textiles - Formaldehyde-free crease recovery finishing. Problems and remedies in the flameretardant finishing of polyester and its blends. Bio-polishing - Influence of biopolishing on dyeability and physical properties of fibres and fabrics - developments of new fibres using Bio technology.

### UNIT IV

### **ENERGY CONSERVATION AND POLLUTION CONTROL**

Energy conservation steps in chemical processing - causes and remedies for water and air pollution -Detailed study about characteristic of textile effluent and its norms - Developments in membrane techniques in the effluent treatment. Bio-technology in textile effluent treatment.

### UNIT V

### PRINTING

Developments in rotary printing machine, Developments in pigment printing: foam, plastic, foil, rubber, glitter and transparent print. Synthetic thickeners for latest printing techniques - Digital printing - 3D printing- Transfer printing.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. V. A. Shenai, Technology of Printing, Vol. IV, Sevak Publication, Bombay, 1996.
- 2. John Shore, Cellulosic Dyeing, Society of Dyers and Colourists, 1995.
- 3. P. W. Harrison, Low-Liquor Dyeing and Finishing, Textile Progress, UK, 1986.
- 4. R B Chavan, Environmental Issues: Technology Options for Textile Industry, Special Issue, Indian Journal of Fibre and Textile Research, New Delhi, 2001.
- 5. A C Paulo, Enzymes in Textile Processing, Woodhead Publication, UK, 2002.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

## 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### Total: 45 Hours

### 22TT014 PROCESS AND QUALITY CONTROL IN TEXTILE CHEMICAL PROCESSING

### **Course Objectives**

- To acquire knowledge on quality and process control in chemical processing.
- To apply and use norms and standards applied to chemical processing.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Organize process control measures in preparatory process.
- 2. Develop process control measures in dyeing.
- 3. Appraise process control measures in printing.
- 4. Analyse process control measures in mechanical finishing process.
- 5. Develop process control measures in chemical finishing process.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	3	3	1	2	3							2	2
2	3	3	3	2	2	2							3	2
3	3	3	3	2	2	2							3	2
4	3	3	3	2	2	1							2	2
5	3	3	3	1	2	2							2	2

### PROCESS CONTROL IN PREPARATORY

Overview of process and quality control in textile chemical processing. Machine and process parameters influencing the process performance and quality of preparatory processes. Desizing - Scouring - Bleaching -Souring - Mercerization. Quality evaluation of preparatory processed material.

### UNIT II

### PROCESS AND QUALITY CONTROL IN DYEING

Machine and process parameters influencing dyeing of fibre, yarn and fabrics made from various fibres with different dyeing techniques. Quality evaluation of dyed material.

### UNIT III

### PROCESS AND QUALITY CONTROL IN PRINTING

Machine and process parameters influencing the printing of fabrics made from various fibres with different printing techniques. Quality evaluation of printed material.

### UNIT IV

### PROCESS AND QUALITY CONTROL IN FINISHING

Machine and process parameters influencing the Mechanical finishing of fabrics made from various fibres with different finishing techniques. Quality evaluation of mechanically finished textile material.

### UNIT V

### PROCESS AND QUALITY CONTROL IN FINISHING

Machine and process parameters influencing the chemical finishing of fabrics made from various fibres with different finishing techniques. Quality evaluation of chemically finished textile material.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. B.P. Saville, Physical Testing of Textiles, The Textile Institute, Woodhead Publishing Limited, Cambridge, 1999.
- 2. R. Ed Postle, S. Kawabata and M. Niwa, Objective Evaluation of Fabrics, Textile Machinery Society, Japan, Osaka, 1993.
- 3. S. R. Karmakar, Chemical Technology in the Pretreatment Process of Textiles, Elsevier Publications, 1999.
- 4. P.C. Mehta, Process and Quality Control, BTRA, 1995.
- 5. Prof Y M India, Process control and safety in chemical processing of Textile, 2012.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

### Total: 45 Hours

### 22TT015 ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS OF DYEING

### **Course Objectives**

- To acquire knowledge on environmental aspects in textile chemical processing.
- To apply different dyeing techniques to reduce chemicals for ecofriendly chemical processing.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Understand the mechanism and applications in textile processing industry.
- 2. Implement environmental standards to control the usage of dyes in chemical processing.
- 3. Develop various techniques in the area of dyeing and printing.
- 4. Analyse pollution control and decolouration of textile dye effluent in textile dyeing.
- 5. Apply suitable physical, chemical and biological treatment for waste minimization and dye effluent process in textile processing industry.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	3	3		2	2	3							2
2	3	3	3		2	1	2							2
3	3	3	3		2	2	1							2
4	3	3	3		2	1	2							2
5	3	3	3		2	3	3							2

### **Articulation Matrix**

**DYEING AND TEXTILE INDUSTRY** 

### UNIT I

Dyes- properties - Mechanism and Applications in textile industry: fibre, yarn and fabric dyeing, Process parameters, quality evaluation.

### ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN

European legislation relating to textile dyeing; Environmental legislation USA, Dangerous substances in textiles, Eco labelling, waste water, Air, water framework directive, globally harmonized system, Future trends.

### UNIT III

### ENVIRONMENTAL DYEING TECHNIQUES

Toxicology of textile dyes, pigments; Genotoxicity, mutagens and carcinogens, Sustainable dye application, exhaustion dyeing, continuous, semi-continuous dyeing, Air-dye technology, Plasma technology, foam dyeing, spraying, microwave, ultrasonic wave dyeing technology, Ozone, electro chemical, bio-based technology and digital screen printing.

### UNIT IV

### **TEXTILE DYEING AND DECOLOURISATION OF TEXTILE DYE EFFLUENT**

Supercritical fluid textile dyeing technology; High performance fibre dyeing, Market scenario, Future trends, Pollution abatement and waste minimization in textile dyeing; Decolourisation of textile dye effluent and re-use of spent dye bath; Resource management practices.

### UNIT V

### PHYSICAL, CHEMICAL AND BIOLOGICAL TREATMENT OF DYE EFFLUENT PROCESS

Waste minimization, ozonisation, activated carbon, biomass, UV gamma, electron beam, filtration, Reverse osmosis, electrochemical, Chemical treatment of textile dye effluent; Biotechnological treatment of textile dye effluent.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Christie R. Environmental aspects of textile dyeing. Elsevier; 2007.
- 2. Aspland J R, Textile Dyeing and Coloration, Research Triangle Park NC, AATCC, 1997.
- 3. Knittel D, Saus W and Schollmeyer E, Application of supercritical carbon dioxide in finishing processes, J Text Inst, 84, 2019.
- 4. Senthil Kumar, P., & Yaashika, P. R. Sustainable dyeing techniques. In Sustainable innovations in textile chemical processes, Springer, Singapore, 2018.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

# Total: 45 Hours

### 22TT016 TEXTILE EFFLUENT TREATMENT

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the need to control the effluents arising from wet processing.
- To suggest different methods of treating the textile effluents.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Characterize textile effluents.
- 2. Characterize colour and turbidity of textile effluents.
- 3. Assess the water quality using standard procedures.
- 4. Propose inputs for the design of an effluent treatment plant.
- 5. Suggest suitable methods to reduce the effluent load in textile processing.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	3	1		2	2	3			2	2	3		3
2	3	3	2		1	2	2			2	1	2		3
3	3	3	3		3	2	2			2	2	1		3
4	3	3	2		2	1	1			1	2	2		3
5	3	3	2		1	2	1			1	1	2		3

### SOURCES AND CHARACTERISTICS OF POLLUTION

Characteristics and treatment of effluents: Preparatory process - Colouration - Finishing - Combined effluents. Problem of colours. Synthetic and woollen textile processing effluents: Spin bath components - Wool scouring wastes: Solids - Liquids.

### UNIT II

### **COLOUR AND TURBIDITY**

Primary treatment: Screening - sedimentation - Equalization - Neutralization - Coagulation - Floatation. Secondary biological treatments: Activated sludge - Trickling filtration - Aerated lagoons - Secondary sedimentation - Oxidation ponds - Anaerobic digestion - Sludge disposal. Tertiary treatment: Multimedia filtration - chemical coagulation - chemical precipitation - hyper filtration: Ultra filtration - Nano filtration - Reverse osmosis. Dialysis- Chlorination.

### UNIT III

### WATER AND EFFLUENT ANALYSIS

Water analysis - Colour - Acidity - Alkalinity - Dissolved solids - Suspended solids - Total hardness (Calcium & Magnesium). Methods: EDTA Titrimetric - Total iron-thiocyanate - Determination of Alkalinity - Chlorides - Dissolved oxygen - Surfactants - Methylene blue - Corrosivity - BOD-COD -TDS Toxicity.

### UNIT IV

### **EFFLUENT TREATMENT PLANTS**

Design of effluent treatment plant: Individual Unit- Common effluent treatment- Collection of samples - Quality assurance programmes in ETP: Audit- Assessment- Recording - Monitor - Re-evaluation. Sludge Management: Source reduction- Bio-elimination - Solid separation - Government Regulations-Norms for treated water.

### UNIT V

### **REDUCTION OF POLLUTION AND WATER REQUIREMENT**

Waste segregation - recovery - reuse - substitution of low polluting chemicals - process modification economy in water use. Quality requirement of water for processing: Cotton - Synthetics - Wool - Silk -Boiler - Humidification.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. C. S. Rao, Environment Pollution Control Engineering, New Age International Ltd., 1994.
- 2. P. Cooper, Colour in Dyehouse Effluent, Society of Dyers and Colourists, UK, 1995.
- 3. N. Manivasakam, Treatment of Textile Processing Effluents, Sakhi Publications, 1995.
- 4. P. Vankar, Textile Effluent, NCUTE Publication, New Delhi, 2002.

### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

### **Total: 45 Hours**

### **Course Objectives**

- To acquire the knowledge of advanced technologies in knitting.
- To understand the mechanisms involved in advanced knitting machines.
- To analyse the latest developments in knitted fabric structures.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

### Course Outcomes (COs)

- 1. Compare the contrast warp and weft knitted structures.
- 2. Select tricot and raschel knitting machines for production of knitted fabrics.
- 3. Analyse features of flat knitting machine to produce flat knit structures.
- 4. Understand the loop geometry and loop formation in a knitted fabric.
- 5. Select yarn preparation machines and methods for warp knitting.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2	1	2	2	1				2	2		2	
2	2	2	2	2	1	3				2	2		2	
3	2	2	2	2	2	2				1	2		2	
4	2	2	3	2	2	2				1	1		2	
5	2	2	2	2	2	2				2	1		2	

### WEFT KNITTING

Needle Selection Techniques in weft knitting - Storage and positive feeding devices - Patterning for multitrack machines.

### UNIT II

### **KNITTING DYNAMICS**

Yarn tension and knitting forces - Effect of cam shape, increase in number of feeders and increase in linear speed - needle breakages.

### UNIT III

### FABRIC GEOMETRY AND DEVELOPMENTS IN CIRCULAR KNITTING

Tightness factor- Dimensional properties -Spirality-Relaxation- Shrinkage. Ring and rotor yarn quality requirements for weft knitting- High Pile and Socks Knitting Machines.

### UNIT IV

### WARP KNITTING AND FABRIC GEOMETRY

Tricot & Rachel Two, Three & Multibar Machines -Pattern Control Mechanisms - Pattern Wheels and Chain Links. Dimensional characteristics of warp knits, Warp knitted fabric geometry - relation between loop length and construction - fabric relaxation and shrinkage.

### UNIT V

### SPECIALITY WARP KNITS

Weft insertion- co-we-nit - cut presser - Laying-in - fall plate - double needle bar warp knitting machines-Jacquard knitting. Warp knitted technical textiles. Testing and Quality Control of Weft and Warp knitted fabrics. Various defects in knitting.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Spencer D J, Knitting Technology, Woodhead Publishing Limited, 2005.
- 2. Samuel Raz, Flat Knitting Technology, C.F. Rees GMBH, Druck-Repro-Verlag, Heidenheim, Germany, 1993.
- 3. Chris Wilkens, Warp Knit Machine Elements, U. Wilkens Verlag, 1997.
- 4. Henry Johnson, Introduction to Knitting Technology, Abhishek Publications, Chandigarh, 2006.
- 5. Chandrasekhar Iyer, Bernd Mammal and Wolfgang Schach, Circular Knitting, Meisenbach GmbH, Bamberg, 1995.
- 6. D. B. Ajgaonkar, Knitting Technology, Universal Publication Corporation, Mumbai, 1998.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### **Total: 45 Hours**

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

### 22TT018 QUANTITATIVE METHODS IN TEXTILE INDUSTRY

### **Course Objectives**

- Compute the production rates of spinning machines and parameters of limit irregularity, yarn twist and moisture of fibres, intermediate products and yarns.
- Prepare yarn realization; spin plan and productivity reports in spinning department.
- Compute the production parameters in weaving preparatory processes.
- Estimate yarn requirements, productivity, yarn-fabric reconciliation in weaving and knitting.
- Compute liquor ratios in textile chemical processing and consumption of utilities; assess degradation due to chemical processing; evaluate whiteness.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Calculate production rates of spinning and weaving machines.
- 2. Calculate parameters of limit irregularity, yarn twist and moisture of fibres, intermediate products and yarns.
- 3. Prepare yarn realization; spin plan and productivity reports in spinning department.
- 4. Estimate yarn requirements and prepare reports related to weaving productivity, yarn-fabric reconciliation and knitting.
- 5. Calculate liquor ratios in textile chemical processing and consumption of utilities and evaluation of fabrics for quality.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2							2	2	1	2	3	
2	3	2							2	3	2	1	3	
3	3	2							2	2	2	2	3	
4	3	2							2	3	1	1	3	
5	3	2							2	2	2	2	3	

### UNIT I SPINNING

Linear density (count): Tex, English, Denier, Metric, Woollen, Worsted, count conversions, count control (wrapping). Yarn diameter. Index of irregularity, Moisture calculations: Invoice weight. Production, time, speeds and efficiency for all the machines in short-staple spinning including postspinning operations, Material content (length and mass) in all spinning containers and packages.

# given product mix, raw material-yarn production reconciliation; Spin plan: production balancing in

UNIT II

**SPINNING** 

### UNIT III

### FABRIC FORMATION

winding, worker complement in spinning.

Beam count, Production, time, speeds and efficiency for all the machines in weaving processes, Material content (length and mass) in weaving processes, Sectional warping: number of sections, cone angle. Size recipe, size pick-up. Fabric parameters: constructional details, crimp and contraction, Reed count, width in reed, denting. Cover factor: warp, weft, and cloth. Take-up (loom), pick wheels.

### UNIT IV

### FABRIC FORMATION

Hard waste: theoretical and actual, Areal density (GSM), Yarn requirements for a given product mix, yarn-fabric reconciliation. Weave plan: production balancing, Weaving productivity measures, labour complement in weaving. Weaving snap study. Optimization of package sizes: warpers and weavers beams. Knitting production: circular, flat bed and warp, loop length, tightness factor, stitch density, yarn requirements.

### UNIT V

**Reference**(s)

### **TEXTILE CHEMICAL PROCESSING**

Expression of volumes of liquids: w/w, w/v and v/v. Density of salt / chemical solution,  $0\tilde{A}, \hat{A}^{\circ}Be$  to  $\tilde{A}, \hat{A}^{\circ}Tw$  to g/cc, Normality, Molarity - Molality. Lab-to-shop floor calculations for preparation, colouration and finishing. Estimation of degradation in Preparatory Processes: Calculation of Copper Number, carboxyl group content. Dye exhaustion to the fabric in padding process. Colour difference, shade sorting, CIE Whiteness Index, ASTM Yellowness Index. Utilities consumption.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

## 1. J. E. Booth, Textile Mathematics, Volume 1, 2 & 3, The Textile Institute, 2000.

- 2. R. Sen Gupta, Weaving Calculations, Mc Graw Hill, 1996.
- 3. Edward S Olson, Textile Wet Processes, Vol. 1 Preparation of Fibres and Fabrics, Mahajan Publishers Private Limited, India, 1997.
- 4. Jose Cegarra, Public Puente, Jose Valldeperas, The Dyeing of Textile Materials, Eurotex Publication, Italy, 1992.
- 5. Gulrajani M L, Sanjay Gupta, Energy Conservation in Textile Wet Processing, Omega Scientific Publishers, New Delhi, 1992.
- 6. Sule A D, Computer Colour Analysis, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi, 2002.

### 9 Hours

## spinning. Productivity calculations: Production per spindle, HOK, Conversion to 40s, productivity in

# 9 Hours

## 9 Hours

# Twist and twist multipliers in Tex, Ne and Metric systems, Yarn twist contraction. Cleaning efficiency and wastes; Yarn realization, Wastes: soft, hard, invisible loss/gain; Raw material requirements for a

9 Hours

### 22TT019/2TTH12 APPAREL PRODUCTION PLANNING AND CONTROL

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the concepts in production planning and control.
- To understand the material management and their movement in the production.
- To apply the various techniques in production planning and control.
- To understand the material management and their movement in the production.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Evaluate the benefits of planning and controlling of different production systems adopted in apparel industry.
- 2. Prepare product and process planning with respect to different levels of apparel industry.
- 3. Prepare schedules for material loading, production flow in order to control various processes.
- 4. Analyze the stocks in different inventory with integrated planning systems.
- 5. Prepare aggregate planning and related issues and strategies for an apparel industry.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	1							2	1	2	2	3	2
2	1	1							2	1	2	1	3	1
3	1	2							2	2	2	1	3	2
4	1	3							1	2	3	1	2	2
5	1	3							2	1	3	1	2	2

### UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Objectives and benefits of planning and control-Functions of production control-Types of production systems -job- batch and continuous-Product development and design-Marketing aspect - Functional Aspects-Operational Aspect-Durability and dependability aspect- aesthetic aspect. Profit consideration-Standardization, Simplification & Specialization- Break even analysis-Economics of a new design.

### UNIT II

### PRODUCT PLANNING AND PROCESS PLANNING

Product planning - Extending the original product information-Value Analysis-Problems in lack of product planning- Process planning and routing-Pre requisite information needed for process planning-Steps in process planning-Quantity determination in batch production-Machine capacity, balancing-Analysis of process capabilities in a multi-product system.

### UNIT III

### PRODUCTION SCHEDULING

Production Control Systems- Loading and scheduling-Master Scheduling-Scheduling rules-Gantt Charts- Perpetual Loading-Basic scheduling problems - Line of balance - Flow production scheduling-Batch production scheduling- Product sequencing - Production Control systems- Periodic batch control-Material requirement planning kanban - Dispatching-Progress reporting and expediting-Manufacturing lead time- Techniques for aligning completion times and due dates.

### UNIT IV

### **INVENTORY CONTROL AND RECENT TRENDS IN PPC**

Inventory control - Purpose of holding stock - Effect of demand on inventories-Ordering procedures. Two bin system - Ordering cycle system - Determination of Economic order quantity and economic lot size - ABC analysis - Recorder Procedure-Introduction to computer integrated production planning systems - elements of JIT - Fundamentals of MRP II and ERP.

### UNIT V

### AGGREGATE PLANNING

Aggregate Units of production, Issues of aggregation- smoothing, bottle neck problem, planning horizon, treatment of demand; Cost in aggregate planning; Aggregate in chase strategy, constant workforce, and mixed strategies and additional strategies; Disaggregating aggregate plans.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Steven Nahmias, Production and Operations Analysis, 6<sup>th</sup> edition; Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009.
- 2. S. K. Mukhopadhyay, Production Planning & Control: Text and Cases, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2007.
- 3. Martand Telsang, "Industrial Engineering and Production Management", S. Chand and Company, First edition, 2000.
- 4. Stephen N. Chapman, "The fundamentals of Production Planning and Control.", Pearson Education, 2009.
- 5. K. C. Jain & L.N. Aggarwal, "Production Planning Control and Industrial Management", Khanna Publishers, 1990.
- 6. Upendra Kachru, "Production and operations management Text and cases" Excel books 1<sup>st</sup> edition 2007.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

### 22TT020/2TTH10 PATTERN ENGINEERING

### **Course Objectives**

- To impart knowledge on human body measurements and creating pattern from the measurements.
- To develop commercial pattern with design aspect by manipulating the basic pattern.
- To fabricate patterns of different sizes by grading the basic pattern.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Design and develop patterns based on figure analysis and by choosing suitable measurement technique.
- 2. Design and develop patterns for the basic blocks of garment.
- 3. Draw and prepare patterns for the body components of sleeve, cuff and collars.
- 4. Draw and prepare patterns for the body components of yokes and pockets.
- 5. Develop pattern grading for basic body components to various sizes.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2	2							1	1	1	2	2
2	2	1	2							2	1	1	3	2
3	2	2	2							1	2	1	2	2
4	2	1	2							2	2	2	3	2
5	2	2	2							1	1	2	2	2

### **Articulation Matrix**

3003

### HUMAN ANTHROPOMETRICS AND SIZING SYSTEMS

Garment manufacturing process flow chart, Measurements and its importance, land mark terms, sequence of taking body measurements-vertical measurements and horizontal measurements-Anthropometrics research. Sizing system: size categories in men's wear, women's wear and children's wear, international sizing, ASTM standard size chart. Proportion and disproportion of human figure.

### UNIT II

### PATTERN MAKING

Pattern making tools, pattern making terms, basic blocks, pattern details, dart, notches, grain line, drill hole marks, ease allowance, seam allowance, style lines, types of patterns, techniques of pattern making - drafting, draping and flat pattern, blending and trueing, Interpretation of design and specification sheet, tolerance, different types of patterns produced during sampling and production.

### **UNIT III**

### DRAFTING

Principles of pattern drafting, Drafting patterns for basic bodice, sleeve, skirt, types of sleeves, collars, yokes, cuffs. shirt and trouser. Skirts - length variation, skirt foundations, styles pleated, tiers, godets, gored, circular, cowl, pegged, skirts with yoke, uneven hem lines, peplums, wrap skirt, cascade wrap, Pants: foundations, culottes, jean, hip hugger, jump suits, Bermudas, pedal pushers, capri.

### UNIT IV

### FLAT PATTERN TECHNIQUES AND FIT

Dart manipulation methods - pivot, slash & spread and measurement method. Single and double dart series, conversion of dart into style lines, yokes, gathers and multiple darts. Pattern alterations: Fitimportance, standards, influence of clothing fit, importance of altering patterns, principles of pattern alterations, common pattern alterations in various garments, alteration of patterns for irregular figures.

### UNIT V

### **PATTERN GRADING**

3D body scanning, principles, operations and advantages of body scanning technologies. Principles of pattern grading, types of draft grading and track grading, two dimensional and three-dimensional grading, grading of bodice, sleeve, skirt, trouser, and collar, computerized pattern grading. Types of layouts, laying patterns on different types of fabric, marker planning for different types of garments.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Helen Joseph Armstrong, Pattern Making for Fashion Designers 4th Edition, Prentice-Hall, New Jersey, 2006.
- 2. Le Pechoux B and Ghosh T K, Apparel Sizing and Fit, Textile Progress, Volume 32, The Textile Institute, Manchester, 2002.
- 3. Ashdow S P Sizing in clothing developing effective sizing systems for ready to wear clothing, CRC press, Textile Institute & Wood Head publishers, England, 2007.
- 4. Connie Amaden Crawford, The Art of Fashion Draping, Fair child Publications, New York, 2005.
- 5. Harold Carr and Barbara Lathom, The Technology of Clothing Manufacture, Blackwell Sciences, Oxford, 1996.

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

### 22TT021 GARMENT PRODUCTION MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT

### **Course Objectives**

- To acquire knowledge on the design, construction and operational features of garment production machinery and equipment.
- To understand the details of garment machinery and equipment with focus on the means of exploiting the features built in the garment machinery and equipment.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Prepare the operational parameters of spreading, cutting machines and evaluate the performance.
- 2. Assess sewing machine and its components for their use in apparel manufacture.
- 3. Evaluate single needle lock stitch machine for apparel manufacture.
- 4. Select appropriate overlock sewing machines for apparel manufacture.
- 5. Select appropriate work aids in apparel manufacture.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3		2		2					2	2		3	2
2	3		2		1					2	2		3	3
3	3		2		1					2	1		3	2
4	3		2		2					1	2		3	3
5	3		2		1					2	2		3	2

### SPREADING AND CUTTING MACHINES

Spreading machines: Spreading table - stationary-portable -fixed machines - travelling spreaders - manual - semi-automatic - automatic. Cutting machines: Vertical blade reciprocating - rotary blade - band knife - die cutter - clickers and presses - shears - hand knives - short knives - table sword knives - notches - drills - computer-controlled cutting knives - machines using laser, water, plasma and ultrasonic waves.

### UNIT II

### SEWING MACHINE

History of sewing machines - classification according to bed types - major parts of sewing machinery and functions. Adjustment of major parts of single needle lock stitch machine: non-UBT: stand height, pedal, presser foot, and height of needle bar, needle to hook relationship, height of feed dog, normal and reverse feed stitch length, feed timing, presser foot pressure, needle and bobbin thread tension, bobbin winding assembly, belt tension.

### UNIT III

### SEWING MACHINE ADJUSTMENT (SNLS)

Sewing needle and sewing thread, thread consumption, thread routing. Adjustment on SNLS-UBT: Needle stop position, wiper, thread timing sequence, timing of thread trimmer cam, positioning the moving knife, installation, sharpening, replacing moving knives.

### **UNIT IV**

### **SEWING MACHINE ADJUSTMENT (OVERLOCK)**

Parts, functions and adjustments of over lock: Needle height, feed dog height, differential feed ratio, tilt of the feed dog, position of the upper and lower knives, sharpening of knife and looper.

### UNIT V

### WORK AIDS

Work-aids and attachments, functions of pullers, guides and folders compensating presser foots left, right, double; feller, hemmer, etc. Collar turning machines, folding machinery, fusing and pressing machinery.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Jacob Solinger, Apparel Manufacturing Handbook, Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, 1988.
- 2. Peyton B. Hudson, Guide to Apparel Manufacturing, Medi Apparel Inc. 1989.
- 3. H. Carr and B. Latham, The Technology of Clothing Manufacture, Blackwell Scientific Publications, 1988.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

### Total: 45 Hours

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the managing aspects the apparel industry.
- To understand the basics of managing a garment production factory.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Construct organization charts for various sizes of woven, knitted or leather apparel industry.
- 2. Prepare appropriate layout for optimum utilization of resources.
- 3. Evaluate apparel market structure and market operations.
- 4. Prepare project report for an apparel start-up.
- 5. Prepare export documentation according to rules and regulations.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2	2		3					2	3	1	3	2
2	1	2	1		2					2	3	1	3	2
3	2	2	3		2					2	3	1	2	3
4	1	2	2		1					1	3	1	3	2
5	1	2	1		1					2	3	1	2	1

### ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Entrepreneurship development skills -concept of small-scale industry - advantages of SSI units. Classification of Garment Units: Woven - knitted - lingerie - leather garment - sportswear - outer wear - under garments - hospital wear. Costing: Garment cost elements - cost calculations (numerical problems).

### UNIT II

### SETTING UP A GARMENT UNIT AND LABOUR LAWS

Study of land - Norms of SA-8000 - capital - labour - market demand - preparing a project - large scale industry - advantages over SSI - Bank assistance. Government Schemes. Labour - Study of labour laws - factory act - labour laws - welfare measures - safety act.

### UNIT III

### **PRODUCTION MANAGEMENT**

Production planning and control - production systems - material flow control - optimization of work place arrangement for higher productivity. Types of production layouts: Process oriented - Product oriented. Case study.

### UNIT IV

### MARKETING

Market structure: Domestic - International-Wholesale - Retail. Buying seasons: Spring - Summer - Autumn -Winter - Holiday. Advertising - different media - trade fare - display - exhibition - buyer - seller meet.

### UNIT V

### **EXPORTS SCENARIO**

Exports policy - trade documentation and quota policy - AEPC and its role in the garments industry. Export Documentation. Payment terms.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. R. K. Sharma, Development Banks and Entrepreneurship Promotion in India, Mittal Publications, New Delhi, 2001.
- 2. O. P. Khanna, Industrial Engineering and Management, Dhanpat Rai Publications (p) Ltd., New Delhi, 1999.
- 3. Ruth E Glock, Grace I Kunz, Apparel Manufacturing Sewn Product Analysis 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall Inc., 2000.
- 4. Jacob Solinger, Apparel Manufacturing Handbook Analysis Principles and Practice, Bobbin Blenheim Media Corp; 2nd edition, 1988.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### **Total: 45 Hours**

### 22TT0232/2TTH11 APPAREL MARKETING AND MERCHANDISING

### **Course Objectives**

- To teach the activities of marketing and merchandising in the apparel industry
- To teach the commercial and sourcing aspects of the garment industry.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Construct organization charts for industrial units of varying sizes; plan for realizing export incentives.
- 2. Organize and implement marketing strategies and goals.
- 3. Organize production, visual merchandising, product development and line presentation.
- 4. Prepare materials requirement plan for a given order and identify sourcing resources.
- 5. Prepare export documentation.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	3				1			1	1	1	1	3	2
2	1	2				1			2	1	3	1	2	1
3	1	1				2			2	1	3	2	3	2
4	1	2				2			2	2	3	2	3	2
5	1	2				1			2	2	3	1	3	1

### **ORGANIZATION OF THE APPAREL BUSINESS**

Introduction to apparel industry - Organization of the apparel industry - Types of exporters - Business concepts applied to the apparel industry - International trade. WTO: Functions and objective. GSP. Export incentives: Duty drawback - DEPB - Import - Export.

### **UNIT II**

### MARKETING

Functional organization of an apparel firm. Responsibilities of a marketing division - Marketing objectives and strategies - Marketing research, Consumer research, Product research - Types of markets: Retails and wholesale strategies for merchandise distribution - Retailers- Sourcing flows and practices - Marketing plan.

### **UNIT III**

### MERCHANDISING

Definition - functions. Role and responsibilities of merchandiser - Apparel Merchandising and Visual merchandizing, different types of buyers - communications with the buyers - Role of Buying office awareness of current market trends - Product development, Line planning - Line presentation- Line development.

### **UNIT IV**

### SOURCING

Need for sourcing- Role of merchandiser in sourcing-Sourcing Process-Sourcing materialsmanufacturing resources planning- principles of MRP- methods of sourcing- sourcing strategies. Supply chain and demand chain analysis- Materials management for quick response - JIT Technology.

### UNIT V

### **DOCUMENTATION**

**Reference**(s)

Order confirmation, Export documents, BoM, FOB, FAB, C&F value (Cost &Freight), CIF (Cost, insurance & freight), letter of credit, Shipping Bill /Bill of Export, Customs Declaration Form, Dispatch Note, Commercial invoice, Consular Invoice, Customs Invoice, Legalized/ Visaed Invoice, Certified Invoice, Packing List, Certificate of Inspection, Black List Certificate, Manufacturer's Certificate, Shipping Order-Pre-shipment post-Shipment Documentation-Terms of sale- Payment-Shipment.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

- 1. Ruth E Glock, Grace I Kunz, Apparel Manufacturing Sewn Product Analysis 3rd Edition, Prentice Hall Inc., 2000.
- 2. V. R. Sampath, P. Perumalraj and M. Vijayan, Apparel Marketing and Merchandising, Kalaiselvam Pathippakam, Coimbatore, 2007.
- 3. R. Rathinamoorthy, R. Surjit, Apparel Merchandising, Woodhead Publishing India private limited, 2017.
- 4. Grace I. Kunz, Merchandising: Theory, Principles and Practice, Fairchild Books, 2005.
- 5. V. Ramesh Babu, A. Arunraj, Fashion Marketing Management, Woodhead Publishing, India private Limited, 2019.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

### 22TT024 SUSTAINABILITY IN TEXTILES AND FASHION

### **Course Objectives**

- To teach the overview of sustainability within the textiles and fashion industry.
- To teach the slow and fast fashion to the supply chain, new design processes and material selection.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Understand the key sustainability challenges and opportunities during garment production, apparel use and end-of-use.
- 2. Identify the sustainability innovation in production and designing fabrics and garments.
- 3. Identify how to contribute to improved sustainability performance with textile waste management strategies and design processes.
- 4. Explore innovative fashion ideas with an environmental and humanitarian focus in sustainable fashion and textile industries.
- 5. Understand and utilize sustainable design terminology, concepts and theories in fashion and textile industries.

### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	3			1	2	3			1	1	1	3	2
2	2	2			2	1	3			1	3	2	2	1
3	1	1			1	2	2			2	3	1	3	1
4	2	2			2	2	3			1	3	2	3	2
5	1	1			2	2	2			2	3	1	3	2

### UNIT I

### NATURAL AND SYNTHETIS FIBRES AND ITS SUSTAINABILITY IMPACTS

Material Diversity-Market in Textiles-Background to sustainability impacts-Review of Natural and manufactured fibres - Fibre comparisons and assessments- Fibre Alternatives-Organic Cotton-Lowchemical cotton-Low water use cotton-Fair Trade Cotton-Organic wool-Hemp-Wild (Tussah or peace) silk-Poly (lactic acid)- Lyocell-Bamboo-Soya-Naturally Coloured Fibre-Recycled fibre.

### UNIT II

### SUSTAINABILITY INNOVATION IN FIBRE AND FABRIC PRODUCTION AND DESIGNING FABRICS AND **GARMENTS**

Background to sustainability innovation in production-Best practice in fibre and fabric processing-Spinning, weaving and knitting-Fabric finishing-Specialist fabric finishing-Cut-make-trim-Modelling the industry as a whole system-Use Matters- relative impact of textile products throughout life-Innovating to reduce the impact of the use phase-Process focus-more efficient laundering practices-Product focus-designing fabrics and garments that cause less impact as they are laundered-Consumer focus-designing clean clothes.

### **UNIT III**

### **TEXTILE WASTE MANAGEMENT STRATEGIES**

Introduction to textile waste- Reuse, Recycling and Zero Waste- Waste management strategies-Design for recycling and disassembly-Critique of waste management strategies-Industrial Ecology-Cradle-tocradle.

### UNIT IV

### SUSTAINABLE FASHION AND TEXTILE SYSTEMS

Sustainable Fashion and Textile Systems-Fashion, Needs and Consumption-Value-free fashion-Fashion and clothes-A new fashion ethic-A new aesthetic -Reversing the escalators of consumption-Local and Light-Bio-Mimicry-Locally made, globally relevant-Local and connected-Local Wisdom-Distinctiveness- Light-Lightweight materials and structures-Nega Demand-Sharing-Services.

### UNIT V

### SUSTAINABLE PASSIVE FASHION AND DURABILITY OF NEW PROJECTS

Speed and rhythms in nature and culture-Durability-Appropriateness-Understanding patterns of use-Slow design- Slow fashion-The Lifetimes Project-User Maker-Passive fashion-New model of action -Open- source design-Matrushka-Updatable.

**Total: 45 Hours** 

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Sustainable Fashion and Textiles-Kate Fletcher-First published by Earth scan in the UK and USA in 2008- Kate Fletcher, 2008.
- 2. Simpson, P. (2006), Global trends in fibre prices, production and consumption, Textiles Outlook International, 125, pp 82-106.
- 3. ENDS Report (2007), Textile firm fined for pollution and IPPC failures, No. 385, p10.
- 4. ENDS Report, 2002, Rochdale dyeing firm fined for bleach pollution, No. 328, p58.
- 5. Uitdenbogerd, D. E., Brouwer, N. M. and Groot-Marcus, J. P. (1998), Domestic Energy Saving Potentials for Food and Textiles: An Empirical Study. Wageningen, NL: Wageningen Agricultural University.
- 6. Campbell, C. Consuming goods and the good of consuming, in T. Jackson (edition), The Earthscan Reader in Sustainable Consumption, 2006.

### 22TT025/22TTM05/H05 COATED AND LAMINATED TEXTILES

### **Course Objectives**

- To acquire knowledge on the science and technology of coating and lamination of textile materials.
- To understand the applications of coated and laminated textiles.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Select polymers and resins for coating applications.
- 2. Appraise textile fibres and structures for coating applications.
- 3. Select construction parameters for manufacturing coated fabrics.
- 4. Select coated textile-structure-based materials for specific end-uses.
- 5. Characterize coated and laminated textile materials.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO 2
1	3	3	2		2	-	2				1	3	3	2
2	3	3	2		2	-	2				1	3	2	2
3	3	3	2		2	-	2				1	3	2	2
4	3	3	2		2	-	2				1	3	1	2
5	3	3	2		2	-	2				1	3	2	2

### MATERIALS

Commercial and technical scope of coated and laminated textiles. Materials for coating: Plastic materials - natural and synthetic rubbers, Polyvinyl Chloride, Acrylic polymers. Materials for lamination: Films - polyurethane foam -polyolefin foam.

### UNIT II

### MATERIALS AND RHEOLOGY

Adhesives: Solvent-based and water-based. Textile Substrate: Requirements of textile substrates for coating, Selection of textile fibres and fabric structure. Rheological behaviour of fluids, Rheology of Plastisols: Apparent viscosity of Plastisols, Polymer size and size distribution, Plasticizer and Additives, Viscosity change during fusion.

### UNIT III

### COATING AND LAMINATION METHODS

Coating and Lamination Methods: Calendaring coating - Knife coating - Roller coating - Nip and Dip coating - Spray coating - Foam coating - Powder coating-Slot die extruder-Flame lamination - Hot melt lamination.

### UNIT IV

PRODUCTS

Protective Clothing - the spacesuit - garment interlinings - Tarpaulins - Conveyor belts - PTFE coated belts - Hot air balloons - Exhibition board coverings - Labels -Tyres and hoses -applications: Automotive - Marine - Buildings and Architecture -Household products.

### UNIT V

### **QUALITY EVALUATION**

Adhesion test -Flexing Test -Abrasion resistance - Fabric handle, drape and stiffness - Fabric strength - Bursting strength - Dimensional stability - Thermal comfort -Flammability testing.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. W. Fung, Coated and Laminated Textiles, Woodhead Publishing, England, 2002.
- 2. A. K. Sen, Coated Textiles, Principles and Applications, Technomic Publication, Lancaster, 2001.
- 3. S. C. Anand and W. Horrocks, Technical Textiles, Woodhead limited, Cambridge England, 2000.
- 4. R. S. Lenk, Polymer Rheology, Applied Science Publishers, London, 2000.
- 5. W. C. Smith, Smart Textile Coatings and Laminates, Woodhead Publishing, Cambridge England, 2010.

### 9 Hours

### 9 Hours

## 9 Hours

9 Hours

### 9 Hours

### Total: 45 Hours

### 22TT026/22TTM06/H06 NANO TEXTILES

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the concept of nanotechnology and its application in textiles.
- To evaluate the production methods of nanofibers.
- To acquire knowledge on nanocomposites and their properties.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Appraise nanofibers produced by electrospinning technique.
- 2. Develop and characterize carbon nanotubes and nanocomposites.
- 3. Develop polymer layered silicate nanocomposites.
- 4. Assess surface modification of textile materials for functional application.
- 5. Analyse hybrid polymer nanolayers for smart textiles.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2		3		2		2				1	2	3	2
2	1		3		2		1				1	2	1	3
3	1		3		2		2				2	1	3	3
4	2		3		3		1				2	1	2	3
5	1		3		1		1				1	2	2	3

### NANO FIBRES

Fundamentals of nanotechnology, Basic properties of nanomaterial, Fabrication of nanomaterial, Top down and Bottom-up approaches. Outline of Various methods of synthesis of nanomaterial. Process: Electro spinning - properties -improvement - fibre morphology - fibre alignment.

### **UNIT II**

### NANO TUBES AND NANO COMPOSITES

Carbon nano tubes: synthesis -characterization techniques- nano tubes-Polymer fibres- structuresproduction process- properties-fibre morphology. Nanocomposites, Polymers with CNTs: synthesis and their application, Polymer-Nanoclay composites fabrication and application, Principles of Polymer/Inorganic-inorganic nano composites in various Textile applications.

### **UNIT III**

### NANOFILLER POLYPROPYLENE FIBRES

Polymer layered silicate nano composites: structure and properties -Nano composites Dyeing of Polypropylene- Modified propylene for improved dyeability. Properties of polymer relevant to electrospinning, Polymer Crystallinity, Polymer Molecular Weight, Glass Transition Temperature (Tg), Solution properties-Surface tension and Viscosity, polymer solubility, evaporation, basics of electrostatics and conductivity of solutions.

### UNIT IV

### NANO COATING OF TEXTILES

Surface modification techniques - anti- adhesive nano coating of fibre and textiles - Water and oil repellent coating - Self-cleaning. Functional textiles: Protection - Various applications of Nanofibres and nanofibre coated textile fabrics such as in filtration, scaffolds, composites, dye sensitized solar cells, catalysis etc. Outline of the characterization methods.

### UNIT V

**Reference**(s)

### HYBRID POLYMER NANOLAYERS

Thin hybrid film - Smart textiles - Polymer to polymer hybrid layers - Polymer to particles hybrid layers. Nano fabrication of thin polymer fibre - "Grafting from" and "Grafting to" techniques for synthesis of polymer films, synthesis of smart switchable coatings. Nanofinishes such as antimicrobial finishes, soil release finishes, flame retardants, antistatic, flouro chemical, Nanotechnology based finishes for personal protection, such as bacteria, virus, toxic gas and chemicals, chemical warfare agents (CWA).

### **Total: 45 Hours**

- 1. P. J. Brown and K. Stevens, Nanofibers and Nanotechnology in Textiles, Woodhead Publishing Limited, England, 2007.
- 2. Bharath Bhushan, Springer Handbook of Nanotechnology, Springer, 2004.
- 3. Rajesh Mishra, Jiri Militky, Nanotechnology in Textiles: Theory and Application, Woodhead Publishing Limited, United states, 2019.
- 4. P. Brown, K Stevens, Nanofibers and Nanotechnology in Textiles, Woodhead Publishing Limited, India, 2007.
- 5. E. Hammel, X. Tang, M. Trampert, T. Schmitt, K. Mauthner, A. Eder and P. Potschke, Carbon Nanofibers for Composites Applications, Carbon, Vol. 42, pp.1153-1158, 2004.
- 6. Mangala Joshi, Nanotechnology in textiles-Advances and Developments in Polymer Nanocomposites, Jenny Stanford Publishing Private Limited, 2020.

9 Hours

## 9 Hours

9 Hours

### 22TT027/22TTM03/H03 TEXTILE COMPOSITES

### **Course Objectives**

- To acquire the knowledge of various manufacturing and processing technologies for composite materials.
- To understand mechanical characterization and applications of textile composites.
- To acquire knowledge of ASTM, ISO, BSI standards used in composite materials.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Classify the composite materials and evaluate the role of reinforcement and matrix in a composite.
- 2. Analyse physical and chemical properties of high-performance reinforcements and matrix materials and the methods to improve inter facial bonding.
- 3. Outline methods of manufacturing advanced composite preforms for designing composite materials
- 4. Analyse composite manufacturing techniques for selective end-use applications.
- 5. Evaluate the mechanical properties of composite materials employing standard test methods.

### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	3	1	1		1	1	2	2	1	3	2	2
2	3	2	1	2	1		2	2	1	1	1	3	1	1
3	3	2	3	1	1		1	1	2	2	1	3	2	1
4	3	2	3	2	1		2	1	1	1	2	3	2	2
5	3	2	3	1	2		1	2	2	2	2	3	2	2

### UNIT I

### **INTRODUCTION TO COMPOSITE MATERIALS**

Classification: fibre - particulate -laminar composites. Constituents of composite materials- functions of fibre and matrix - Properties of fibres and matrix materials- Critical fibre length - Aligned and random fibre composites - property prediction - rule of mixtures- simple problems.

### UNIT II

### **COMPOSITE MATERIALS**

Types of high-performance fibres and their properties-Types of matrix materials -Properties of Thermoset and Thermoplastics properties, fibre matrix interface coupling agents- Coupling of interfaces and interfacial reaction in fibre composites.

### UNIT III

### **TEXTILE STRUCTURAL COMPOSITE REINFORCEMENTS**

Textile Structural Composite, Reinforcements used for textile structural composite. Introduction to manufacturing techniques - property requirements. Textile preforms - weaving, knitting braiding, filament winding, pultrusion.

### UNIT IV

### **COMPOSITES PROCESSING TECHNIQUES**

Prepregs - Introduction, manufacturing techniques, property requirements, compaction and applications - Advantages and disadvantages of prepreg materials. Vacuum bagging - compression moulding injection moulding - pultrusion - thermoforming - resin transfer moulding (RTM), VARTM, SMC, and BMC.

### UNIT V

### MECHANICAL CHARACTERISATION OF COMPOSITES

Introduction to structural material characterization standards- ASTM, ISO, BSI. Testing of composites materials- Fibre volume fraction - tensile- shear - compression - Impact-Fatigue -- flexural properties -Damage Tolerance assessment- Non-Destructive testing of composites.

### FOR FURTHER READING

Applications of textile composites in various fields, Short fibre composites, Modelling of internal geometry of textile performs, Filament winding, Inter laminar fracture/failure modes in composites.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

## 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

## 9 Hours

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. L. Gupta Advanced Composite Materials, Himalayan Books, New Delhi, 1998.
- 2. An introduction to composite materials Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1998.
- 3. C. Long, Design and manufacture of Textile composites, Woodhead Publishing Limited, 2005.
- 4. A. C. Long, Mechanical testing of advanced fibre composites, Woodhead Publishing Limited, 2005.
- 5. F. L. Mathews and R. D. Rawlings, Composite Materials Engineering Science, Chapman & Hall, London, 1994.

### 22TT028/22TTM01/H01 HOME TEXTILES

### **Course Objectives**

- To analyse textiles-based products used in homes and their selection.
- To acquire knowledge on manufacture of home textiles.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Appraise the characteristics of home furnishing textile materials.
- 2. Select floor coverings according to specific needs.
- 3. Assess suitability of curtains and draperies according to customer needs.
- 4. Analyse bed linen requirements in technical terms.
- 5. Select technical parameters for bath towel applications.
# **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	2	2	2	-			2	2	2	1		2
2	2	3	2	1	2				1	2	2	2		3
3	3	2	2	2	2				2	3	2	2		2
4	3	3	3	1	2				1	2	3	2		3
5	2	2	3	2	2				2	1	1	2		2

#### UNIT I

# HOME FURNISHING

Textile Furnishing: Woven and Nonwoven. Factors affecting selection of Home Furnishings, Selection of: Fibers, Colours, Designs. Kitchen Textiles: Apron-Dish cloth, Bread Bag, Pot Holders. Table textiles: Table Mats - Table cloths, Types - Materials. Upholstery: Materials - Fixed upholstery, Nonstretch loose covers, Stretch covers - Cushion covers. Developments in Textile Furnishing.

# UNIT II

# FLOOR COVERINGS

Hard floor covering: Resilient -Soft floor coverings -Soft Rugs -Cushions-Pads. Carpet manufacture: Wilton - Axminister - Knitted, Stitch bonding- Flocking. Types: Tufted - Needle felt - Woven- Hand tufted. Recent Developments in manufacturing of floor coverings.

#### **UNIT III**

# **CURTAINS AND DRAPERIES**

Choice of Fabrics used for curtains and draperies, Curtains-Developments in Finishing of Draperies. Draperies - Tucks and pleats-use of Drapery Rods, Hooks, Tape Rings, Pins. Textile wall hanging and its methods. Advances in Home decoration.

# UNIT IV

#### **BED LINEN**

Bed Linen: Types: Sheets, Blankets, Blanket Covers, Comforters, Comforter Covers, Bed Spreads, Mattress - Mattress Covers, Pads, Pillows. Made-ups in hospitals, Textiles care labelling. Testing of home textiles: Colour fastness, Shrinkage, Abrasion - Flammability. Developments in living room furnishing.

# UNIT V

# TOWELS

Types: Bath robes, Bead towels, Napkins. Construction: Weave- Pile height - Pattern - Dyeing and Finishing, Absorption tests. Velour, Types of Velvet, Construction of velvet fabrics.

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. Subrata Das., Performance of Home Textiles, Woodhead Publishing India PVT. LTD, 2010.
- 2. V. Ramesh Babu, S. Sundaresan, Home Furnishing, Wood head Publishing India Pvt. ltd, 2018.
- 3. T. Karthik, D. Gopalakrishnan, Home Textiles, Wood head Publishing India PVT. LTD, 2016.
- 4. Irsak.C, Nonwoven Textiles, Textile Institute, Manchester, 2000.

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

# **Total: 45 Hours**

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the technological aspects of specialty textiles.
- To acquire knowledge on the applications of specialty textiles.
- To innovate specialty textiles based on the requirements.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Select fancy yarns for a given application.
- 2. Outline the manufacturing processes and applications of narrow fabrics.
- 3. Summarise the processes, techniques and applications of industrial webbings.
- 4. Outline the production processes of braided materials, machines and their applications.
- 5. Choose appropriate machines and processes for the production of carpets with the given specifications.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1	2		3						2	1	3	2
2	1	2	2		2						1	2	2	2
3	2	2	3		2						2	1	2	1
4	1	1	2		2						2	2	3	2
5	1	2	2		1						2	2	2	2

#### UNIT I

#### **FANCY YARNS**

Slub Yarns - Crimp Yarn - Diamond Yarn - Boucle Yarn - Loop Yarn - Snarl Yarn - Mock Chenille Yarn - Knop Yarn - Stripe Yarn - Grandrelle yarn - Neppy yarn or Flaggy yarn - Button Yarn - Fascinated yarn - melange yarn. Methods for the production of fancy yarns in Ring spinning, Rotor spinning and Air Jet spinning. Applications of fancy yarns.

#### UNIT II

#### NARROW FABRICS

Fibre and Yarn types, Fabrics. Preparation process for narrow fabric production-Winding, Warping, Sizing, Drawing-in, Tenting-in. Woven narrow fabrics and their construction- structure of narrow fabrics woven on shuttleless looms. Conventional shuttle loom, unconventional shuttle looms and shuttleless looms for narrow fabrics production. End use. Industrial tapes: Slide fastener tapes - Insulating tapes - Book binder tapes - Labelling Tapes - Border Tapes, Elastic Pleated lingerie ribbing. Features and application of narrow fabrics.

#### UNIT III

# **INDUSTRIAL WEBBINGS**

Manufacture of spindle drive webbing- Print webbings - Webbings for automobile safety belts. Industrial nets: Knotted netting and applications.

# UNIT IV

#### **INDUSTRIAL BRAIDS**

Classification of braids - Trimmed braids, Flat braids and Circular Braids, Hollow braids. Production techniques. Properties and Application.

### UNIT V

#### CARPETS

Non-pile carpet weaves and their looms, Pile surfaced carpet weaves and their looms. Embossing, singeing, drying. Needle felt floor coverings.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. R. H. Gong and R. M. Wright, Fancy yarns their manufactures and applications, Wood head Publishing Limited, 2002.
- 2. Turner J P, " The production and properties of narrow fabrics, Textile Progress, Vol.8 No.4, The Textile Institute, Manchester, 2002.
- 3. Sabit Adanur, "Wellington Sears Handbook of Industrial Textiles, Technomic publishing company Inc., USA, 1995.
- 4. Jarmila Svedova," Industrial Textiles"", Elsevier Science Publishing Co in, ISBN -0444-98754-1, New York, 1990.
- 5. Alexander N G. Designing Interior Environment, Mas court Brace Covanorich Inc, New York, 1996.
- 6. Crew AH and Arahamsen H Carpets: Back to Front"", Textile Progress, Vol.19, No.3, The Textile Institute, Manchester, 1987.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

# Total: 45 Hours

# **Course Objectives**

- To understand the technological aspects of medical textiles.
- To acquire knowledge on the implantable, non-implantable and extracorporeal devices.
- To innovate biomaterials based on the healthcare and hygiene products.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

# Course Outcomes (COs)

- 1. Understand the textile fibres, yarns and fabric structures used in biomaterials applications.
- 2. Elaborate functional requirements, types and evaluation of wound dressings, bandages, vascular grafts, and sutures for medical textile applications.
- 3. Summarise the processes, functional requirements, characterization and evaluation of blood vessel, tendons, ligaments and scaffolds for tissue engineering applications.
- 4. Outline the textile material used for hygiene and health care applications.
- 5. Choose appropriate techniques and processes for the production of medical textiles and products.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1	2		3	2	3					2	3	2
2	2	2	2		2	2	2					2	2	2
3	2	2	3		2	1	3					1	2	3
4	2	1	2		2	2	2					2	3	2
5	1	2	2		2	2	2					2	2	2

#### UNIT I

#### **MEDICAL TEXTILES- AN OVERVIEW**

Medical Textiles -basics, fibres used, classification. Biomaterials in medical textiles. Textile fibres and yarn - introduction, classification, chemical and physical properties. Manufacturing process - fibre and yarn. International standards. Fabric structures: Woven, Knitted, Nonwoven fabrics.

#### UNIT II

# IMPLANTABLE AND NON-IMPLANTABLE MATERIALS

Bandaging, pressure garments and wound care materials Implantable biomedical devices: Vascular grafts, Sutures, Heart valves- basic manufacturing process and evaluation methods.

#### UNIT III

#### **EXTRACORPOREAL DEVICES**

Scaffolds for Tissue engineering, Rapid prototyping, Cartilages, Liver, Blood Vessel, Kidney, Urinary bladder, Tendons, Ligaments, Cornea- materials, function, evaluation techniques.

#### UNIT IV

#### HEALTHCARE AND HYGIENE PRODUCTS

Application of nonwovens in healthcare and hygiene sectors- Surgical Gowns, masks, wipes, Antibacterial Textiles, Super absorbent polymers. Medical textiles in infection control.

#### UNIT V

#### **ADVANCES IN MEDICAL TEXTILES**

Electro spinning, Plasma technology, Micro/nano encapsulation, Thin film technology, Ultrasonic sealing, Laser technology, Molecular Imprinting technology. Modelling methods of physiological system for medical textiles -basics. Fundamental aspects of legal and ethical issues involved within the medical textiles supply chain, Future of medical textiles and products.

### **Total: 45 Hours**

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. Anand, S.C, Traftab, M.M, and Rajendran, S, Medical Textiles & Biomaterial for Healthcare, Woodhead publishing Ltd, UK, 2005.
- 2. Anand S.C., Kennedy J.F. Miraftab M. and Rajendran S., Medical Textiles and Biomaterials for Health care, Wood head publishing Ltd. 2006.
- 3. Joon B. Park. and Joseph D. Bronzino., Biomaterials -Principles and Applications, CRC Press Boca Raton London, New York, Washington, D.C. 2002.
- 4. Horrocks, A.R and Anand S.C, Handbook of Technical Textiles, Woodhead publishing Ltd, UK, 2000.
- 5. Rajendran S., Advanced Textiles for Wound Care, Woodhead Publishing Ltd., ISBN 184569 2713, 2009.

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

#### 22TT0XA ENERGY MANAGEMENT IN TEXTILE INDUSTRY

# **Course Objectives**

- To teach the importance of energy management systems in the textile industry
- To teach the energy conservation and industrial safety aspects in the textile industry

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Construct organization charts for industrial units of varying sizes; plan the energy level utilizations
- 2. Organize production and power utilization systems in an effective manner to meet market demand.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1		2		3	3			3					2	2
2					3			2			3			3

# **Articulation Matrix**

#### **15 Hours**

Power requirements and consumptions for spinning, weaving, Knitting, and Garment machinery, Amenities required, Ventilation, Humidification systems, RH, and temperature of various departments. Lighting types, Intensity requirements. Energy efficiency, Energy management in various textile sectors, Importance of energy efficiency, recent trends in energy efficient transformers, motors, compressors, and lighting systems. Energy generation and pollution effects in various textile sectors, CO2 emission, and Carbon footprints.

#### **References:**

1. Energy conservation in Textile Industry, SITRA, 2005.

2. Energy conservation in the textile industry, S.C. Bhakia & Puneet Mangla Sarvesh, 2012, Wood head Publishing Pvt. Ltd.

3. Energy conservation in the textile industry, Sandeep Goyal, Lap lamlearnt academic publishing.

#### **Course Objectives**

- To teach the importance of recycling in the textile and apparel industry
- To teach the commercial and sourcing aspects of the recycling industry

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PSO1: Demonstrate the knowledge and understanding of the processes and systems related to textile manufacturing and solve the problems related to production and quality of fibres, yarns and fabrics.

PSO2: Develop new designs (Woven / Printed / Dyed) and products (Knitted / Woven / Nonwoven) for apparel and technical applications.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Construct organization charts for industrial units of varying sizes; plan for realizing export incentives.
- 2. Organize production, visual merchandising, product development, and line presentation.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1		2	2		3			2					2	2
2					3			2			3			3

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### **15 Hours**

Importance of textile and apparel recycling process. Sorting process. The pyramid models. Textile recycling constituents. Life cycle of textile products. Recycling Issues and Technology- Designing of easily recyclable textile products. Systems planning for carpet recycling. Reuse of Polymer and Fibre Waste - Introduction. Utilization of PET/ Nylon waste. Manufacturing nonwovens and other products using recycled fibres containing spandex. Recycling of industrial fibres. Recycled products available in the market and their manufacturing methods.

#### **References:**

1. Youjiang Wang, "Recycling in Textiles", Woodhead Publishing Limited, Cambridge, 2006.

2. Marion I. Tobler-Rohr, "Handbook of Sustainable Textile Production", The Textile Institute, Woodhead Publications, UK, 2011.

3. R.S. Blackburn, "Sustainable Textiles – Life Cycle and Environmental Impact", Woodhead Publications, UK, CRC Press, 2009.

4. Miraftab M and Horrocks R, "Eco-Textiles", Woodhead Publishing Limited, Cambridge, 2007.

5. Gupta V B and Kothari V K, "Manufactured Fibre Technology", Chapman & Hall, London, 1997.

6. "Eco -Textiles, Special Report", The Bombay Textile Research Association, Mumbai, 1996.

#### 22OCE01 ENERGY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT

### **Course Objectives**

- To develop an understanding and analyze the energy data of industries.
- To carryout energy accounting and balancing.
- To conduct energy audit and suggest methodologies for energy savings.
- To utilize the available resources in optimal ways

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Classify and characterize the various energy utilization techniques.
- 2. Identify suitable technique to provide an energy efficient system.
- 3. Identify the need for thermal systems with latest technologies.
- 4. Choose suitable techniques doe conserving energy with respect to emerging trends.
- 5. Assess the impact economics on the conservation of energy.

#### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
1	1										1	3
2	1	3									1	3
3	1	3									2	3
4	1	3	2								3	3
5	1	2	2								1	3

#### UNIT I

#### INTRODUCTION

Energy - Power – Past & Present scenario of World; National Energy consumption Data – Environmental aspects associated with energy utilization – Energy Auditing: Need, Types, Methodology and Barriers. Role of Energy Managers. Instruments for energy auditing.

#### UNIT II

#### ELECTRICAL SYSTEMS

Components of EB billing – HT and LT supply, Transformers, Cable Sizing, Concept of Capacitors, Power Factor Improvement, Harmonics, Electric Motors - Motor Efficiency Computation, Energy Efficient Motors, Illumination – Lux, Lumens, Types of lighting, Efficacy, LED Lighting and scope of Encon in Illumination.

# 9 Hours

#### **UNIT III**

#### THERMAL SYSTEMS

Stoichiometry, Boilers, Furnaces and Thermic Fluid Heaters - Efficiency computation and Encon measures. Steam: Distribution & Usage: Steam Traps, Condensate Recovery, Flash Steam Utilization, Insulators & Refractories.

#### UNIT IV

#### **ENERGY CONSERVATION IN MAJOR UTILITIES**

Pumps, Fans, Blowers, Compressed Air Systems, Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Systems -Cooling Towers – D.G. sets

#### UNIT V

#### **ECONIMICS**

Energy Economics - Discount Rate, Payback Period, Internal Rate of Return, Net Present Value, Life Cycle Costing –ESCO concept.

#### Total: 45 Hours

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. Energy Manager Training Manual (4 Volumes) available at www.energymanager training.com,a website administered by Bureau of Energy Efficiency (BEE), a statutory body under Ministry of Power, Government of India, 2004.
- 2. Witte. L.C., P.S. Schmidt, D.R. Brown, "Industrial Energy Management and Utilization" Hemisphere Publication, Washington, 1988.
- 3. Callaghn, P.W. "Design and Management for Energy Conservation", Pergamon Press, Oxford, 1981.
- 4. Dryden. I.G.C., "The Efficient Use of Energy" Butterworths, London, 1982.
- 5. Turner. W.C., "Energy Management Hand book", Wiley, New York, 1982.
- 6. Murphy. W.R. and G. Mc KAY, "Energy Management", Butterworths, London 1987.

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 188

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the concepts of Object Oriented Programming
- To study the concepts of objects and classes.
- To familiarize in the types of constructors.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex

engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Identify the characteristics and data types of C++ language.
- 2. Develop programs using objects and classes for real world applications.
- 3. Construct programs to implement operator overloading and inheritance techniques.
- 4. Apply Polymorphism and File streams concepts to develop C++ program.
- 5. Design applications using templates and apply exception handling mechanisms.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	2			3									
2	1	2	3		3									
3	1	2	2		3									
4	1	2	3		3									
5	1	2	3		3									

# **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Need for object-oriented programming - Procedural Languages vs. Object oriented approach - Characteristics Object oriented programming - C++ Programming Basics: Basic Program Construction - Output Using cout - Input with cin - Data types- Variables and Constants - Operators - Control Statements-Manipulators - Type conversion. Function Prototyping- call by reference, return by reference- Inline function- Default arguments - Function overloading.(sona).

#### UNIT II OBJECTS AND CLASSES

Objects and Classes Simple Class - C++ Objects as Physical Objects - C++ Object as Data types-CONSTRUCTORS: Parameterized Constructors - Multiple Constructors in a Class - Constructors with Default Arguments - Dynamic Initialization of Objects - Copy and Dynamic Constructors - Destructors(PSG) - Structures and Classes - Arrays and Strings.

### UNIT III

# **OPERATOR OVERLOADING AND INHERITANCE**

Operator Overloading and Inheritance Need of operator overloading- Overloading Unary Operators-Overloading binary Operators - Overloading Special Operators - Data Conversion Inheritance: Derived Class and Base Class - Derived Class Constructors-Overriding Member Functions-Class Hierarchies- Public and Private Inheritance-Levels of Inheritance-Multiple Inheritance.

# UNIT IV

# POLYMORPHISM AND FILE STREAMS

Polymorphism and File Streams Virtual Function - Friend Function - Static Function-Assignment and Copy Initialization- Memory Management: new and delete Pointers to Objects, this Pointer-Streams - String I/O - Character I/O - Object I/O - I/O with Multiple Objects - File Pointers - Disk I/O with Member Functions- Error Handling in File I/O.

# UNIT V

#### **TEMPLATES AND EXCEPTION HANDLING**

Templates: Introduction - Function Templates - Overloading Function Templates-, user defined template arguments(sona) - Class Templates - Exception Handling - Syntax, multiple exceptions, exceptions with arguments.

### Total: 45 Hours

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. Deitel & Deitel, C++ How to program, Prentice Hall, 2005.
- 2. Robert Lafore, Object Oriented Programming in-C++, Galgotia Publication.
- 3. D.S.Malik, C++ Programming, Thomson, 2007.
- 4. K.R. Venugopal, Rajkumar and T.Ravishankar, Mastering C++, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
- 5. E.Balagurusamy, Object Oriented Programming with C++, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing.

# 9 Hours

#### **10 Hours**

#### 22OCS02 JAVA FUNDAMENTALS

### **Course Objectives**

- Implement applications based on core Java Concepts with examples.
- Construct application using inheritance, packages and exception handling for real time problems.
- Integrate the Java I/O concepts to handle input and output operations.
- Develop programs to perform string manipulation in java.
- Design GUI with Java for event handling and database applications.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Demonstrate applications based on core Java Concepts with examples.
- 2. Construct application using inheritance, packages and exception handling for real time problem.
- 3. Explain the Java I/O concepts to handle input and output operations.
- 4. Develop programs to perform string manipulation in Java.
- 5. Design GUI with Java for event handling and database applications.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	3	2		2									
2	2	3	2		2									
3	3	3	3		3									
4	2	2	2		2									
5	2	2	2		2									

#### **Articulation Matrix**

UNIT I BASICS OF JAVA 9 Hours

The Genesis of Java - Overview of Java - Data Types, Variables, and Arrays - Operators – Control Statements - Introducing Classes - Methods and Classes.

#### UNIT II INHERITANCE, PACKAGES AND EXCEPTIONS

Inheritance: Basics - Using Super - Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy - Method overriding - Using Abstract Classes - Packages and Interfaces: Packages - Access Protection - Importing Packages-Interfaces Definitions and Implementations - Exception Handling: Types - Try and Catch - Throw.

### UNIT III

#### EXPLORING JAVA I/O

I/O Basics - Reading Console Input -Writing Console output - Native Methods - I/ O Classes and Interfaces - File - The Byte Streams - The Character Streams - Using Stream I/ O - Serialization.

#### UNIT IV

JAVA STRINGS String Handling: Special String operations and Methods - String Buffer - Exploring java. Lang: Simple type Wrappers - System - Math - Collections Framework: Collections Interfaces and Classes – Utility Classes: String Tokenizer - Date and Time.

#### UNIT V

### **GUI WITH JAVA**

Applet Basics - Applet Architecture - Applet Display Methods - Parameter Passing - Event Handling Mechanisms - Event Classes - Event Listener - Working with Windows, Graphics, Colors and Fonts - AWT Controls - Layout Managers and Menus – JDBC.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. Herbert Schildt, Java 2-Complete Reference, Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2015.
- 2. Deitel & Deitel, Java How to Program, Prentice Hall of India, 2010.
- 3. Gary Cornell and Cay S. Horstmann, Core Java Vol.1 and Vol.2, Sun Microsystems Press, 2008.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

#### 22OCS03 KNOWLEDGE DISCOVERY IN DATABASES

#### **Course Objectives**

- Introduce the basic concepts of data warehousing.
- Impart knowledge about the data mining functionalities.
- Assess the strengths and weaknesses of association mining and cluster analysis.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Explain the concepts of Data Warehousing architecture and business analysis process.
- 2. Illustrate the process of Data Mining and preprocessing techniques for data cleansing.
- 3. Apply the association rules for mining the various kinds of data.
- 4. Analyze Classification and Clustering algorithms for various problems with high dimensional data.
- 5. Illustrate the various data mining techniques on complex data objects.

#### Articulation Matrix

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2													
2	2	3	2											
3	2	2	2											
4	3	2	2	2										
5	2	2	2	2										

#### UNIT I

#### DATA WAREHOUSING AND BUSINESS ANALYSIS

Data warehousing Components -Building a Data warehouse -Data Warehouse and DBMS-Metadata-Multidimensional data model - Data Extraction, Cleanup and Transformation Tools - Reporting, Query tools and Applications - OLAP vs OLTP - OLAP operations - Data Warehouse Schemas: Stars, Snowflakes and Fact constellations.

#### UNIT II INTRODUCTION TO DATA MINING

Introduction - Steps in knowledge discovery from databases process - Architecture of a Typical Data Mining Systems - Data Mining Functionalities - Classification of Data Mining Systems - Data mining on different kinds of data - Different kinds of pattern - Task Primitives - Integration of a Data Mining System with a Data Warehouse - Major issues in Data mining.

#### UNIT III

#### **ASSOCIATION RULE MINING**

Market Basket Analysis- Frequent Item Set Mining methods: Apriori algorithm - Generating Association Rules - A Pattern Growth Approach- Pattern mining in multilevel and multidimensional space - Mining Various Kinds Of Association Rules - Association Analysis to Correlation Analysis - Constraint Based Association Mining.

#### UNIT IV

# CLASSIFICATION AND CLUSTERING

Decision Tree Induction - Bayesian Classification - Rule Based Classification - Classification by Back propagation - Support Vector Machines - Clustering: Types of data - Partitioning methods: k-means, k- medoid - Hierarchical Methods: distance based agglomerative and divisible clustering, BIRCH – Density Based Method: DBSCAN - Grid Based Method: STING.

#### UNIT V

#### DATA MINING APPLICATIONS

Mining complex data objects - Text Mining - Graph mining - Web mining - Spatial Data mining - Application and trends in data mining - Social impacts of Data mining.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1 Jiawei Han, Micheline Kamber and Jian Pai , Data Mining: Concepts and Techniques, Morgan Kauffman, 3rd Edition, 2013.
- 2 Alex Berson and Stephen J Smith, Data Warehousing, Data Mining, and OLAP, Tata Mcgraw-Hill, 1997.
- 3 David Hand, Heikki Manila, Padhraic Symth, Principles of Data Mining, MIT Press, 2001.
- 4 Margaret H.Dunham, Data Mining: Introductory and Advanced Topics, Pearson Education 2003.

#### 8 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 22OCS04 E-LEARNING TECHNIQUES

#### **Course Objectives**

- Understand the technologies involved in e-learning.
- Gain the fundamentals of e-learning techniques
- Determine the characteristics of Teaching-Learning Process

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Acquire knowledge about the basic concepts of e-learning.
- 2. Explain the technology mediated communication in e-learning
- 3. Exemplify of e-learning and content the process management.
- 4. Analyze the teaching and learning processes in e-learning environment.
- 5. Assess the various applications of e-learning.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	2												
2	2	2	3											
3	3	3	3											
4	2	2	2											
5	2	2	2											

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I INTRODUCTION

Evolution of Education - Generations of Distance Educational Technology - Role of E-Learning - Components of e-learning: CBT, WBT, Virtual Classroom - Barriers to e-Learning Roles and Responsibilities: Subject Matter Expert - Instructional Designer - Graphic Designer - Multimedia Author - Programmer - System Administrator - Web Master.

#### UNIT II

#### TECHNOLOGIES

Satellite Broadcasting - Interactive Television - Call Centers - Whiteboard Environment - Teleconferencing: Audio Conferencing - Video Conferencing - Computer Conferencing. Internet: E-mail, Instant Messaging, Chat, Discussion Forums, Bulletin Boards, Voice Mail, File Sharing, Streaming Audio and Video.

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

# ina

#### UNIT III MANAGEMENT

Content: E-Content, Dynamic Content, Trends - Technology: Authoring, Delivery, Collaboration -Services: Expert Service, Information Search Service, Knowledge Creation Service - Learning Objects and E-Learning Standards. Process of E-Learning: Knowledge acquisition and creation, Sharing of knowledge, Utilization of knowledge - Knowledge Management in E-Learning.

# UNIT IV

### **TEACHING-LEARNING PROCESS**

Interactions: Teacher-Student - Student-Student - Student-Content - Teacher-Content - Teacher-Teacher - Content-Content Role of Teachers in E-Learning - Blended Learning - Cooperative Learning -Collaborative Learning - Multi Channel learning - Virtual University - Virtual Library.

# UNIT V

#### **APPLICATIONS**

Customer service training - Sales training - Customer training - Safety training - IT training -Product training - Healthcare training.

# **Reference**(s)

- E-Learning: An Expression of the Knowledge Economy, Gaurav Chadha, S.M. Nafay Kumail, 1. Tata McGraw-Hill Publication, 2002.
- E-Learning: New Trends and Innovations, P.P. Singh, Sandhir Sharma, Deep & Deep 2. Publications, 2005. 4. 4. Michael Allen's Guide to E-Learning, Michael W. Allen, Michael Allen, Wiley Publication, 2002.
- E-Learning: Concepts, Trends and Applications, Epignosis LLC, LLC publications, 2014. 3.
- 4. Michael Allen's Guide to E-Learning, Michael W. Allen, Michael Allen, Wiley Publication, 2002.

9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

# **Total: 45 Hours**

# 22OCS05 SOCIAL TEXT AND MEDIA ANALYTICS

# **Course Objectives**

- Understand the basic ideas of Text mining.
- Analyze the methods and approaches used in analytics.
- Gain knowledge on various types of analytics like web, social network, and social media.

# Programme Outcomes (POs)

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Demonstrate the concepts and applications of text mining.
- 2. Explain Content analysis and Sentiment analysis.
- 3. Illustrate web analytics with a suitable model.
- 4. Illustrate social network analytics with suitable example.
- 5. Illustrate social media analytics with suitable example.

#### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	3		2	3									
2	2	3		2	2									
3	2	3		3	3									
4	2	2	2	3	2									
5	2	3		2	3									

# UNIT I

TEXT MINING

Introduction, Core text mining operations, Preprocessing techniques, Categorization, Clustering, Information extraction, Probabilistic models for information extraction, Text mining applications.

#### UNIT II METHODS

Content Analysis-Natural Language Processing-Clustering & Topic Detection-Simple Predictive Modeling-Sentiment Analysis; Sentiment Prediction.

# 9 Hours

7 Hours

# 3003

#### UNIT III WEB ANALYTICS

Web analytics tools-Clickstream analysis-A/B testing, online surveys-Web search and retrieval-Search engine optimization-Web crawling and Indexing-Ranking algorithms-Web traffic models.

# UNIT IV

#### SOCIAL NETWORK ANALYTICS

Social contexts: Affiliation and identity - Social network analysis - Social network and web data and methods. Graphs and Matrices - Basic measures for individuals and networks.

### UNIT V

#### SOCIAL MEDIA ANALYTICS

Information visualization - Making connections: Link analysis - Random graphs and network evolution.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

# **Reference**(s)

- 1. Ronen Feldman and James Sanger, The Text Mining Handbook: Advanced Approaches in Analyzing Unstructured Data, Cambridge University Press, 2006.
- 2. Hansen, Derek, Ben Sheiderman, Marc Smith. Analyzing Social Media Networks with NodeXL: Insights from a Connected World, Morgan Kaufmann, 2011.
- 3. Avinash Kaushik. Web Analytics 2.0: The Art of Online Accountability, 2009.
- 4. Hanneman, Robert and Mark Riddle. Introduction to Social Network Method, 2005.
- 5. Wasserman, S. & Faust, K. Social network analysis: Methods and applications. New York: Cambridge University Press, 1994.
- 6. Monge, P. R. & Contractor, N. S. Theories of communication networks. New York: Oxford University, 2003.

#### 9 Hours

# 10 Hours

# 210ME01 DIGITAL MANUFACTURING

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the process of generating 3D Computer Aided Design (CAD) model by different method.
- To explain the constructional features and develop simple program for CNC lathe and Milling machines.
- To provide an exhaustive knowledge on various generic process and benefits of Additive Manufacturing.
- To familiarize about materials and process parameters of liquid and solid based AM techniques.
- To educate powder-based methodology and emerging trends with case studies, applications of AM techniques.

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PSO1. Design, analyse and evaluate the performance of mechanical systems.

PSO2. Choose the appropriate methodology, materials, tools and machinery to manufacture quality products at economical cost.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Design a 3D model from the 2D data.
- 2. Develop a CNC program for simple components.
- 3. Generate still file and manipulate parameters of AM machine.
- 4. Select appropriate liquid or solid materials-based AM process to the respective application.
- 5. Select appropriate process to fabricate a functional/prototype for aerospace, automotive, electronics, manufacturing and medical applications.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	2	2	2		2								1	2	
2	2	2	2		2								1	2	
3	2	2	2		2								1	2	
4	2	2	2		2								1	3	
5	2	2	2		2								1	2	

# UNIT I

#### CAD MODELING

Introduction - Design process - Stages. CAD - Input and Output devices, Modelling methods - Wire frame modelling, Surface modelling, Solid modelling - Constructive Solid Geometry and Boundary Representation Techniques. CAD/CAM data exchange - IGES, STEP. Product Life cycle management (PLM).

#### UNIT II

#### **AUTOMATION AND CNC MACHINES**

Introduction to Automation - Definition, types, reasons for automating. CNC Machines - Principles, types, features, advantages, applications. CNC Machine structure - Linear motion bearings, Recirculating ball bearings, drive system, and control system. CNC Lathe and Milling programming - Linear and circular interpolation, threading and drilling programs.

#### UNIT III

#### **ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING**

Introduction - Impact of Additive Manufacturing (AM) and Tooling on Product Development - Distinction between AM and CNC Machining - The Generalized AM Process chain - CAD Model - Input file formats - Generation and Conversion of STL file - File Verification and Repair - Build File Creation - Part Cleaning and finishing - AM Benefits - Classification of AM process

#### UNIT IV

#### LIQUID AND SOLID MATERIAL BASED SYSTEMS

Stereo lithography Apparatus (SLA), Digital Light Processing (DLP), Fused Deposition Modelling (FDM) and Laminated Object Manufacturing (LOM) - Working Principle, Construction, Process, Materials and Applications

#### UNIT V

#### POWDER BASED PROCESSES AND APPLICATIONS OF ADDITIVE MANUFACTURING

Selective Laser Sintering (SLS), Color Jet Printing (CJP), Electron Beam Melting (EBM) and Laser Engineered Net Shaping (LENS) - Working Principle, Construction, Process Variables, Materials and Applications. Reverse Engineering using 3D scanner. Application of Additive Manufacturing in Medical field, Manufacturing, Automotive industries, Aerospace and Electronics and Retail industries.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Ibrahim Zeid, R.Sivasubramania, CAD/CAM Theory and Practice, Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 2. M. Aditan, B.S. Pabala, CNC Machines, New age International, 2012.
- 3. C. K. Chua, K. F. Leong and C. S. Lim, Rapid prototyping: Principles and applications, Cambridge University Press, 2010.
- 4. D. T.Pham, S. S.Dimov, Rapid manufacturing, Springer-Verlag, London, 2001.
- 5. I. Gibson, D. W. Rosen, and B. Stucker, Additive Manufacturing Technologies 3D Printing, Rapid Prototyping and Direct Digital Manufacturing, Springer, 2015 http://www.springer.com/978-1-4939-2112-6.
- 6. www.grabcad.com, www.all3dp.com.

#### 9 Hours

#### 7 Hours

**10 Hours** 

# 11 Hours

#### **Course Objectives**

- To impart the knowledge on production planning methodologies and layout design.
- To learn about production planning and its control methods.
- To provide the knowledge of work study, process charts and ergonomic condition.
- To impart the knowledge on inventory control and material handling.
- To learn about system analysis and different types of maintenance processes.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

PSO2. Choose the appropriate methodology, materials, tools and machinery to manufacture quality products at economical cost.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Select proper plant layout for the required production system.
- 2. Plan the resources required for the production and to perform the control methods.
- 3. Apply work study method, prepare charts to outline the process and develop ergonomic condition suitable for the processes.
- 4. Analyze the inventory required based on production needs and material handling.
- 5. Perform system analysis and use different types of maintenance process for smooth operations.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	2	3	1		1									2	
2	3	3	1		2						2			2	
3	1	3	3		2									2	
4	2	3	1		2									2	
5	2	3	1		2									2	

# UNIT I

#### INDUSTRIAL ENGINEERING AND PRODUCTION SYSTEM

Industrial engineering - Concept, History and development, Applications, Roles of Industrial engineer-Production management, Industrial engineering versus production management, operations management. Plant layout, Criteria for good layout, Types of layouts - Process layout, Product layout, Combination layout and fixed position layout, Flow (material movement) pattern, Workstation Selection and design.

#### UNIT II

#### PROCESS PLANNING AND PRODUCTION CONTROL

Introduction to Process Planning-Definition, Procedure, Process selection, Machine capacity, Process sheet. Process analysis - Group technology, classification and coding system, formation of component family - Production planning, loading, scheduling. Production control -dispatching, routing - Progress control bar, curve, Gantt chart, route and schedule chart.

#### UNIT III

#### WORK STUDY AND ERGONOMICS

Work study - Definition, Need, Advantages, objectives of method study and work measurement, method study procedure, Process chart - symbols, outline process chart, flow process chart, principles of motion economy, ergonomics- applications of ergonomic principles in the shop floor- work benchesseating arrangement, Industrial physiology.

# UNIT IV

#### **INVENTORY MANAGEMENT**

Inventory control, classification, management, objectives, functions. Economic order quantity, Economic batch quantity, inventory models, ABC analysis, Material Requirement Planning(MRPI), Manufacturing Resource Planning (MRPII), Operating cycle, lean manufacturing, Supply chain management - Material handling.

#### UNIT V

#### SYSTEM ANALYSIS AND MAINTENANCE

System concept - system analysis, systems engineering, value engineering, value control, types of values. Plant maintenance - objectives, importance. Maintenance engineer - duties, functions and responsibilities. Types - breakdown, scheduled, preventive and predictive - Plant maintenance schedule, Condition monitoring.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Khanna O.P., Industrial Engineering and management, Dhanpat Rai Publications., 2010.
- 2. Martand T. Telsang, Industrial Engineering and Production Management, S Chand Publishers, 2006.
- 3. Panneerselvam R., Production and operations management, Heritage Publishers, 2006.
- 4. Ravi Shankar, Industrial Engineering and Management, Golgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2009.

#### 9 Hours

# **10 Hours**

**8 Hours** 

#### **10 Hours**

**8 Hours** 

#### Total: 45 Hours

#### 22OME03 MAINTENANCE ENGINEERING

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the principles, objectives and importance of maintenance adopted in industry for successful progress.
- To introduce different maintenance categories, its merits and types of lubrication.
- To expose the idea of condition monitoring, methods and instruments used for allied measurements.
- To learn about failure analysis and repair methods for few mechanical elements.
- To promote computerization in maintenance and inventory management.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PSO2. Choose the appropriate methodology, materials, tools and machinery to manufacture quality products at economical cost.

### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Explain the principles, objectives and importance of maintenance adopted in industry.
- 2. Select the suitable maintenance category and lubrication type.
- 3. Apply the appropriate methods and instruments for condition monitoring.
- 4. Analyze the failures of mechanical systems and select suitable repair methods.
- 5. Utilize computers in maintenance and inventory management.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	2	2												2	
2	2	2												2	
3					2	2	1							2	
4	1	2	1		2	2	2							2	
5	2	2	2		1	1	1							2	

#### UNIT I

# **PRINCIPLES OF MAINTENANCE PLANNING**

Basic principles of maintenance planning - Objectives and principles of planned maintenance activity -Importance and benefits of sound maintenance systems - Maintenance organization - Maintenance economics.

# UNIT II

# MAINTENANCE CATEGORIES AND LUBRICATION

Maintenance categories - Comparative merits of each category - Preventive maintenance, Maintenance schedules, Repair cycle - Total Productive Maintenance - Principles and methods of lubrication.

#### UNIT III

#### **CONDITION MONITORING**

Condition based maintenance - Cost comparison with and without Condition Monitoring - Methods and instruments for condition monitoring - Noise, vibration, wear and temperature measurement.

# UNIT IV

#### FAILURE ANALYSIS AND REPAIR METHODS

Failure analysis - Failures and their development - Role of Non-Destructive Testing in failure analysis - Repair methods for bearings, cylinder block, fuel pump, shaft.

#### UNIT V

#### **COMPUTER AIDED MAINTENANCE MANAGEMENT**

Approach towards Computerization in maintenance - computer-aided maintenance management system (CAMMS) - Advantages of CAMMS - spare parts and inventory centre performance reporting.

#### FURTHER READING

Retrofitting, objectives, classification of retrofitting, cost effectiveness through retrofitting (economical aspects), circumstances leading to retrofitting, features and selection for retrofitting.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Srivastava S.K, Maintenance Engineering, S Chand and Company, 2010.
- 2. Mishra R.C, Pathak K, Maintenance Engineering and Management, Second edition, Prentice Hall India Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
- 3. Keith Mobley R, Lindley R. Higgins and Darrin J. Wikoff, Maintenance Engineering Handbook, Seventh edition, McGraw-Hill Professional, 2008.
- 4. Davies A, Handbook of Condition Monitoring: Techniques and Methodology, Springer, 2012.
- 5. Otegui Jose Luis, Failure Analysis, Fundamentals and Applications in Mechanical Components, Nineteenth edition, Springer, 2014.

# 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

**Total: 45 Hours** 

#### 22OME04 SAFETY ENGINEERING

# **Course Objectives**

- To study the principles of safety management system.
- To introduce the provisions contained in the industrial laws.
- To provide knowledge on safety requirements for engineering industry.
- To learn safety requirement for chemical industry.
- To study the various safety measures adopted in construction industries.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1. Design, analyse and evaluate the performance of mechanical systems.

PSO2. Choose the appropriate methodology, materials, tools and machinery to manufacture quality products at economical cost.

PSO3. Address all the fluid flow and heat transfer related problems of mechanical systems.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Explain safety management system of an industry.
- 2. Implement the provisions of acts and rules in industries.
- 3. Implement and review the safety performance followed in various industries
- 4. Evaluate safety appraisal in chemical industries.
- 5. Generate safety reports on construction industries.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1					2	1		1						2	2
2					1			3					2	1	
3	2											3	1		2
4	2	3							2				2		1
5					2					3				3	

# UNIT I

#### SAFETY MANAGEMENT

Concepts - Evolution, International Labour Organization (ILO), National Safety Council, Techniques - Job Safety Analysis (JSA), Safety survey, Safety inspection, Safety Sampling, Accident Reporting and Investigation - Concept of an accident, Accident causation models, cost of accident, investigation, Safety Performance Monitoring - Safety indices.

### UNIT II

#### SAFETY AND LAW

Factory Act 1948-Safety and Health chapters, Tamil Nadu Factories Rules- Safety and Health chapters, Environment and Pollution Laws, Building and other construction works act 1996, Electricity Rules.

### UNIT III

#### SAFETY IN ENGINEERING INDUSTRIES

Safety in machine shop - Principles of machine guarding - Personal protective equipment- Safety in handling industrial gases - Safety in cold forming and hot working of metals- Safety in finishing, inspection and testing, heat treatment, electro plating, leak test, radiography.

#### UNIT IV

#### SAFETY IN CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES

Safety in process design, unit operations, pressure vessel, heat exchanger, safety valves -Plant commissioning and inspection, pressure vessel, Plant maintenance and emergency planning, management of maintenance HAZOP study.

#### UNIT V

#### SAFETY IN CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY

Construction regulations, contractual clauses, permit to work, - Education and training-Hazards of construction and prevention- excavation, scaffolding, dismantling, road works, construction of high rise buildings - Working at heights, -Working on fragile roofs, work permit systems-Construction machinery, cranes, chain pulley blocks, earth moving equipment, conveyors- Manual handling, Safety in demolition work, - Safety in confined spaces

#### FOR FURTHER READING

Case Studies- Major accidents at Flixborough, UK, Seveso, Italy, Victoria Dock, India, Bhopal, India.

# Total: 45 Hours

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Blake R.B., Industrial Safety, Prentice Hall, Incorporated, New Jersey, 1973.
- National Safety Council, Accident Prevention Manual for Industrial Operations, Chicago,1988. Subramanian V., The Factories Act, 1948, with Tamil Nadu Factories Rules, 1950, Madras.
- 3. Environmental Pollution Control Act, 1986.
- 4. BOCW Act, 1996, Madras Book agency, Chennai-1.
- 5. Explosive Act, 1884, Eastern Book Company, Lucknow -266 001.

#### 8 Hours

# **10 Hours**

**10 Hours** 

# 8 Hours

# 22OBT01 BIOFUELS

### **Course Objectives**

- To understand and explore the scope of biofuels the most efficient renewable source of energy.
- To develop the expertise in the technology pertaining to their generation and employment in order to surrogate the existing conventional fuels and hence strives towards sustainable development
- To give way to the bolster green technology and incline towards more eco-friendly options.

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PSO3. Conceive Plan and Deploy bio-resources for the benefit of society and environment.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Apply the bioresources that can be used for the production of biofuels.
- 2. Analyze the physical and chemical properties of the biodiesel.
- 3. Analyze the mechanisms of improvising the quality and performance of engines using biofuels
- 4. Analyze the bio-fuel conversion technologies and their environmental attributes
- 5. Evaluate the designing aspects of major unit processes/operations of an integrated biorefinery

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	1		2				3								1
2	2						1								3
3	1						3								2
4	2						3								3
5	1						1								

# **Articulation Matrix**

### UNIT I

#### 9 Hours

#### **CLASSIFICATION AND RESOURCES**

Introduction, biofuel as a renewable energy, classification of biofuels - First, second, third and fourth generation biofuels, different plant sources as biofuel feedstocks, Biogases, physical and chemical characteristics of vegetable oils - iodine number, hydroxyl, acid values, rancidity, hydrogenolysis and hydrolysis, Food vs energy.

#### UNIT II

#### BIODIESEL

Definition, basics and chemistry of biodiesel, vegetable oils in biodiesel production, Trans esterification: Chemical methods, enzymatic methods and types of catalysts, separation and purification, physical properties and characterization of biodiesel - Cloud point, pour point, cold filter plugging point, flash point, viscosity and cetane number.

#### UNIT III

#### **QUALITY BIODIESEL AND ENVIRONMENT**

Producing Quality Biodiesel, quality control, test methods, ASTM specifications. Oxidative and thermal stability, estimation of mono, di, triglycerides and free glycerol, engine performance test, blending of ethanol with biodiesel, blending of biodiesel with high-speed diesel (HSD) and their combustion properties.

### UNIT IV

# **BIOETHANOL AND BIOGASES**

Ethanol as a fuel, microbial and enzymatic production of ethanol from biomass - lignocellulose, sugarcane, sugar beet, corn, wheat starch, purification - wet and dry milling processes, saccharification-chemical and enzymatic. Production of bio methane and bio hydrogen.

#### UNIT V

#### BIOREFINERIES

Definition and types of biorefineries, co-products of biorefineries-oil cake and glycerol, purification of glycerol obtained in biodiesel plant; anaerobic and thermal gasification of biomass, economics of biorefineries.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Caye Drapcho, John Nghiem and Terry Walker, Biofuels Engineering process technology, McGraw Hill Professional, 2008.
- 2. Mousdale, Biofuels, CRC Press, 2008.
- 3. Ahindra Nag, Biofuels Refining and Performance, McGraw-Hill Professional, 2007.
- 4. Lisbeth Olsson, Biofuels (Advances in Biochemical Engineering/ Biotechnology), Springer, 2007.

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### 22OFD01 TRADITIONAL FOODS

#### **Course Objectives**

- Understand the importance of traditional foods and food habits.
- Know the traditional processing of snack, sweet and dairy food products.
- Infer the wide diversity and common features of traditional Indian foods and meal patterns.

# **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Justify the processing methods of traditional foods in terms of its health benefits.
- 2. Assess the production methods of traditional sweets, snacks and dairy products.
- 3. Differentiate Traditional fermented foods products based on its raw material.
- 4. Implement a large-scale production of tradition foods for its increased consumption.
- 5. Compare the health aspects of traditional foods with modern foods.

#### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1													
2		1												
3	2	1	1											
4								2						
5								2						

#### UNIT I

#### TRADITIONAL METHODS OF FOOD PROCESSING

Introduction - food culture -geographical features and food. Traditional methods of milling grains - rice, wheat and corn - equipment and processes as compared to modern methods. Equipment and processes for edible oil extraction- comparison of traditional and modern methods. Energy costs, efficiency, yield, shelf life and nutrient content comparisons. Traditional methods of food preservation - sun-drying, osmotic drying, brining, pickling and smoking.

#### UNIT II

# TRADITIONAL SWEETS, SNACKS AND DAIRY PRODUCTS

Production, formulation, preparation and processing of Indian traditional sweet and snack food products: -Rasgolla, Gulab jamun; formulation and preparation of namkeen, potato chips, banana chips. Acid coagulated and fermented dairy products- paneer, dahi, shrikhand, lassi - processing conditions, defects etc. Fat rich products- Butter, ghee and its processing.

# 9 Hours

# UNIT III

#### TRADITIONAL FERMENTED FOOD PRODUCTS

Idli, Soya sauce, fish pickle, dry fish, meat and vegetable fermented products. Various alcohol-based products. Ways to increase nutritional quality of food such as enrichment, fortification, fermentation and mutual supplementation. Best cooking and processing methods to retain nutrients.

#### UNIT IV

### COMMERCIAL PRODUCTION OF TRADITIONAL FOODS

Commercial production of traditional breads, snacks, ready-to-eat foods and instant mixes, frozen foods -types marketed, turnover; role of SHGs, SMES industries, national and multinational companies; commercial production and packaging of traditional beverages such as tender coconut water, neera, lassi, buttermilk, dahi. Commercial production of intermediate foods - ginger and garlic pastes, tamarind pastes, masalas (spice mixes), idly and dosa batters

#### UNIT V

### HEALTH ASPECTS OF TRADIONAL FOODS

Comparison of traditional foods with typical fast foods / junk foods - cost, food safety, nutrient composition, bioactive components; energy and environmental costs of traditional foods; traditional foods used for specific ailments /illnesses.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Sen and Colleen Taylor, Food Culture in India, Greenwood Press, 2005.
- 2. Davidar, Ruth N. "Indian Food Science: A Health and Nutrition Guide to Traditional Recipes:" East West Books, 2001.
- 3. Steinkrus.K.H. Handbook of Indigenous Fermented Foods, CRC press, 1995.
- 4. Aneja. R.P, Mathur.BN, R.C. Chandan, and Banerjee.A.K. Technology of Indian Milk Products. Dairy India Year Book, 2009.

#### 9 Hours

# 10 Hours

**8 Hours** 

# **Total: 45 Hours**

### **Course Objectives**

- Introduce the concept of food hygiene, importance of safe food and laws governing it.
- Learn common causes of food borne illness viz. physical, chemical and biological and identification through food analysis.
- Understand food inspection procedures employed in maintaining food quality.

### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Analyse the food safety strategies and nutritional quality of the food.
- 2. Check the food regulatory mechanism and mandatory laws for food products.
- 3. Determine the national and international regulatory agencies.
- 4. Understand and apply the voluntary regulatory standards.
- 5. Assess the implementation of food safety for a food processing industry.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	2	1											
2		1				1	2	1						
3		1												
4	1	2												
5	1	2												

#### 212

#### **10 Hours**

**INTRODUCTION** Introduction, concept of food safety and standards, food safety strategies. Food hazards and contaminations - biological (bacteria, viruses and parasites), chemical (toxic constituents / hazardous materials) pesticides residues / environmental pollution / chemicals) and physical hazards. Preventive food safety systems - monitoring of safety, wholesomeness and nutritional quality of food. Prevention and control of physical, chemical and microbiological hazards. Principles of food safety -Establishment: design and facilities - emergency preparedness - Maintenance cleaning and sanitation personal hygiene - packaging and labelling - transportation - traceability - recall procedure - visitor policy. Adulteration: Intentional and unintentional - Preservatives - antioxidants, sweeteners, flavours, colours, vitamins, stabilizers - indirect additives - organic resides - inorganic residues and contaminants.

#### UNIT II

UNIT I

#### **FOOD LAWS**

Indian and Food Regulatory Regime (Existing and new), PFA Act and Rules, Food Safety and Quality Requirements, Additives, Contaminants and Pesticide Residue. Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006, FSSAI roles and responsibilities, Essential Commodities Act, 1955, Global Scenario, Codex Alimentarius, WHO/FAO Expert Bodies (JECFA/ JEMRA/JMPR) WHO/FAO Expert Bodies (JECFA/ JEMRA/JMPR). Food safety inspection services (FSIS) and their utilization.

#### **UNIT III**

#### REGULATIONS

Introduction to OIE & IPPC, Other International Food Standards (e.g. European Commission, USFDA etc). WTO: Introduction to WTO Agreements: SPS and TBT Agreement, Export & Import Laws and Regulations, Export (Quality Control and Inspection) Act, 1963. Role of Agricultural and Processed Food Products Export Development Authority (APEDA), Customs Act and Import Control Regulations, Other Voluntary and mandatory product specific regulations, Other Voluntary National Food Standards: BIS Other product specific standards; AGMARK. Nutritional Labelling, Health claims.

#### UNIT IV

#### **STANDARDS**

Voluntary Quality Standards and Certification GMP, GHP, HACCP, GAP, Good Animal Husbandry Practices, Good Aquaculture Practices ISO 9000, ISO 22000, ISO 14000, ISO 17025, PAS 22000, FSSC 22000, BRC, BRCIOP, IFS, SQF 1000, SQF 2000. Role of NABL, CFLS.

#### UNIT V

#### IMPLEMENTATION AND RISK ASSESSMENT

Implementation of food safety for a desired food processing industry. Risk assessment studies: Risk management, risk characterization and communication.

### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Singal RS (1997). Handbook of indices of food quality and authenticity. Woodhead Publ. Cambridge, UK.
- 2. Shapton DA (1994). Principles and practices of safe processing of foods. Butterworth Publication, London. Winton AL (1999) Techniques of food analysis, Allied Science Publications New Delhi.
- 3. Pomeranze Y (2004). Food analysis Theory and Practice CBS Publications, New Delhi.
- 4. Jacob MB (1999). The chemical analysis of foods and food products. CBS Publ. New Delhi.

# **10 Hours**

#### **10 Hours**

**10 Hours** 

**5** Hours

Total: 45 Hours

### 22OFD03 POST HARVEST TECHNOLOGY OF FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the importance and different methods of post harvest handling and storage of fruits and vegetables.
- To gain knowledge on different preservation methods of fruits and vegetables
- To familiarize with the value-added products from fruits and vegetables

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

# **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Implement the different post-harvest handling practices for the storage of fruits and vegetables.
- 2. Analyze the suitable preservation method (sugar, salt or dehydration) to produce value added products from fruits and vegetables.
- 3. Evaluate the requirement of low temperature and irradiation methods to preserve specific fruits and vegetables.
- 4. Apply the concentration and fermentation methods to preserve fruits and vegetables.
- 5. Implement the canning method to preserve fruits and vegetables.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	1	2	1			1							
2	1	1												
3	1	2												
4	1		1											
5	2	1	1											

# UNIT I

#### POST-HARVEST PRACTICES AND PROCESSING

Maturity indices for harvesting; pathological spoilage's during storage, ripening and control measures, post-harvest handling, sorting & grading, packaging, storage, transportation, Methods of pre-cooling, post-harvest treatments to hasten and delay ripening; Methods of storage at farm level - cold storage, controlled/modified atmosphere storage, Quality management, export requirements, Nutritive value, nutraceutical properties

#### UNIT II

#### PRESERVATION AND VALUE ADDITION

General principles and methods of fruit and vegetable preservation. Preservation using sugar: Principle and Preparation of jam, jelly, marmalade, squash, RTS, carbonated beverages, crush, nectar, cordial, fruit bar, preserves, candies and carbonated fruit beverages. Processing using salt: Principle - Brining -Preparation of pickles, chutney and sauces, ketchup.

#### **UNIT III**

#### PRESERVATION BY LOW TEMPERATURE AND IRRADIATION

Preservation by low temperature: definition, principle, methods - Refrigeration, freezing. Methods of freezing- changes during freezing. Preparation of frozen foods. Minimal Processing of Fruits and Vegetables - techniques involved - Preservation by irradiation: definition- principle, application, irradiation unit.

#### UNIT IV

#### PRESERVATION BY DRYING

Machineries involved in processing of fruits and vegetables products. Drying and dehydration: definition, principle, Types of driers: Solar, cabinet, spray drier, drum drier, fluidized bed drier. Preparation of product for dehydration. Dehydration principles and equipment. Preparation of fruits powder production. Problems related to storage of dehydrated products.

# UNIT V

**Reference**(s)

#### PRESERVATION BY CANNING

Canning: principles, Types of cans, packing of canned products-preparation of canned products general considerations in establishing a commercial fruit and vegetable cannery, machineries involved in canning and bottling unit- spoilage of canned foods. Bottling of fruit and vegetable. Precautions in canning operations.

#### Total: 45 Hours

# 1. S. Ranganna, HandBook of Analysis and Quality Control for Fruit and Vegetable Products, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, Chennai, 2017.

- 2. N.W. Desrosier, the Technology of Food Preservation, CBS Publisher & Distributions, New Delhi, 1987.
- 3. R.P. Srivastava and S. Kumar, Fruit and Vegetable Preservation: Principles and Practices, Second Edition, International Book Distribution Co., Lucknow, 1998.
- 4. G. Lal, G. Siddappa and G.L. Tondon, Preservation of Fruits and Vegetables, Indian Council of Agricultural Research, New Delhi, 1986.
- 5. Chakraverty, A.S. Mujumdar, G.S.V. Raghavan and H.S. Ramaswamy, Handbook of Postharvest Technology, Marcel Dekker Press, USA, 2001.
- 6. D.K. Salunkhe, and S.S. Kadam, Handbook of Fruit Science and Technology: Production, Composition and Processing, Marcel Dekker, New York, 1995.

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours
#### 22OFD04 CEREAL, PULSES AND OIL SEED TECHNOLOGY

#### **Course Objectives**

- Understand the application of scientific principles in the processing technologies specific to the materials
- Understand the storage methods and handling techniques followed for cereals, pulses and oil seeds
- Develop the knowledge in the area of Cereals, pulses and oil seed processing and technology

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO4.Conduct Investigations of Complex Problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PSO2. Practical and research training imparted to the students will pave the way for introducing novel technologies in food processing sectors for global sustenance.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Identify the specific processing technologies employed for cereals
- 2. Analyse the composition of millets and their nutritional importance
- 3. Relate the compositional changes and processing methods of pulses and legumes
- 4. Create the competence in processing of oilseeds technology
- 5. Relate the storage processing of food grains with quality aspects

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2		2		2								
2	1	2		2		1								
3	2	2		1		2								
4	2	3		2		2								2
5	2	2		2		3								

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### CEREALS

Cereal Grains- Basic agricultural aspects, structure and composition; Storage, Insect control; Processing: Wheat- milling, (Atta and Maida), quality aspects of flour, wheat proteins and their function, rheology of flour; wheat based baked products - Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Extruded products, Pizza, Chapatis, malting and malt products; Rice-Milling, Parboiling, Quick cooking rice, Traditional Indian Products- Puffed Rice, flaked rice, Idli/Dosa/vada mixes and other savouries; Corn- Wet and dry milling, Corn Products - Corn flakes, Corn starch, canned corn products, puffed product; Oats-Milling, Oat Products - Steel cut, rolled oats, quick cooking; Traditional and Fermented cereal products.

#### UNIT II

#### **OTHER CEREALS AND MILLETS**

Sorghum, Pearl Millet, Finger millet, Foxtail Kodo Millet - Basic agricultural millet, aspects, structure and composition; storage, insect control; processing - pearling, Milling, Malting, Malt based foods, flaked and fermented products; Traditional and Nutritional products based on finger millet.

#### UNIT III

#### **PULSES AND LEGUMES**

Basic agricultural aspects, structure, composition, storage, insect control, processing Milling/splitting, dhal milling, products - puffed, flakes, flour, legume-based traditional products, flour based Indian sweets and savouries, soya milk, soy protein Isolate, soya paneer

#### UNIT IV

#### OIL SEEDS AND NUTS

Basic agricultural aspects structure, composition, Storage, Insect control; processing: traditional and modern methods of oil extraction, refining, bleaching, deodorizing, hydrogenation; oil blends; applications of different oils and fats in food processing & products.

#### UNIT V

#### STORAGE AND HANDLING

Bag Storage - Advantages and Disadvantages, Cover Plinth Storage Structures, CAP storage (Cover and Plinth Storage). Protection against Rodents, Fungi, Pests and Mites. Fumigation Processes for bag storage piles. Bulk Storage in silos and large Bins. Conveyors and Elevators for feeding and discharging.

#### Total: 45 Hours

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Chakraverty, A.: Post Harvest Technology of Cereals, Pulses and Oilseeds. Oxford and IBH Publishing Co, Calcutta, 1995.
- 2. Delcour, Jan A. and R. Carl Hoseney., Principles of Cereal Science and Technology, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, American Association of Cereal Chemists, 2010.
- 3. Karl Kulp, Handbook of Cereal Science and Technology, 2nd Rev. Edition, CRC Press, 2000.
- 4. N.L.Kent and A.D.Evans, Technology of Cereals (4th Edition) Elsevier Science (Pergaman), Oxford, UK, 1994.
- 5. Matz, Samuel A., The Chemistry and Technology of Cereals as Food and Feed, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition,CBS, 1996.
- 6. Morris, Peter C. and J.H. Bryce., Cereal Biotechnology, CRC/Wood head publishing, 2004.

#### 9 Hours

## 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

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#### 22OFT01 FASHION CRAFTSMANSHIP

#### **Course Objectives**

- To impart theoretical and practical knowledge about various handi-craft techniques
- To enhance innovative skills on hand crafts.
- To build confidence on doing handicrafts.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO10.Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions. PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PSO1. Interpret trends, decipher fashion movements, apply the knowledge of elements of design and Gestalt theory of visual perception; and incorporate sustainable decisions into their design artworks, fashion products and accessories.

#### Course Outcomes (COs)

- 1. Outline the classification, techniques and criteria for selecting raw materials for making various handicraft materials and produce textile-based handicrafts. Produce various decorative and appealing products.
- 2. Design and construct various wall hangings and fashion accessories.
- 3. Design and construct toys and accessories.
- 4. Design and construct head accessories, home furnishings and paintings.
- 5. Design and construct various decorative and appealing products for interiors.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	1	3				2		2	2		2	2	
2	3	2	3				1		2	3		2	2	
3	3	2	3				2		2	3		2	2	
4	3	2	3				2		2	3		2	2	
5	3	2	3				2		2	3		2	2	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### **TECHNIQUES OF HANDICRAFT MATERIALS**

Definition of Handicraft, Classification: Reusable, Non reusable, Raw materials used in various craft materials: printed, embroidered, stitched and handmade, Criteria for selection of raw materials: material types and end uses.

#### UNIT II

#### **DECORATIVE AND APPEALING PRODUCTS - INTERIORS**

Designing and Construction procedures for following various decorative and appealing products: Wall hangings - String Art on plywood, Pressed Flower Art frames.

#### UNIT III

#### **DECORATIVE AND APPEALING PRODUCTS - ACCESSORIES**

Designing and Construction procedures for following various decorative and appealing products: Handbags, Hats, footwear.

#### UNIT IV DECORATIVE AND APPEALING PRODUCTS - ORNAMENTS

Designing and Construction procedures for following various decorative and appealing products: Stone necklace using Macrame Technique, Tribal Jewellery using woollen threads, Floral Jewellery using Resin Technique, Fabric Jewellery using Tie and Dye Technique.

#### UNIT V

#### DECORATIVE AND APPEALING PRODUCTS - FANCY ITEMS

Designing and Construction procedures for following various decorative and appealing products: Jewellery Box, Utility Holder, Gift items. Lampshade decors from cardboard, Driftwood Frames for pictures and Mirrors.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Handmade in India: A Geographic Encyclopaedia of India Handicrafts. Abbeville press; 1<sup>st</sup> edition (October 20,2009)
- 2. Encyclopaedia of Card making Techniques (Crafts), Search Press Ltd, illustrated edition, 2007.
- 3. All about Techniques in Illustration, Barron Educational Series, 2001.
- 4. Printing by Hand: A Modern Guide to printing with Handmade stamps, Stencils and Silk Screens, STC Craft/A Melanie Falick Book, 2008.
- 5. Materials & Techniques in the Decorative Arts: An Illustrated Dictionary, University of Chicago Press, 2000.
- 6. https://www.marthastewart.com/274411/fashion-crafts.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 22OFT02 INTERIOR DESIGN IN FASHION

#### **Course Objectives**

- To impart knowledge on interior design.
- To improve the design skills, sustainable with socially-conscious designs

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PSO1. Interpret trends, decipher fashion movements, apply the knowledge of elements of design and Gestalt theory of visual perception; and incorporate sustainable decisions into their design artworks, fashion products and accessories.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Interpret the elements of interior design concepts and resolve the personality requirements
- 2. Develop graphical representations of interior design concepts
- 3. Resolve the space planning requirements of residential home as per CPWD guidelines
- 4. Determine the aesthetic requirements of interior design components.
- 5. Appraise the roles and responsibilities of interior designer.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2	3			1							2	
2	3	2	3		2	3		2					3	
3	3	3	3		2	2		2					2	
4	3	3	3		2	3		2					2	
5	3	2			2			3					3	

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### 9 Hours

#### INTRODUCTION

Interior designing - definition, importance, requirements and types - Structural design, Decorative Design -Designing interiors, Good taste; Design themes, types and application. Personality of the Home - Art elements - Line: types, characteristics and importance; form: size and shape, characteristics; Colour - sources, qualities, emotional effects, colour wheel and schemes.

#### UNIT II GRAPHICAL PRESENTATIONS

3D composition; Isometric and Axonometric- Still life- Furniture Sketching- Object Drawing with colour rendering - Interior elements, Lighting, plants. Perspective, Axonometric Isometric drawing. Orthographic Projection - Lifts and escalators.

#### UNIT III

#### **SPACE PLANNING**

Space planning concepts- interiors, circulation. Definition, application of ergonomic principals in interiors. Residential house space planning case study- CPWD guidelines. Lighting for different locations and activities, measurement, ventilation and indoor air quality, noise control methods.

#### UNIT IV

#### INTERIOR COMPONENTS

Application of colour in interiors; Texture - types and significance; Pattern: types and effects; Light - importance. Importance of Furniture Design for Interiors- Ancient Age / Middle Age / Contemporary. Doors, Windows, Staircase designs, False Ceiling, Partitions, Wall Panelling, Comics, Mosaic, Cladding- Flooring and Wall Cladding

#### UNIT V

#### **ROLES AND RESPONSIBILITIES OF INTERIOR DESIGNER**

Role of an Interior Designer- Responsibility towards society and need of an Interior Designer to better the environment- Ethics and Code of Conduct- Responsibility towards client, contractor and supplier, Estimation. Professional Fees- Work of an Interior Designer- Making of portfolio, JD Annual Design Awards.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Joanna Gaines, Homebody: A guide to creating spaces you never want to leave, Harper design, 2018.
- 2. Erin gates, Elements of Style: Designing a Home and a life, Simon and Schuster, 2014.
- 3. Simon Dodsworth, The Fundamentals of Interior Design, AVA publishing, 2009.
- 4. V. Mary. Knackstedt, The Interior Design Business Handbook: A Complete Guide to Profitability, Wiley, New Jersey; 2006.
- 5. M. G. Shah, C. M. Kale, and S.Y. Patki, Building Drawing with an Integrated Approach to Build Environment, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 6. Https://eclectictrends.com

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 22OFT03 SURFACE ORNAMENTATION

#### **Course Objectives**

- To familiarize the students about the various techniques of surface embellishment with relevance to garment embellishments.
- To aware of various types of embroidery and methods of producing it.
- To make the students confident about doing surface embellishment work.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO5.Modern Tool Usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modelling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

PO8.Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PSO1. Interpret trends, decipher fashion movements, apply the knowledge of elements of design and Gestalt theory of visual perception; and incorporate sustainable decisions into their design artworks, fashion products and accessories.

PSO2. Articulate design aesthetics, communicate product values, collaborate across disciplines as member and leader; and envision solutions in fashion systems: design, technology, production and management.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Analyze the raw material requirements for surface ornamentation and its application.
- 2. Implement hand embroidery stitches on fabric and show the stitch development procedure in diagrammatic representations.
- 3. Apply the machine and computerized embroidery stitches.
- 4. Analyze the surface embellishment techniques and its application.
- 5. Assess the quality maintenance parameters of all embroidered products and analyze the 6 traditional embroidery techniques.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	3	2					1						
2	2	3	2						2				2	2
3	2	3	2		3								2	2
4	2	2	2						2				2	2
5	2	2	2						2					2

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### INTRODUCTION TO SURFACE ORNAMENTATION

Introduction, Definition, Need, Types, Raw materials, Importance of surface ornamentation, Selection of needle, thread and fabric for hand embroidery and machine embroidery. various methods of surface embellishment- embroidery and surface ornamentation.

#### UNIT II

#### HAND EMBROIDERY

General rules for hand embroidery. Types of hand embroidery stitches-Running, Couching, Button hole, Satin, Long & Short, Wheat, Chain, Stem, Herringbone, Cross stitch, Knotted stitches, Fish bone, Fly stitch, Braids, Back, Hem, Seed, Needle weaving, Whip stitches.

#### UNIT III

#### **MACHINE EMBROIDERY**

General rules for machine embroidery. Types of frames and methods of transferring the designs. Attachments to sewing machines for embroidery, Types of machine embroidery stitches- Eyelet work, Cut work, patch work, Mirror work, Applique, Shaded embroidery, Shadow work, Bead and Sequins work, Vermicelli, Zigzag, Granite stitch. Computerized embroidery machine- Concept of design and development, software used in embroidery machines, process of designing, method and types of stitch application, punching and digitizing.

#### UNIT IV

#### **EMBELLISHMENT TECHNIQUES**

Materials used and Applications. Types of embellishment techniques- fabric painting-hand, Stencildabbing and Spraying. Dyeing and printing-advanced tie and dye techniques, batik and block printing. Trimmings and decorations-Laces, Pompons, Fringes, Tassels, Tucks, Show buttons, Crocheting.

#### UNIT V

#### TRADITIONAL EMBROIDERIES OF INDIA AND CARE

Care and maintenance of embroidered articles-care and maintenance methods for embroidered apparel, pressing. Traditional Embroideries of India-Phulkari, Kasuti, Kashmiri embroidery, Kutch work, Chikkankari, Kantha.

#### Total: 45 Hours

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Ruth Chandler, Modern Hand Stitching-Dozens of stitches with creative free-form variations,2014
- 2. Sophie Long, Mastering the Art of Embroidery: Traditional Techniques and Contemporary Applications for Hand and Machine Embroidery, Heritage Publishers, London, 2013
- 3. Christen Brown, Embroidered & Embellished, C&T Publishing, 2013
- 4. Sheila Paine, Embroidered Textiles, Thames and Hudson Publisher, UK, 1990.
- 5. Gail Lawther, Inspirational Ideas for Embroidery on Clothes & Accessories, Search Press Ltd, UK, 1993.
- 6. http://www.needlenthread.com/tag/hand-embroidery-stitches.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

# 9 Hours

#### 22OPH01 NANOMATERIALS SCIENCE

#### **Course Objectives**

- Impart knowledge on Nanoscience
- Explore different techniques of producing nanomaterials
- Create expertise on the applications of nanomaterials in various fields

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Summarize the origin and advance of nanomaterials and its classification
- 2. Compare the different types of methods adopted for synthesizing nanomaterials
- 3. Analyze the characterization techniques for analyzing nanomaterials
- 4. Explain the physical properties exhibited by nanomaterials
- 5. Organize the nanomaterials developed for advanced technological applications

Articulation	Matrix
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CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	1	1												
2	2	2												
3	3	1												
4	1	1												
5	2	3												

#### UNIT I NANO SCALE MATERIALS

Introduction-Feynman's vision-national nanotechnology initiative (NNI) - past, present, future - classification of nanostructures, nanoscale architecture - effects of the nanometer length scale - changes to the system total energy, and the system structures- effect of nanoscale dimensions on various properties -differences between bulk and nanomaterials and their physical properties.

#### UNIT II

#### NANOMATERIALS SYNTHESIS METHODS

Top-down processes - mechanical milling, nanolithography and types based on radiations - Bottom-up process physical method: physical vapour deposition, RF sputtering, CVD- chemical method: colloidal and sol-gel methods - template based growth of nanomaterials - ordering of nanosystems, self-assembly and self-organization.

#### 223

#### 9 Hours

#### **CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES**

General classification of characterization methods - analytical and imaging techniques - microscopy techniques - electron microscopy, scanning electron microscopy, transmission electron microscopy, atomic force microscopy - diffraction techniques - X-ray spectroscopy - thermogravimetric analysis of nanomaterials.

#### UNIT IV

#### SEMICONDUCTOR NANOSTRUCTURES

Quantum confinement in semiconductor nanostructures - quantum wells, quantum wires, quantum dots, super lattices-epitaxial growth of nanostructures-MBE, metal organic VPE, LPE - carbon nano tubes-structure, synthesis and electrical properties -applications- quantum well laser- quantum efficiency of semiconductor nanomaterials

#### UNIT V

#### NANOMACHINES AND NANODEVICES

Microelectromechanical systems (MEMS) and Nanoelectromechanical systems (NEMS)-fabrication, actuators-organic FET- principle, description, requirements, integrated circuits- single electron transistor - - organic photovoltaic cells- spintronics

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Willam A. Goddard, Donald W.Brenner, "Handbook of Nanoscience, Engineering, and Technology", CRC Press, 2012.
- 2. Charles P. Poole Jr and. Frank J. Owens, "Introduction to Nanotechnology", Wiley Interscience, 2007.
- 3. Guozhong Cao, Y. Wang, "Nanostructures and Nanomaterials-Synthesis, Properties & Applications", Imperials College Press, 2011.
- 4. T. Pradeep, "NANO: The Essentials Understanding Nanoscience and Nanotechnology", McGraw Hill Education (India) Ltd, 2012.
- 5. Robert W. Kelsall, Ian W. Hamley, Mark Geoghegan, "Nanoscale Science and Technology", John Wiley and Sons Ltd, 2006.
- Viswanathan B, AuliceScibioh M, "Fuel cells: Principles and Applications", University Press, 2009.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

#### **Course Objectives**

- Impart knowledge in physical properties of semiconducting materials
- Analyze the factors affecting the operation of semiconductor devices
- Apply the physics of semiconductors to develop semiconductor devices

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Exemplify the band gap, drift and diffusion current densities due to carrier transport in semiconductors
- 2. Analyze the energy band diagram in thermal equilibrium and space charge width of PN junction
- 3. Illustrate the operation of Bipolar Junction transistor at different modes and different configurations
- 4. Illustrate the operation of metal oxide field effect transistor and their memory devices
- 5. Represent the working mechanism of opto-electronic devices

Articulation <b>M</b>	Iatrix
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CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1												
2	2	1												
3	2	1												
4	2	1												
5	2	1												

#### UNIT I

#### 9 Hours

#### ENERGY BANDS AND CARRIER TRANSPORT PROPERTIES

Energy Bands: Formation of energy bands - doping effects - energy levels - electron and hole concept in semiconductor. Carrier transport: Carrier drift-drift current density - conductivity- diffusion current density - total current density

#### UNIT II

#### **P-N JUNCTION**

Basic structure and fabrication process of p-n junction - current - voltage characteristics - energy band diagram - equilibrium Fermi levels - depletion region - junction breakdown phenomena - zener - avalanche breakdown.

#### **BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTOR**

Memory structures - DRAM and SRAM

#### UNIT V

UNIT IV MOSFET

#### **PHOTONIC DEVICES**

Radiative transitions and optical absorption-light emitting diodes-organic LED - infrared LED - semiconductor laser - temperature effect - photo detector - photo diode - silicon and compound semiconductor solar cells - efficiency

The basic transistor action - operation in the active mode - current gain - static characteristics - carrier distribution in emitter, base and collector region - modes of operation - current - voltage characteristics of common base and emitter configuration - frequency response and switching of bipolar transistor.

The ideal MOS diode - basic fundamentals and characteristics - types - CMOS and BiCMOS - CMOS inverter - MOSFET on insulator - thin film transistor (TFT) - silicon on insulators (SOI) devices - MOS

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Donald A Neamen, "Semiconductor Physics and Devices", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.
- 2. S. M. Sze and M. K. Lee, "Semiconductor Devices, Physics and Technology", John-Wiley & Sons, 2015.
- 3. Ben. G. Streetman and S. K. Banerjee, "Solid State Electronic Devices", Pearson Education Ltd, 2015.
- 4. C. Kittel, "Introduction to Solid State Physics", John-Wiley & Sons, 2012.
- 5. J. Millman and C. Halkias, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Tata McGraw Hill, 2010.
- 6. Hagen Klauk, "Organic Electronics: Materials, Manufacturing and Applications", Wiley-VCH, 2006.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

## 9 Hours

**Total: 45 Hours** 

#### 22OPH03 APPLIED LASER SCIENCE

#### **Course Objectives**

- Impart knowledge on laser science
- Explore different strategies for producing lasers
- Create expertise on the applications of lasers in various fields

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Illustrate the transition mechanisms and the components of a laser system.
- 2. Compare the different types of lasers based on pumping method, active medium and energy levels.
- 3. Compute the rotation of earth, velocity and distance using lasers and apply the same for day today applications.
- 4. Analyze the role of lasers in surgical and endoscopy applications.
- 5. Apply the laser techniques in industrial applications.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1												
2	1	2												
3	2	1												
4	2	1												
5	1	2												

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### 9 Hours

#### LASER FUNDAMENTALS

Introduction - principle - absorption and emission of light - thermal equilibrium - Einstein's prediction - Einstein's relations - A and B coefficients - condition for large stimulated emission - spontaneous and stimulated emission in optical region - light amplification - condition for light amplification - population inversion- Components of lasers - pumping methods - pumping mechanisms - optical resonator.

#### UNIT II

#### LASER BEAM CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPES

Characteristics of laser - Classification of lasers - principle, construction, working, energy level diagram and applications of molecular gas laser (CO2 laser) - liquid laser (dye laser) - excimer laser - Solid state laser (Nd: YAG laser) - semiconductor laser (homojunction laser).

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

## UNIT IV

#### LASERS IN MEDICINE AND SURGERY

Light induced biological hazards: Eye and skin - Eye laser surgery - photocoagulations - homeostasis - dentistry - laser angioplasty - different laser therapies - advantages & disadvantages - laser endoscopy.

#### UNIT V

#### LASERS IN INDUSTRY

Applications in material processing: laser welding - hole drilling - laser cutting - Lasers in electronics industry: information storage - bar code scanner- Lasers in defence: laser based military weapons - laser walls.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. K. Thiyagarajan and A. K. Ghatak, "LASERS: Fundamentals and Applications", Springer, USA, 2015.
- 2. M. N. Avadhanulu, "An Introduction to Lasers Theory and Applications", S. Chand Publisher, 2013.
- 3. W. Koechner, M. Bass, "Solid State Lasers: a graduate text", Springer Verlag, New York, 2006.
- 4. K. P. R. Nair, "Atoms, Molecules and Lasers", Narosa Publishing House, 2009.
- 5. K. R. Nambiar, "Lasers: Principles Types and Applications", New Age International Publications, 2006.
- 6. A. Sennaroglu, "Solid-State Lasers and Applications", CRC Press, 2006.

#### UNIT III

#### LASERS IN SCIENCE

Introduction - Harmonic generation (SHG) - Stimulated Raman emission - lasers in chemistry - laser in nuclear energy - lasers and gravitational waves - rotation of the earth - measurement of distance - Light detection And Ranging (LIDER) - velocity measurement – holography.

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#### 9 Hours

**Total: 45 Hours** 

#### 22OPH04 BIO-PHOTONICS

#### **Course Objective:**

- To understand the light-matter interaction in biological cells or tissues by using the principles of optics and lasers.
- To apply the properties of biological cells or tissues in biomedical applications by various optical imaging, sensing and activation techniques.
- To analyze the concepts of Modern optical measurement techniques and devices in early detection of disease and cure them.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Infer the laws of optics and lasers to interpret the biological cells and tissues.
- 2. Identify the properties of different optical instruments in biological systems to represent their behavior in structure and design of detection engineering instruments.
- 3. Use laser tweezers techniques to infer the activities of cells (tissues) and explain the single molecule detection processes in medical diagnosis.
- 4. Outline the properties of ultra short laser pulses and tissue engineering to rectify the affecting factors in biological cells.
- 5. Compare the various types of bio-imaging methods to detect the infected cells and molecules in biological science.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	2												
2	3	2												
3	3	2							3					
4	3	2							3					
5	3	2												

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### 9 Hours

#### **INTRODUCTION TO BIOPHOTONICS**

Light as Photon Particles – Coherence of light - lasers – classification of lasers – Mechanisms of Nonlinear Optics (NLO) processes associated with Biophotonics - Light scattering mechanisms: Rayleigh scattering, Miescattering, Brillouin Scattering, Raman Scattering -Different light sources – Quantitative description of light: Radiometry

#### 230

#### UNIT II PHOTOBIOLOGY

Interaction of light with cells and tissues – Light – Tissue Interaction Variables – Light –Tissue Interaction Theory: Radiative Transport Theory – Photo process in biopolymers – In Vivo Photoexcitation – photo-induced physical, chemical, thermal and mechanical effects in biological systems – Optical biopsy – Single molecule detection

#### UNIT III

#### **BIO-NANO-PHOTONICS**

Laser Microtools, Semiconductor quantum dots for bioimaging, Metallic nanoparticles and nanorods for biosensing – Optical biosensors: Fibre-Optic, evanescent wave, surface Plasmon resonance (SPR) based biosensors – biomaterials for photonics – Principle and design of laser tweezers – laser trapping and dissection for biological manipulation.

#### UNIT IV

#### **TISSUE ENGINEERING WITH LIGHT**

Basics of tissue optics: Light absorption and scattering in tissues, Wavelength effects and spectra– the therapeutic window, Light penetration in tissues – Absorbing agents in tissues and blood –Skin optics, response to the UV radiation, Optical parameters of tissues – tissue welding – tissue contouring – tissue regeneration – Femto laser surgery – low level light therapy and photo dynamic therapy

#### UNIT V

**Reference**(s)

#### **BIO-IMAGING TECHNIQUES AND ITS APPLICATIONS**

An overview of optical imaging – Fluorescence Microscopy – Scanning Microscopy – In vivo Confocal Microscopy – Multi photon Microscopy – Optical Coherence Tomography (OCT) – Fluorescence Resonance Energy Transfer (FRET) imaging – fluorescence lifetime imaging Microscopy (FLIM) – Nonlinear optical imaging – Coherent Anti-stokes Raman Scattering –Bioimaging Applications.

#### Total: 45 Hours

- 1. Introduction to Biophotonics, ParasN.Prasad, Wiley Inter-science, A John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Publication (Class notes are developed mainly based on this book.)
- 2. Introduction to Biomedical Imaging, Andrew G.Webb, 2002, IEEE Press.
- 3. Biomedical Optics: Principles and Imaging, Lihong.V.Wang, Hsin.-I. Wu, 2007, Wiley Interscience 2007. & "An Introduction to Biomedical Optics", R. Splinter and B.A.Hooper, Taylor & Francis.
- 4. Bioimaging Current Concepts in Light and Electron Microscopy, Douglas E. Chandler & Robert W.Roberson, Jones and Bartlett publishers.
- **5.** Optical Imaging and Microscopy: Techniques and Advanced Systems, Peter Török and Fu-JenKao, 2004, Springer.

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

#### 22OPH05 PHYSICS OF SOFT MATTER

#### **Course Objectives**

- To recognize the properties of soft matter and hard matter
- To understand the fundamental interactions of colloids and gels
- To explain the structure and phase behaviour of liquid crystals and supramolecules
- To summarize the soft matter properties of structures and components of life

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Identify the salient features of soft matter and hard matter.
- 2. Exemplify the fundamental interactions and stability of colloids and gels.
- 3. Illustrate the structure and properties of liquid crystals.
- 4. Outline the aggregation and phase behaviour of surfactants, polymers, copolymers and block copolymers.
- 5. Analyze the soft matter behaviour of nucleic acids, proteins, polysaccharides and membranes.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1												
2	2	1												
3	2	2												
4	2	2												
5	2	2												

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### **CONDENSED MATTER**

Intermolecular forces-Condensation and freezing-mechanical response: Hookean solid-Newtonian liquid-viscoelasticity. Glasses: relaxation time-viscosity- glass forming liquids. Soft matter: length scales-fluctuations and Brownian motion.

#### UNIT II

#### **COLLOIDAL DISPERSIONS & GELS**

Forces between colloidal particles: Vander Waals forces-electrostatic double layer forces-steric hindrance-depletion interactions. Stability and phase behaviour: Crystallisation-strong colloids-weak colloids. Physical and chemical gels-classical theory of gelation-elasticity of gels.

#### 231

#### 9 Hours

#### LIQUID CRYSTALS

Liquid crystal phases-distortions and topological defects-electrical and magnetic properties-polymer liquid crystals-Fredricks transition and liquid crystal displays

#### UNIT IV

#### SUPRAMOLECULAR SELF ASSEMBLY

Aggregation and phase separation-types of micelles- bilayers and vesicles. Phase behaviour of concentrated surfactant solutions-phase separation in polymers, copolymers and block copolymers

#### UNIT V

#### SOFT MATTER IN NATURE

Components and structures of life-Nucleic acids-proteins-interaction between proteins-polysaccharides-membranes

#### References

1. Richard A L Jones, Soft Condensed Matter, Oxford University Press, UK, 2002.

2. Masao Doi, Soft Matter Physics, Oxford University Press, UK, 2013.

3. Ian W. Hamley, Introduction to Soft Matter, John Wiley & Sons, 2007.

4. A. Fernandez-Nieves, A M Puertas, Fluids, Colloids and Soft materials: An Introduction to Soft Matter Physics, John Wiley & Sons, 2016.

5. Maurice Kleman, Oleg D. Lavrentovich, Soft Matter Physics: An Introduction, Springer-Verlag, New York, 2003.

#### 9 Hours

#### Total: 45 Hours

#### 9 Hours

#### 22OCH01 CORROSION SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

3003

9 Hours

7 Hours

#### **Course Objectives**

- Analyse the loss incurred due to corrosion in different sectors and terminologies related to corrosion.
- Identify forms and types of corrosion with suitable mechanism.
- Apply various methods of corrosion control, corrosion testing and monitoring.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Explain if corrosion can occur under specific operating conditions in a given equipment or construction and indicate regions of immunity, corrosion and passivity of a metal.
- 2. Compare different corrosion types on metals when exposed to air, water and at high temperatures (> 100 C).
- 3. Identify the corrosion mechanism on steel, iron, zinc and copper metal surfaces.
- 4. Calculate the rate of corrosion on metals using electrochemical methods of testing.
- 5. Propose the correct materials, design and operation conditions to reduce the likelihood of corrosion in new equipment and constructions.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1												
2	2						1							
3	1	3												
4	2	2												
5	3	3					1							

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### CORROSION

Importance of corrosion - spontaneity of corrosion - units of corrosion rate (MDD and MPY) - direct and indirect damage by corrosion - importance of corrosion prevention in industries - Pilling Bedworth ratio and its significance - passivation - area relationship in both active and passive states of metals - Pourbaix diagrams of Mg, Al and Fe and their advantages and disadvantages.

#### UNIT II

#### **TYPES OF CORROSION**

Eight forms of corrosion: uniform, galvanic, crevice corrosion, pitting, intergranular corrosion, selective leaching, erosion corrosion and stress corrosion-Catastrophic oxidation corrosion.

#### **MECHANISM OF CORROSION**

Hydrogen embrittlement - corrosion fatigue - filiform corrosion - fretting damage and microbes induced corrosion. Corrosion mechanism on steel, iron, zinc and copper metal surfaces.

#### UNIT IV

#### CORROSION RATE AND ITS ESTIMATION

Rate of corrosion: Factors affecting corrosion. Electrochemical methods of polarization: Tafel extrapolation polarization and linear polarization. Weight loss method - testing for intergranular susceptibility and stress corrosion. Non-destructive testing methods: Visual testing - liquid penetrant testing - magnetic particle testing - Ultrasonic monitoring, and eddy current testing.

#### UNIT V

#### **CORROSION CONTROL METHODS**

Fundamentals of cathodic protection - types of cathodic protection (sacrificial anodic and impressed current cathodic protection). Stray current corrosion, problems and its prevention. Protective coatings: Metal coatings: Hot dipping (galvanizing, tinning and metal cladding) - natural inhibitors. Selection of suitable design for corrosion control.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

## **Reference**(s)

- 1. Mouafak A. Zaher, "Introduction to Corrosion Engineering", CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2016.
- 2. E. McCafferty, "Introduction to Corrosion Science", Springer; 2010 Edition, January 2010.
- 3. R. Winstone Revie and Herbert H. Uhlig, "Corrosion and Corrosion Control: An Introduction to Corrosion Science and Engineering", 4th Edition, John Wiley & Science, 2008.
- 4. Mars G. Fontana, "Corrosion Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, Singapore, 2008.
- 5. David E.J. Talbot (Author), James D.R. Talbot, "Corrosion Science and Technology", Second Edition (Materials Science & Technology), CRC Press; 2nd Edition, 2007.
- 6. http://corrosion-doctors.org/Corrosion-History/Eight.html.

#### 9 Hours

#### **10 Hours**

#### 22OCH02 POLYMER SCIENCE

#### **Course Objectives**

- Explain the properties of different polymers with its mechanism
- Select the appropriate polymerization techniques to synthesize the polymers
- Identify suitable polymers for various industrial applications

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Illustrate the types of mechanism of polymerization reactions and analyze the natural and synthetic polymers.
- 2. Identify the suitable polymerization techniques to synthesize the high-quality polymers.
- 3. Identify the structure, thermal, and mechanical properties of polymers for different applications.
- 4. Apply the polymer processing methods to design polymer products.
- 5. Analyze the polymers used in electronic and biomedical applications.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	2	1												
2	1	2												
3	2	2												
4	1	1	2											
5	1	3	2											

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### **POLYMERS AND ELASTOMERS**

Classification of polymers - Mechanism: Addition polymerization - free radical, cationic, anionic and co-ordination (Ziegler-Natta) polymerization - copolymerization - condensation polymerization (nylon-6,6) -ring opening polymerization (nylon-6). Elastomers: Natural rubber and synthetic rubber: styrene -butadiene rubber (SBR), butyl, neoprene, thiocol rubbers. High performance polymers: polyethers, polyether ether ketone (PEEK), polysulphones and polyimides.

#### **POLYMERIZATION TECHNIQUES**

Homogeneous and heterogeneous polymerization - bulk polymerization (PMMA, PVC) - solution polymerization - polyacrylic acid, suspension polymerization (ion-exchange resins) - emulsion polymerization (SBR) - advantages and disadvantages of bulk and emulsion polymerization. Melt solution and interfacial poly-condensation.

#### UNIT III

#### CHARACTERIZATION AND TESTING

Characterization of polymers by Infrared Spectroscopy (IR) and Nuclear Magnetic Spectroscopy (NMR) - Thermal properties: TGA and DSC - Testing tensile strength - Izod impact - Compressive strength - Rockwell hardness - Vicot softening point - water absorption.

#### UNIT IV

#### POLYMER PROCESSING

Moulding: Compression - injection - extrusion and blow mouldings. Film casting - calendaring. Thermoforming and vacuum formed polystyrene - foamed polyurethanes. Fibre spinning: melt, dry and wet spinning. Fibre reinforced plastics fabrication: hand-layup - filament winding and pultrusion

#### UNIT V

#### SPECIALITY POLYMERS

Preparation and properties of heat resistant and flame-retardant polymers. Polymers for electronic applications: liquid crystalline, conducting and photosensitive polymers – E waste management. Polymer for biomedical applications: artificial organs, controlled drug delivery, Scaffolds in tissue Engineering –waste management.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. V. R. Gowarikar, N. V. Viswanathan and Jayadev Sreedhar, "Polymer Science", New Age International (P) Ltd., New Delhi, 2021.
- 2. Joel R. Fried, "Polymer Science and Technology", Prentice Hall of India (P). Ltd., 2014.
- 3. F. W. Billmeyer, "Text Book of Polymer Science", John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2008.
- 4. Barbara H. Stuart, "Polymer Analysis", John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2008.
- 5. George Odian, "Principles of Polymerization", John Wiley & Sons, New York, 2004.
- 6. R. J. Young and P. A. Lovell, "Introduction to Polymers", CRC Press, New York, 2011.
- 7. Common Biocompatible Polymeric Materials for Tissue Engineering and Regenerative Medicine (2019), Materials Chemistry and Physics https://doi.org/10.1016/j.

#### 8 Hours

#### 8 Hours

9 Hours

#### **10 Hours**

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### 22OCH03 ENERGY STORING DEVICES

#### **Course Objectives**

- Compare the energy density of commercialized primary and secondary batteries.
- Classify the fuel cells and compare their efficiency in different environmental conditions.
- Demonstrate the various energy storage devices and fuel cells.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Find the parameters required for operation of a cell to evaluate the capacity of energy storage devices.
- 2. Identify the electrodes, electrolyte and cell reactions of different types of primary, secondary batteries and infer the selection criteria for commercial battery systems with respect to commercial applications.
- 3. Differentiate fuel cells based on its construction, production of current and applications.
- 4. Compare different methods of storing hydrogen fuel and its environmental applications.
- 5. Classify the solar cell based on the materials used in it.

#### Articulation Matrix

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2
1	3	1												
2	2	3					1							
3	3	1												
4	2	2					1							
5	3	3					1							

#### UNIT I

#### **BASICS OF CELLS AND BATTERIES**

Components - classification - operation of a cell - theoretical cell voltage - capacity - specific energy - energy density of lithium and lead acid battery - charge efficiency- charge rate - charge retention - closed circuit voltage - open circuit voltage current density - cycle life - discharge rate-over charge-over discharge.

#### BATTERIES FOR PORTABLE DEVICES AND ELECTRIC VEHICLES

Primary batteries: zinc-carbon - magnesium, and mercuric oxide - recycling/safe disposal of used cells. Secondary batteries: lead acid - nickel-cadmium - lithium-ion batteries - rechargeable zinc alkaline battery. Reserve batteries: Zinc-silver oxide - lithium anode cell - photo galvanic cells. Battery specifications for cars and automobiles. Extraction of metals from battery materials.

#### UNIT III

#### **TYPES OF FUEL CELLS**

Importance and classification of fuel cells: Description, working principle, components, applications and environmental aspects of the following types of fuel cells: alkaline fuel cells - phosphoric acid - solid oxide - molten carbonate and direct methanol fuel cells.

#### UNIT IV

#### HYDROGEN AS A FUEL

Sources and production of hydrogen: Electrolysis and photocatalytic water splitting. Methods of hydrogen storage: High pressurized gas - liquid hydrogen type - metal hydride. Hydrogen as engine fuel - features, application of hydrogen technologies in the future – limitations.

#### UNIT V

#### **ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT**

Future prospects of renewable energy and efficiency of renewable fuels - economy of hydrogen energy. Solar Cells: First, second, third and fourth generation solar cell - photo biochemical conversion cell.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. N. Eliaz, E. Gileadi, Physical Electrochemistry, Fundamentals, Techniques and Applications, Wiley, 2019.
- 2. J. Garche, K. Brandt, Electrochemical Power sources: Fundamentals Systems and Applications, Elsevier, 2018.
- 3. S.P. Jiang, Q. Li, Introduction to Fuel Cells, Springer, 2021.
- 4. A. Iulianelli, A. Basile, Advances in Hydrogen Production, Storage and Distribution, Elsevier, 2016.
- 5. M.M. Eboch, The Future of Energy, From Solar Cells to Flying Wind Farms, Capstone, 2020.

#### **10 Hours**

#### 10 Hours

#### 10 Hours

#### 22OMA01 GRAPH THEORY AND COMBINATORICS

#### **Course Objectives**

- This course comprehends the graphs as a modelling and analysis tool in computer science & Engineering.
- It introduces the structures such as graphs & trees and techniques of counting and combinations, which are needed in number theory-based computing and network security studies in Computer Science.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems. PO2.Problem Analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Recognize the basic ideas of Graph and its characteristics.
- 2. Assess the characteristics of trees and its properties.
- 3. Predict the colouring of graphs and its applications in the respective areas of engineering.
- 4. Compute the permutations and combinations in the engineering field.
- 5. Demonstrate the types of generating functions and their applications in engineering.

#### Articulation Matrix

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	1	2													
2	1	3													
3	2	3													
4	2	3													
5	3	3													

## UNIT I

#### INTRODUCTION

Graphs - Introduction - Isomorphism - Sub graphs - Walks, Paths, Circuits - Connectedness - Components - Euler graphs - Hamiltonian paths and circuits - Trees - Properties of trees - Distance and centers in tree - Rooted and binary trees.

#### UNIT II

#### TREES, CONNECTIVITY

Spanning trees - Fundamental circuits - Spanning trees in a weighted graph - cut sets - Properties of cut set - All cut sets - Fundamental circuits and cut sets - Connectivity and separability - Network flows - 1-Isomorphism - 2-Isomorphism - Combinational and geometric graphs - Planer graphs - Different representation of a planer graph.

#### 239

#### 9 Hours

#### MATRICES, COLOURING AND DIRECTED GRAPH

Chromatic number - Chromatic partitioning - Chromatic polynomial - Matching - Covering - Four colour problem - Directed graphs - Types of directed graphs - Digraphs and binary relations - Directed paths and connectedness - Euler graphs.

#### UNIT IV

#### PERMUTATIONS

Fundamental principles of counting - Permutations and combinations - Binomial theorem - combinations with repetition - Combinatorial numbers - Principle of inclusion and exclusion - Derangements - Arrangements with forbidden positions.

#### UNIT V

#### **GENERATING FUNCTIONS**

Generating functions - Partitions of integers - Exponential generating function - Summation operator - Recurrence relations - First order and second order - non-homogeneous recurrence relations - Method of generating functions.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Narsingh Deo, Graph Theory: With Application to Engineering and Computer Science, Prentice Hall of India, 2003.
- 2. Grimaldi R.P., Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics: An Applied Introduction, Addison Wesley, 1994.
- 3. Rosen K.H., Discrete Mathematics and Its Applications, McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 4. Clark J. & Holton D.A., A First Look at Graph Theory, Allied Publishers, 1995.
- 5. Mott J.L., Kandel A. & Baker T.P., Discrete Mathematics for Computer Scientists and Mathematicians, Prentice Hall of India, 1996.
- 6. Liu C.L., Elements of Discrete Mathematics, McGraw Hill, 1985.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

# 9 Hours

**Total: 45 Hours** 

#### 22OGE01 PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT

#### **Course Objectives**

- To develop cognizance about importance of management principles.
- Extract the functions and responsibilities of managers.
- To Study and understand the various HR related activities.
- Learn the application of the theories in an organization.
- Analyze the position of self and company goals towards business.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

PO11.Project Management and Finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Students will be able to understand the basic concepts of Management.
- 2. Have some basic knowledge on planning process and its Tools & Techniques.
- 3. Ability to understand management concept of organizing and staffing.
- 4. Ability to understand management concept of directing.
- 5. Ability to understand management concept of controlling.

#### **Articulation Matrix**

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1									2		3				
2									2		2				
3									2		2				
4									3		2				
5									2		2				

#### UNIT I

#### INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONS

Definition of Management Science or Art Manager Vs Entrepreneur-types of managers -Managerial roles and skills Evolution of Management Scientific, Human Relations, System and Contingency approaches Types of Business organization - Sole proprietorship, partnership, Company - public and private sector enterprises - Organization culture and Environment Current Trends and issues in Management.

#### UNIT II

#### PLANNING

Nature and purpose of planning - Planning process - Types of planning – Objectives - Setting objectives - Policies - Planning premises - Strategic Management - Planning Tools and Techniques - Decision making steps and process.

#### 241

#### 9 Hours

#### ORGANISING

Nature and purpose – Formal and informal organization - Organization chart - Organization Structure Types - Line and staff authority - Departmentalization - Delegation of authority - Centralization and decentralization - Job Design - Human Resource - Management - HR Planning, Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development, Performance Management, Career planning and management.

#### UNIT IV

#### DIRECTING

Foundations of individual and group behaviour - Motivation-Motivation theories - Motivational techniques - Job satisfaction - Job enrichment - Leadership-types and theories of leadership - Communication-Process of communication - Barrier in communication Effective Communication-Communication and IT.

#### UNIT V

#### CONTROLLING

System and process of controlling - Budgetary and non-Budgetary control techniques - Use of Computers and IT in Management control - Productivity problems and management - Control and Performance-Direct and preventive control - Reporting.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

- Reference(s)
  - 1. Robbins S, Management, (13th ed.), Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2017.
  - 2. Stephen A. Robbins and David A. Decenzo and Mary Coulter, Fundamentals of Management, Pearson Education, 7th Edition, 2011.
  - 3. Robert Kreitner and Mamata Mohapatra, Management, Biztantra, 2008.
  - 4. L. M. Prasad, Principles and Practice of Management. 7th Edition, Sultan Chand & Sons, 2007.
  - 5. P. C. Tripathi and P. N. Reddy, Principles of Management, Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2008.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

#### CO PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO10 PO11 PO12 PSO1 PSO2 PSO3 No 1 2 3 4 5

#### UNIT I

#### BASICS OF ENTREPRENEURSHIP

Nature, scope and types of Entrepreneurships, Entrepreneur Personality Characteristics, Entrepreneurship process. Role of entrepreneurship in economic development

#### **UNIT II**

#### **GENERATION OF IDEAS**

Creativity and Innovation, Lateral Thinking, Generation of Alternatives, Fractional, Reversal Method, Brain Storming, Analogies

#### 22OGE02 ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT I

#### **Course Objectives**

- Learn the basics and scope of the Entrepreneurship
- Understand the generation of ideas of the Entrepreneurship •
- Evolve the legal aspects of the business •
- Learn to analyze the various business finance ٠
- Learn the basics of the Operations Management •

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO6. The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Analyze the role of entrepreneurship in economic development.
- 2. Explain the types of ideas that to be used for entrepreneurship development.
- 3. Examine the legal aspects of business and its association.
- 4. Examine the sources of business and its analysis.
- 5. Analyse the different modes of operation management.

		1	2	2				
		1	2	2				
		1	2	2				
		1	2	2				
		1	2	2				
NIT I							9 H	ours

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### 9 Hours

#### 3003

#### LEGAL ASPECTS OF BUSINESS

# Contract act-Indian contract act, Essential elements of valid contract, classification of contracts, sale of goods act-Formation of contract of sale, negotiable instruments- promissory note, bills and cheques, partnership, limited liability partnership (LLP), companies act-kinds, formation, memorandum of association, articles of association.

#### UNIT IV

#### **BUSINESS FINANCE**

Project evaluation and investment criteria (cases), sources of finance, financial statements, break even analysis, cash flow analysis.

#### UNIT V

#### **OPERATIONS MANAGEMENT**

Importance – functions - deciding on the production system - facility decisions: plant location, plant layout (cases), capacity requirement planning - inventory management (cases) - lean manufacturing, Six sigma.

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Hisrich, Entrepreneurship, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi: 2005.
- 2. Prasanna Chandra, Projects Planning, Analysis, Selection, Implementation and Reviews, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi: 2000.
- 3. Akhileshwar Pathak, Legal Aspects of Business, Tata McGraw Hill: 2006.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

22OGE03 ENTREPRENEURSHIP DEVELOPMENT II

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

**Course Objectives** 

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PO6.The Engineer and Society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO9.Individual and Teamwork: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Examine the strategies and plans in marketing management.
- 2. Analyse the cases involved in human resource management.
- 3. Classify the direct and indirect taxes in business.
- 4. Analyze the supports given by government for improving the business.
- 5. Examine the various steps involved in preparing the business plan.

Evolve the marketing mix for promotion the product / services.

Understand the Government industrial policies and supports.

Handle the human resources and taxation.

Learn to analyze the taxation.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1						1	2		2						
2						1	2		2						
3						1	2		2						
4						1	2		2						
5						1	2		2						

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### MARKETING MANAGEMENT

Marketing environment, Segmentation, Targeting and positioning, Formulating marketing strategies, Marketing research, marketing plan, marketing mix (cases).

#### **UNIT II**

#### HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT

Human Resource Planning (Cases), Recruitment, Selection, Training and Development, HRIS, Factories Act 1948 (an over view).

#### 3003

#### 9 Hours

#### **BUSINESS TAXATION**

Direct taxation, Income tax, Corporate tax, MAT, Tax holidays, Wealth tax, Professional tax (Cases). Indirect taxation, Excise duty, Customs, Sales and Service tax, VAT, Octroi, GST (Cases).

#### UNIT IV

#### **GOVERNMENT SUPPORT**

Industrial policy of Central and State Government, National Institute - NIESBUD, IIE, EDI. State Level Institutions - TIIC, CED, MSME, Financial Institutions.

#### UNIT V

#### **BUSINESS PLAN PREPARATION**

Purpose of writing a business plan, Capital outlay, Technical feasibility, Production plan, HR plan, Market survey and Marketing plan, Financial plan and Viability, Government approvals, SWOT analysis.

#### Total: 45 Hours

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Hisrich, Entrepreneurship, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi: 2005.
- 2. Philip Kotler., Marketing Management, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi: 2003.
- 3. Aswathappa K, Human Resource and Personnel Management Text and Cases, Tata McGraw Hill: 2007.
- 4. Jain P C., Handbook for New Entrepreneurs, EDII, Oxford University Press, New Delhi: 2002.
- 5. Akhileshwar Pathak, Legal Aspects of Business, Tata McGraw Hill: 2006.
- 6. http://niesbud.nic.in/agencies.html.

#### 9 Hours

## 9 Hours

9 Hours

#### 10

#### 220GE04 NATION BUILDING, LEADERSHIP AND SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

#### **Course Objectives**

- To understand the importance of National Integration, Patriotism and Communal Harmony.
- To outline the basic awareness about the significance of soft skills in professional and interpersonal communications and facilitate an all-round development of personality.
- To analyze the different types of responsibility role of play for the improvement of society.

#### **Programme Outcomes (POs)**

PO1.Engineering Knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.

PO3.Design/ Development of Solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.

PO7.Environment and Sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.

PO12.Life-long Learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

#### **Course Outcomes (COs)**

- 1. Understand religo-cultural diversity of the country and its impact on the lives of the people and their beliefs.
- 2. Acquire a sense of responsibility, smartness in appearance and improve self-confidence.
- 3. Develop the sense of self-less social service for better social & community life.
- 4. Apply the importance of Physical and Mental health and structure of communication organization and various mode of communication.
- 5. Acquire awareness about the various types of weapon systems in the Armed Forces.

CO No	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12	PSO1	PSO2	PSO3
1	2		1				1					3			
2	2		2				2					2			
3	2		1				1					2			
4	2		3				3					3			
5	2		1				1					2			

#### **Articulation Matrix**

#### UNIT I

#### NATIONAL INTEGRATION

Importance & Necessity, Factors Affecting National Integration, Unity in Diversity. Threats to National Security. Water Conservation and Rain Harvesting, Waste Management and Energy Conservation. Leadership Capsule-Traits-Indicators-Motivation-Moral Values-Honor Code-Case Studies: Shivaji, Jhansiki Rani, Case Studies–APJ Abdul kalam, Deepa Malik, Maharana Pratap, N Narayan Murthy Ratan Tata Rabindra Nath Tagore, role of NCC cadets in 1965 war.

247

#### PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT AND LEADERSHIP

Intra & Interpersonal skills - Self-Awareness- &Analysis, Empathy, Critical & creative thinking, Decision making and problem solving, Communication skills, Group Discussion – copping with stress and emotions, changing mindset, Public Speaking, Time Management, Social skills, Career counselling, SSB procedure and Interview skills.

#### UNIT III

#### SOCIAL SERVICE, COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT AND ENVIRONMENTAL AWARENESS

Basics of social service and its need, Types of social service activities, Objectives of rural development programs and its importance, NGO's and their contribution in social welfare, contribution of youth and NCC in Social welfare. Protection of children & women safety, Road/ Rail Travel Safety, New initiatives, Cyber and mobile security awareness. Disaster management Capsule-Organization-Types of Disasters-Essential Services-Assistance-Civil Defence Organization

#### UNIT IV

#### HEALTH, HYGIENE AND COMMUNICATION

Sanitation, First Aid in Common Medical Emergencies. Health, Treatment and Care of Wounds. Yoga-Introduction, Definition, Purpose, Benefits. Asanas-Padamsana, Siddhasana, Gyan Mudra, Surya Namaskar, Shavasana, Vajrasana, Dhanurasana, Chakrasana, Sarvaangasana, Halasana etc.

Obstacle Training Contact: Obstacle training - Intro, Safety measures, Benefits, Straight balance, Clear Jump, Gate Vault, Zig Zag Balance, High Wall etc.

Communication: Basic Radio Telephony (RT) Procedure-Introduction, Advantages, Disadvantages, Need for standard- Procedures-Types of Radio Telephony Communication-Radio telephony procedure, Documentation.

#### UNIT V

#### ARMED FORCES AND NCC GENERAL

Introduction to Digital Signal Processors- Basic Classification-Features TMS320C6713 Architecture-Functional Unit-Pipelining- Addressing Modes -Instruction set Simple Assembly Language Program.

#### **Total: 45 Hours**

#### **Reference**(s)

- 1. Director General NCC Website: <u>https://indiancc.nic.in/ncc-general-elective-subject-course-design/.</u>
- 2. Grooming Tomorrow's Leaders, published by DG, NCC. https://indiancc.nic.in/.
- 3. Youth in Action, published by DG, NCC. https://indiancc.nic.in/.
- 4. The Cadet, Annual Journal of the NCC. https://indiancc.nic.in/.
- 5. Précis Issued by respective Service Headquarters on specialized subject available to PI Staff as reference material. https://indiancc.nic.in/.

#### 9 Hours

#### 9 Hours

9 Hours